

New York State Medicaid Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board Meeting Summary for September 17, 2015

The Medicaid DUR Board met on Thursday, September 17, 2015 from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM Meeting Room 6, Concourse, Empire State Plaza, Albany, New York

An archived audio cast of the meeting proceedings is available on the Department of Health website: http://www.health.ny.gov/events/webcasts/

A. Welcome and Introductions

Department of Health Janet Zachary-Elkind Robert Correia, PharmD Anthony Merola, RPh, MBA John Naioti, RPh

DUR Board Lisa Anzisi, PharmD Leigh Briscoe-Dwyer, PharmD Donna Chiefari, PharmD Marla Eglowstein, MD James Hopsicker, RPh, MBA John McIntyre, MD

SUNY – University at Buffalo Holly Coe, PharmD Irene Reilly, PharmD

(Audio Cast Time 00:04 - 03:18)

Alda Osinaga, MD Robert Sheehan, RPh Monica Toohey, RPh

Jadwiga Najib, PharmD Paula Panzer, MD Asa Radix, MD James Saperstone, MD William Scheer, RPh John Wikiera

Barbara Rogler, PharmD, MS

Magellan Medicaid Administration Eileen Zimmer, PharmD, MBA

B. Public Comment Period

(Audio Cast Time 03:18 - 00:44:30)

The following speakers provided public comment to the board:

- 1. Robert Kaslovsky, MD Albany Medical College 2. Jeffery Olson, PharmD Gilead Sciences, Inc Laura Bartels Pharm.D. 3.
 - Otsuka America Pharm.

Inhaled Antibiotics **Inhaled Antibiotics** Antipsychotics

4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Wendy Burch Edmond Amyot, M.D. Alan Chant, RPh Rob Picone, RPh, PhD Jonathan Beach, MD Anthony Wheeler, PhD	NAMI-NYS NYS Psychiatric Association Sanofi US Medical Affairs Novo Nordisk Inc. Private Practice Eli Lilly and Company	Antipsychotics Antipsychotics Insulin- Rapid Acting Insulin- Rapid Acting Insulin- Rapid Acting Insulin- Rapid Acting			
10.	Anthony Wheeler, PhD	Eli Lilly and Company	Platelet Inhibitors			
11.	Marisa Winther, PharmD	AstraZeneca	Platelet Inhibitors			
12.	Warren Wexelman, MD	Am. Heart Assn. of Brooklyn	Platelet Inhibitors			
13.	Adam Bloomfield MD FAAP	AstraZeneca	palivizumab			
14.	Paul Skodny, PharmD,MBA	Amgen	PCSK9 Inhibitors			
	erred Drug Program (PDP) en Zimmer, PharmD, MBA	Clinical Reviews (A	Audio Cast Time 0:44:30 - 2:04:50)			
Robert Correia, PharmD						
1.	Inhaled AntibioticsInitial Review		(Audio Cast Time 0:45:02)			
2.	 Antipsychotics - Second Ge New Product: Rexulti New clinical informatio label revisions. 	(Audio Cast Time 0:57:43) is, FDA communications,				
3.	 Anabolic Steroids – Topical New Products: Natesto, Vogelxo New clinical information: FDA communications. 		(Audio Cast Time 1:08:16)			
4.	 Insulin- Rapid Acting New Product: Afrezza New clinical information: FDA communications and 		(Audio Cast Time 1:17:57) d practice guidelines.			
5	Platalat Inhibitors		(Audio Cast Timo 1:30:36)			
5.	 5. Platelet Inhibitors (Audio Cast Time 1:3) New Product: Zontivity New clinical information: expanded indications, label revisions, FDA communications, and practice guidelines. 					
6.	Agents for Actinic Keratosis Initial Review 		(Audio Cast Time 1:48:31)			

D. DUR Program Updates

Evaluation of Long-Acting Opioid (LAO) Editing

The board discussed Medicaid paid claims vs. cash payment, increased utilization with regard to influx of new patients, and details concerning patient plan transitioning. The board also discussed prior authorization associated with duplicative LAO therapy, the potential for multiple prescribers, and the potential decreasing burden on prescribers by combining two monitoring systems into one. The board questioned prior authorization denials and alternative medication prescribed, commented that managed care utilization for naïve LAO users seemed more appropriate than in fee-for-service, and inquired about the claim denial procedure for duplicative LAO claims.

