

Managed Long Term Care Plan (MLTC) New Enrollee Survey 2013/2014

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Executive Summary

Introduction

The Managed Long Term Care (MLTC) New Enrollee Survey is conducted to assess the level of satisfaction of members newly and mandatorily enrolled in MLTC plans. The primary purpose of the study is to provide the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) with information regarding member satisfaction with the quality, accessibility, and timeliness of services provided by MLTC plans as compared to services received through Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS).

At the time of survey initiation in 2013, there were three models of MLTC plans: 1) Partially capitated MLTC plans, 2) Program of All Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) plans, and 3) Medicaid Advantage Plus (MAP) plans. Partial MLTC plans are capitated for providing care management, community-based long term care services, and nursing home care. The PACE and MAP benefit packages include Medicare benefits. The MLTC program has continued to expand, and new plan types have either recently formed, or are in process, for dual eligible and enrollees with special needs.

The 2013/2014 survey asked members about their experience with their current MLTC plan to compare the quality and timeliness of providers and long-term care services with the quality and timeliness of providers/service since/before joining the health plan. Specific objectives were to determine whether:

- 1) MLTC enrollees are satisfied with the quality of service provided by their current MLTC plan.
- 2) The quality of health care and long-term care services received is better (or worse).
- 3) The timeliness of health care and long-term care services is better (or worse).
- 4) Access to providers (appointment availability) is better (or worse) for both routine and urgent visits.

Methodology

The survey mailing was conducted in two phases, the first in December 2013 and the second in March 2014. There was a continuous enrollment requirement for each of these phases, and if members met this requirement, they were eligible for inclusion in the sample. The survey sample consisted of 3,008 members that were randomly selected from the 24,535 eligible new enrollees in the three MLTC plan types in operation in 2013.

English, Spanish, Russian and Chinese versions were made available as applicable. Eighty-eight percent (88%) of the survey respondents were from NYC, and 63% of responses were returned in English. It should be noted that approximately 53% of the respondents consider English as their primary language, based upon SAAM data. Response rates varied by plan type (23% for partially capitated, 16% for PACE, and 29% for MAP).

Key Findings

MLTC Plan Evaluation

Approximately 95% of respondents felt that the health services they received have been at least the same or better since joining the MLTC plan. Approximately the same percentage (95%) of respondents felt that plan interventions to improve health outcomes (have fewer falls, assistance with medication, avoid a nursing home, manage illness) were at least the same or better since joining the plan.

Quality of Health Care and Long-Term Care Services

Members were asked to rate the quality of specific health care services, including both primary and long term care services, in comparison to the quality of these services before joining the health plan. Twenty four (24) providers of services were included; fourteen (14) of these services were considered to be highly utilized, with 200 or more respondents for each service. Approximately 91% of these respondents felt that the quality of the providers of these services was at least the same or better since joining the plan.

<u>Timeliness of Health Care and Long-Term Care Services</u>

Members were asked to compare how often the MLTC services were on time for selected providers and services with the timeliness of providers and services before joining the health plan. Eighteen services were included; nine (9) of these services were considered to be highly utilized, with 200 or more respondents for each service. Approximately 91% of these respondents felt that the timeliness of these services was at least the same or better since joining the plan.

Access to Providers

Approximately 96% of respondents felt that access to regular appointments with their Primary Care Provider (PCP) was at least the same or better since joining the plan (it should be noted that "Regular Doctor" was used in place of "PCP" in the survey that was sent to members). The same percentage (96%) felt that access to urgent PCP appointments was at least the same or better since joining the plan. Access to routine care for podiatrists and eye doctors was considered to be the same or better by approximately 93% of respondents, the same percentage of respondents considered access to urgent visits for these providers to be the same or better.

Recommendations

IPRO identified various opportunities based on survey outcomes, and has made recommendations as discussed below:

- a) Seventy-nine percent (79%) of respondents said questions were usually or always answered quickly. A total of 64% of respondents indicated that a care manager contacted them within one week of enrollment to explain plan services, and 8% of respondents indicated that a care manager never contacted them (Appendix, Table A1). Plans are required to identify a reasonable minimum required response time to enrollee/member contacts based on needs and request types.
- b) Eighty-six percent (86%) of respondents felt that access to a dentist and the ability to make routine or urgent appointments was at least the same or better since joining the plan. Thus, 14% of respondents indicated that access to regular and urgent appointments had worsened, with 17% indicating that the quality of their dental provider had also worsened. Dental networks should be reviewed closely by the MLTC plans for quality and access issues, based upon this survey as well as prior survey results.
- c) Managed Care Organization (MCO) contracts require that complaints/grievances are acknowledged within 15 days of notification. Of the respondents who reported a complaint or grievance, 43% indicated they had received a letter of acknowledgement within 15 days. These findings should be reviewed by plans to determine if any enhancements to complaint/grievance processes need to be made.
- d) Forty-three percent (43%) of respondents indicated that their level of involvement in care planning is better than it had been prior to enrollment, and 46% indicate that family and caregiver involvement is better. Family and/or caregiver involvement is the choice of the enrollee. Nevertheless, investigation into whether enrollees would like additional member, family and/or caregiver participation in care planning would appear to be warranted, based upon survey results.

