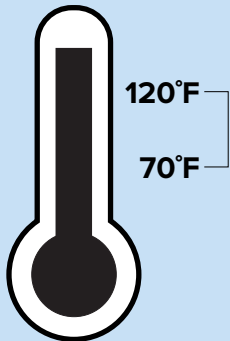


LEGIONELLA

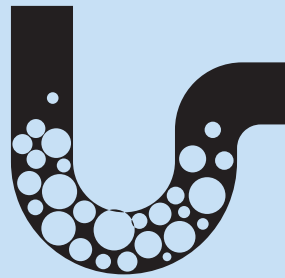
Find it.

Legionella bacteria in building plumbing systems can cause pneumonia, particularly in people 50 years or older, smokers, and those with chronic health conditions. Building owners, managers, and maintenance staff should know where *Legionella* can grow in your water system and how to find it. Ongoing monitoring at your facility will help prevent problems before they occur.

IDENTIFY HIGH-RISK AREAS



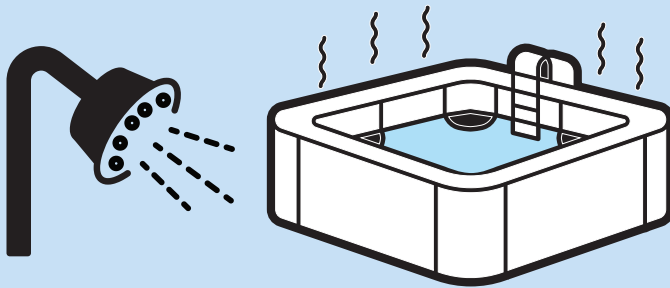
Legionella grows in warm water.



Legionella grows where water is stagnant and inside pipes.

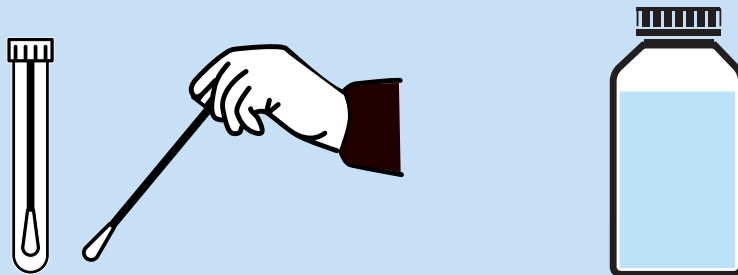


Legionella spreads in underused and under-maintained water systems.



Legionella grows in water fixtures such as shower wand hoses, spa and fountain surfaces, and filters.

TEST REGULARLY



Sampling water may not be enough! Consider adding swabbing to your routine water sampling.



Department of Health

LEGIONELLA

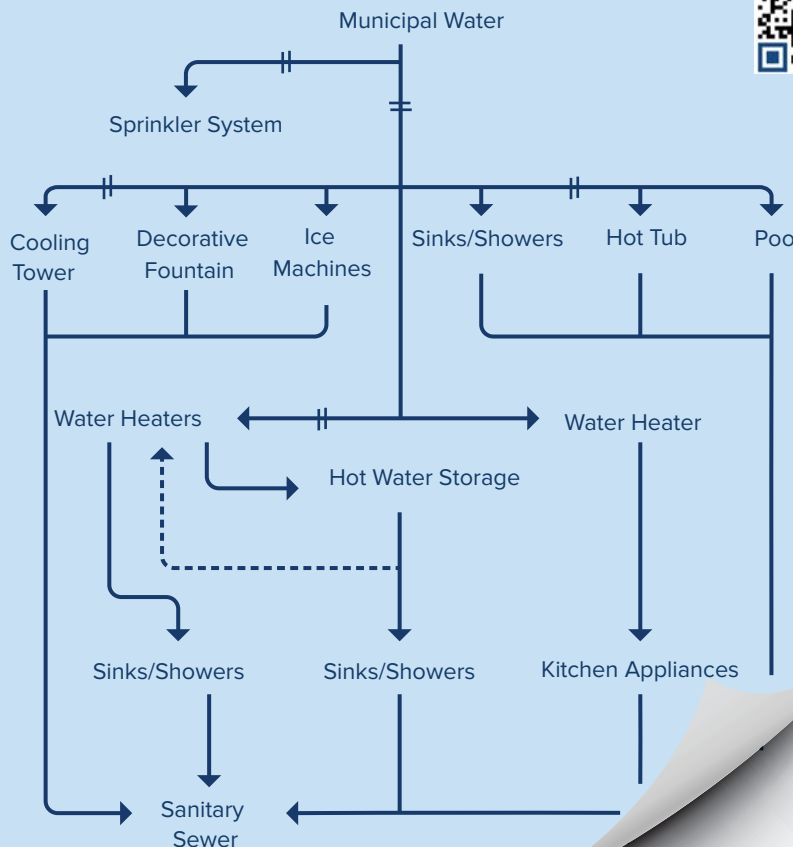
Manage it.

Proper maintenance reduces *Legionella* in water systems. Building owners, managers, maintenance staff, water consultants, and laboratories all have a role in a facilities water management program to minimize *Legionella* growth.

PLUMBING DESIGN & WATER USE

Review the plumbing design and water use of your facilities. Diagrams may help to identify and manage areas of highest risk.

CDC resources for *Legionella* Water Management Programs



ROLES & CONTACTS

Know roles and contact information for all members of your building maintenance and water team, including your water treatment consultant and your *Legionella* lab.

TEMPERATURE & TREATMENT

Monitor water temperatures and disinfectant levels throughout your system.

END-POINT CONTROLS

Implement regular flushing and proper maintenance of faucets, ice machines, and other endpoints, following manufacturer specifications.

REMEDIATION PLAN

Don't wait for an emergency to discuss remediation options with your water treatment consultant.