E. Executive Session (Recess to Excessive Session Audio Cast Time 2:35:13)

The board recessed the public session at 12:00 PM to go into executive session for review of financial information relating to each of the PDP therapeutic classes under review. No official action was taken in the executive session. The board reconvened to the public session at 1:15 PM.

F. DUR Board Preferred Drug Program Recommendations

Based on the clinical and financial information, the board recommended the following to the Commissioner of Health for final determination:

Recommendations of DL	IR Board	Commissioner's Final Determination
Inhaled Antibiotics	Audio Cast Time 2:36:15	
Preferred Bethkis (tobramycin inha (tobramycin inhalation),		
Non-preferred TOBI Podhaler (tobramy solution (tobramycin inha	Approved as Recommended	
The Department recommended modified the Department's record be preferred.		

Antipsychotics - Second Generation Audio Cast Time 2:	41:12
Preferred Abilify (aripiprazole), clozapine, Fanapt (iloperidone), Late (lurasidone), olanzapine tab, quetiapine, risperidone, Sap (asenapine), Seroquel XR (quetiapine), ziprasidone	
Non-preferred aripiprazole, clozapine ODT, Clozaril (clozapine), FazaCl (clozapine), Geodon (ziprasidone), Invega (paliperidone), ODT, Rexulti (brexpiprazole), Risperdal (risperidone), Se (quetiapine), Versacloz (clozapine), Zyprexa (olanzapine)	olanzapine Recommended roquel
12 in favor -1 opposed - no	abstentions
The Department recommended Abilify remain non-preferred. The modified the Department's recommendation and recommended preferred.	
Anabolic Steroids – Topical Audio Cast Time 2:	43:36
Preferred Androgel (testosterone)	
Non-preferred Androderm (testosterone), Axiron (testosterone), Fortesta (testosterone), Natesto (testosterone), Testim (testosteron testosterone gel, Vogelxo (testosterone)	
Passed Ur	animously
Insulin – Rapid Acting Audio Cast Time 2:	44:14
Preferred Apidra, Humalog 100 U/ml, Novolog Non-preferred	Approved as Recommended
Afrezza, Humalog 200 U/ml Passed Unanimo	pusly

Platelet Inhibitors	Audio Cast Time 2:45:08	
 Preferred Aggrenox (aspirin/dipyridamole, dipyridamole, Effient (prasugre Non-preferred	antine (dipyridamole), Plavix	Approved as Recommended
	•	Approved as Recommended

G. Drug Utilization Reviews (DUR)

1. Topical Compounded Prescriptions

(Audio Cast Time 2:46:25)

The board reviewed compounded topical drug products submitted for reimbursement in the Medicaid Program for the period January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014. The presentation addressed the compliance of these compounds with State and Federal statutes as well as FDA or Compendia approval of drug products used in the compounding of the final product. The review found drugs in the classes of anticonvulsants, NSAIDS, and skeletal muscle relaxants, used in the compounding of topical preparations that did not have FDA approval or Compendia support for topical use. All appeared to be used in topical preparations for pain management. The review also noted the use of combined antifungal products in the compounding of topical preparations. Combinations of two or more antifungals do not have FDA approval resulting in the difficulty in determining the final topical products efficacy and safety. The report to the board recommended that a PA be considered for all compounded topical products as well as an educational mailing to practitioners notifying them of state and federal regulations regarding compounded drug products.