Section One: Introduction

A) Background

Managed long-term care (MLTC) is a program that coordinates the delivery of long-term services to people who are chronically ill or disabled and who wish to stay in their homes and communities. These services, such as home care and adult day health care, are provided through managed long-term care plans that are certified by the New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH). The community-based long-term care services to which an enrolled member is entitled can be received through the MLTC plan the member has chosen. As New York transforms its long-term care system to one that ensures care management for all, enrollment in a MLTC plan may be mandatory or voluntary, depending on individual circumstances.

At the time of survey initiation in 2013, enrollment in an MLTC plan was mandatory for those who:

- Are dual eligible (eligible for both Medicaid and Medicare) and 21 years or older and need community based long-term care services for more than 120 days, and
- Reside in NYC or the counties of Nassau, Suffolk or Westchester.

Subsequent to the survey period, the number of counties with mandatory enrollment has increased.

Enrollment in an MLTC plan is voluntary for those who:

- Are dual eligible and are 18 through 20 years of age and need community based long term care services for more than 120 days and assessed as nursing home eligible.
- Are non-dual eligible and over 18 years of age and are assessed as nursing home eligible.

At the time of survey initiation there were three models of MLTC plans: 1) Partially capitated MLTC plans, 2) Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) plans and 3) Medicaid Advantage Plus (MAP) plans. Partial MLTC plans are capitated for providing care management, community-based long-term care services, and nursing home care. The PACE and MAP benefit packages include Medicare benefits.

The MLTC program has continued to expand and new plan types have either formed or are in process, for dual eligible and enrollees with special needs. Effective in 2015, Fully Integrated Duals Advantage (FIDA) plans have formed. These plans serve dually eligible individuals in need of 120 days of community based long term care services. The FIDA benefit package includes State plan Medicaid services, Medicare services, home and community based waiver services and behavioral health services.

This study assesses the level of satisfaction of members newly enrolled in MLTC plans from mandatory areas of New York State. While it was not possible to determine what percentage of enrollees was mandatorily enrolled, the sample consisted of enrollees who had not been in a MLTC plan any time between January 1, 2011 and September 1, 2012. The primary purpose of the study is to provide the NYSDOH with information regarding member satisfaction with the quality, accessibility, and timeliness of services provided by MLTC plans as compared to services received through Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS).

Satisfaction surveys are a key tool for understanding patient perception and improving the delivery of long term care services, and are integral to ongoing quality improvement efforts. On both federal and state levels,

programs continue to utilize and expand the use of consumer-driven data, based on consumer experiences, to improve the quality of health care delivered to the elderly and in many cases, chronically ill populations.

The MLTC program has expanded steadily since 2011 due to mandatory enrollment for certain Medicaid enrollees as described above. The NYSDOH has a history of conducting new enrollee surveys following expansions of mandatory Medicaid managed care and sought to continue this policy for the mandatory MLTC program. The major intent of this survey is to determine if the enrollees' perception of quality, timeliness and access to services has changed since joining their MLTC plan.

B) Objectives

The survey asked members about their experience with the quality and timeliness of providers and long-term care services with their current managed long-term care (MLTC) plan as compared to the quality and timeliness of providers/service since/before joining the health plan. The survey sample consisted of members residing in mandatory areas of New York State that were newly enrolled in these plans.

Specific objectives were to determine whether:

- 1) MLTC enrollees are satisfied with the quality of service provided by their current MLTC plan.
- 2) The quality of health care and long-term care services received is better (or worse) since joining their current MLTC plan.
- 3) The timeliness of health care and long-term care services is better (or worse) since joining their current MLTC plan.
- 4) Access to providers (appointment availability) is better (or worse) since joining their current health plan, for both routine and urgent visits.

Section Two: Methodology

A) Member Sample

The survey mailing was split into two phases, with a follow-up mailing for each. The inclusion criteria for each phase are as follows:

- Phase 1 Members enrolled in an MLTC plan between 9/1/12 and 5/1/13, as well as continuously enrolled through 10/13. There were 13,214 members who met these criteria, of which 1,528 were sampled (11.6%).
- Phase 2 Members enrolled in an MLTC plan between 6/1/13 and 8/1/13, as well as continuously enrolled through 12/13. There were 11,321 members who met these criteria, of which 1,480 were sampled (13.1%).
- Members were not enrolled in an MLTC plan between 1/1/11 and 9/1/12.

The NYSDOH provided a random sample for the survey, which consisted of 1,528 members from the entire Phase 1 eligible population and 1,480 members from the entire Phase 2 eligible population, totaling 3,008 members. These 3,008 members represent 12.3% of the total eligible population of 24,535. A file was provided to IPRO after sampling, and included the primary language for the enrollees based upon the primary language designations reported on the most recent SAAM submission. If the member's primary language was Spanish, Russian or Chinese, a survey was sent both in their primary language and in English. It should be noted that although 53% of members indicated a language other than English as their primary language (as per SAAM data), 63% of members returned a survey in English.

The Phase 1 mailing was conducted in December 2013, with a follow-up mailing in late February 2014, while the Phase 2 mailing took place in March 2014, with a follow-up mailing in May 2014. The survey was closed on June 27, 2014.

B) Data Collection Tool

The scannable survey instrument contained three (3) sections. The first section addressed members' general experience with their MLTC plan, which included questions on members' involvement (or their family members' involvement) in their plan of care, the courtesy and timeliness of the health plan when members called to ask a question(s) or to file a complaint or grievance. The second section included questions about the quality of specific health care and long-term care services, including both primary and long-term care services (whether covered by their plan or not). Members were asked to compare the quality of the services since joining the health plan with the quality of the services prior to joining the health plan. The second section also addressed members' perception of the timeliness of care provided by some key services, as well as timely access to regular and urgent appointments with providers since joining their health plan. The third section contained general questions about the members' physical and emotional status, e.g. contentment with quality of life, current state of health, and whether the member needed assistance in completing the survey.

English, Spanish, Russian, and Chinese versions of the survey were prepared and distributed. An English version of the survey was included with every non-English mailing. A copy of the English version of the survey can be found in Appendix C.

C) Composite Measures

Results are presented within the following domains:

- MLTC Plan Evaluation
- Quality of Health Care and Long Term Care Services
- Timeliness of Health Care and Long Term Care Services
- Access to Providers Making Regular and Urgent Appointments

Closely-related survey items were grouped together into composites to obtain a meaningful summary of member responses in each of the surveyed domains. The CAHPS®-accepted proportional scoring method¹ was applied resulting in the calculation of an average proportion of responses for each response category across all the questions that comprise a composite, excluding any missing data.

For ease of interpretation, some response categories were dichotomized. For example, the scores for the *Customer Service* composite, which is comprised of four (4) questions, is the proportion of members who responded "Always/Usually" and "Sometimes/Never", averaged across the 4 questions in the composite.

The following seven (7) composite measures were developed: *Customer Service, Complaints and Grievances, Improving Health Outcomes, Quality of Providers/Services, Timeliness of Providers/Services, Timely Access to Regular Appointments* and *Timely Access to Urgent Appointments*.

Section 4 provides a detailed description of each composite measure.

D) Subgroup Analyses

To understand how subsets of respondents may differ in their responses, bivariate tests of association were conducted between the key survey items (dependent variables) and demographic variables (independent variables). These were followed by binary or ordinal logistic regressions to measure the magnitude and the direction of the independent variables' association to each dependent variable.

E) Statistical Testing

Response categories such as "Not Applicable" and "Don't Know/Not Sure" were excluded from the denominator of each question. For statistical purposes and for ease of interpretation, survey items that contained several response options were re-coded into fewer categories when appropriate, for example, survey items that use the four-point scale "Always" "Usually" "Sometimes" and "Never" were re-coded to "Always/Usually" and "Sometimes/Never."

Pearson's chi-square test was employed to establish any bivariate associations between each dependent and the independent variables. For any significant associations observed, binary (for binary response variables) or ordinal (for ordinal response variables) logistic regressions were conducted, but including only associated independent variables in the model.

¹ Patient Experience Measures from the CAHPS® Clinician & Group Surveys, Appendix F: Applying the Proportional Scoring Method to Clinician & Group Survey Composites (https://cahps.ahrq.gov/surveys-guidance/cg/cgkit/1309 CG Measures.pdf), 2012.

The chance of a spurious statistically significant result increased due to the extensive number of survey items and the many statistical tests performed. To limit the likelihood of reporting significance when it does not exist, the Bonferroni correction for multiple analyses was applied, resulting in an adjusted significance level of p<0.001.

Section Three: Results

A) Response Rates

Of the 3,008 surveys that were mailed, 177 were returned as undeliverable due to either mailing address issues, the member was deceased or the member had dis-enrolled from MLTC. This yielded an adjusted population of 2,831. A total of 644 surveys were completed, yielding an overall response rate of 23%.