The DUR Board recommended the following: 3:37:52)

1. Prior authorization required to ensure that topical compounded preparations are FDA approved or compendia supported.

Passed Unanimously

2. Educational letter to practitioners notifying them of coverage requirements for topical compounded prescription - FDA approved or compendia supported for topical use.

Passed Unanimously

Note: The DUR Board suggested that in addition to provider communications, there should also be public notification regarding concerns related to topical use of drugs in compounded prescriptions.

2. Palivizumab

(Audio Cast Time 3:37:52)

The board reviewed the product palivizumab (Synagis). The purpose of the presentation was to evaluate the drugs utilization across the Medicaid population (fee-for-service (FFS) and Medicaid Managed Care) as well as to formulate standard recommendations to the Drug Utilization Board. A review of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection was presented focusing on the virus, patient risk factors, and the pharmacologic management of the disease. Comparison charts were used to differentiate the 2009 American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) guidance with the 2014 changes. A series of utilization charts were then presented to compare FFS use with Managed Care. Parameters identified in the charts included "in season" age use, claims per beneficiary by age as well as hospitalization data surrounding the use of palivizumab. Conclusions of the report described patient subgroups who should not receive palivizumab based upon risk factors as well as the changes between the 2009 and the new 2014 guidance recommendations. Recommendations were presented to the board which focused on dosing requirements during the RSV season as well as a summarized update of the clinical criteria for 2014.

The DUR Board recommended the following:

(Audio Cast Time 4:12:08 - 4:13:05)

Align coverage criteria with the most recent American Academy of Pediatrics palivizumab guidelines.

Passed Unanimously

3. Proprotein Convertase Subtilisin Kexin 9 (PCSK9) Inhibitors (Audio Cast Time 4:13:05)

The board reviewed proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 agents (PCSK9). The presentation characterized the place in therapy for these new agents and provided recommendations related to use. Background information was presented on hyperlipidemia and its management as well as compendia supported uses, pharmacology, safety and costs associated with this drug class. In discussing the place in therapy of this class the current American College of Cardiology and the American Heart Association (ACC/AHA) and National Lipid Association (NLA) guidelines were presented. Neither guidelines currently have recommendations on PCSK9 inhibitor use. Clinical trials for the two drugs in this class were presented to establish how both drugs were utilized prior to being marketed. Based upon the available literature, the report concluded the following: 1. Current ACC/AHA and NLA guidelines do not address this class, 2. The agents in this class are costly, 3. Beyond the trials, clinical experience with data outcomes are lacking, and 4. Peer reviewed guidelines advocate use of statins as first line therapy for the treatment of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD).

The following recommendations were presented for consideration by the board: 1. Diagnosis requirement (familial hyperlipidemia, ASCVD) identified in a 2 year period preceding the drug claim, and 2. Concurrent use of a statin or ezetimibe.

The DUR Board recommended the following:

(Audio Cast Time 5:02:58 - 5:23:42)

Diagnosis requirement:				
 Familial Hypercholesterolemia (heterozygous or homozygous) or 				
Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease	Passed Unanimously			
Require trial of statin therapy at maximum tolerated dosage	Passed Unanimously			
Require concurrent statin therapy	Passed Unanimously			

H. Final Comments and Adjournment

Audio Cast Time (5:23:52 - 5:25:00)

Janet Zachary-Elkind Anthony Merola, RPh, MBA

Meeting adjourned at 4:15 PM

I. Commissioner Final Determinations

The impact of the final determinations on the PDP is as follows:

State Public Health Population:

 Minimal effect on Medicaid beneficiaries, as a large majority of beneficiaries currently utilize preferred products. Non-preferred products remain available with prior authorization.

Program Providers:

 No impact on prescribers when utilizing preferred products. Prescribers, or their agents, will need to initiate the prior authorization process when ordering non-preferred products.

State Health Program:

 Annual gross savings associated with these therapeutic classes under the PDP are estimated at \$833,000. The savings are achieved through changes in utilization including the receipt of supplemental rebates from pharmaceutical manufacturers.