Tables 1, 1a and 2 provide a breakdown of the response rates for Phase 1 and Phase 2, as well as a summary of completed surveys by language. Response rates varied by language; English and Russian had the highest response rates (26%; 405/1,535 and 26%: 122/471, respectively), while Spanish and Chinese had the lowest (14%; 87/605 and 14%; 30/220, respectively) (Table 1a). Non-English responses comprised 37% (239/644) of all responses, the majority of which were Russian (19%; 122/644), followed by Spanish (14%; 87/644) and Chinese (5%; 30/644) (Table 2).

Table 3 displays survey response rates by plan type. The partially capitated product line comprised the largest component of the sample (94%; 2,659/2,831). Response rates varied by plan type, with MAP having the highest response rate (29%; 34/116), followed by partially capitated (23%; 601/2,659) and PACE (16%; 9/56).

Table 1: Survey Response Rate

	Phase 1		Phase 2		TOTAL	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Surveys mailed	1,528		1,480		3,008	
Less exclusions:	96	6.3%	81	5.5%	177	5.9%
Address issues	89	5.8%	<i>7</i> 3	4.9%	162	5.4%
Deceased	7	0.5%	7	0.5%	14	0.5%
No longer enrolled in MLTC	0	0.0%	1	0.1%	1	0.0%
Adjusted Population	1,432		1,399		2,831	
Completed surveys*	319	22%	325	23%	644	23%

^{*}Note that Response Rates = (# of completed surveys)/(# of survey mailed - # of exclusions).

Table 1a: Survey Response Rate by Language

	Pha	se 1	Phase 2		To	tal
	N	%	N	%	N	%
ENGLISH						
English Surveys Mailed	709		931		1640	
Less exclusions ¹	56	7.9%	49	5.3%	105	6.4%
Adjusted English Population	653		882		1535	
Completed English Surveys	177	27%	228	26%	405	26%
SPANISH						
Spanish Surveys Mailed	351		299		650	
Less exclusions ²	23	6.6%	22	7.4%	45	6.9%
Adjusted Spanish Population	328		277		605	
Completed Spanish Surveys	46	14%	41	15%	87	14%
RUSSIAN						
Russian Surveys Mailed	279		213		492	
Less exclusions ³	12	4.3%	9	4.2%	21	4.3%
Adjusted Russian Population	267		204		471	
Completed Russian Surveys	73	27%	49	24%	122	26%
CHINESE						
Chinese Surveys Mailed	189		37		226	
Less exclusions ⁴	5	2.6%	1	2.7%	6	2.7%
Adjusted Chinese Population	184		36		220	
Completed Chinese Surveys	23	13%	7	19%	30	14%

¹ Phase 1 and 2 English exclusions due to address issues (50 and 46, respectively) and members deceased (6 and 3, respectively).

Table 2: Response Breakdown by Language

	Phase 1			e 2	TO	ΓAL
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Adjusted Population	1,432		1,399		2,831	
Completed surveys received	319		325		644	
of which: English surveys received*	177	55.5%	228	70.2%	405	62.9%
Non-English surveys received	142	44.5%	97	29.8%	239	37.1%
of which: Chinese	23	7.2%	7	2.2%	30	4.7%
Russian	73	22.9%	49	15.1%	122	18.9%
Spanish	46	14.4%	41	12.6%	87	13.5%

^{*}It should be noted that the English responses include a portion of the members with a non-English primary language.

² Phase 1 and 2 Spanish exclusions due to address issues (23 and 21, respectively) and member deceased (1 in Phase 2).

³ Phase 1 and 2 Russian exclusions due to address issues (11 and 9, respectively) and member deceased (1 in Phase 1).

⁴ Phase 1 and 2 Chinese exclusions due to address issues (5 and 1, respectively).

Table 3: Survey Responses by Plan Type

Plan Type	Adjusted Population	No. of Respondents	Response Rate
Partially Capitated	2,659	601	23%
MAP	116	34	29%
PACE	56	9	16%
TOTAL	2,831	644	23%

B) Demographics of Survey Respondents

Two-thirds (67%) of the respondents were very much/quite a bit content with their quality of life. Twenty percent (20%) of respondents rated their current state of health as very poor/poor, 48% rated their health as fair, and 32% as very good/good.

Sixty percent of respondents indicated that they received help in completing the survey, the majority of whom received help from a family member (62%) or home care aide (22%).

Over half (55%) of the respondents had at least a high school diploma.

The members' region of residence and primary language were obtained from the enrollee file provided by NYSDOH. Eighty-eight percent of respondents were from NYC, while only 12% were from Rest of State (ROS). English was the primary language for 53% of the respondents, while the rest were Russian (21%), Spanish (20%) and Chinese (7%), respectively.

Respondent demographic tables can be found in Appendix A, Table A6-A7.

C) Domain 1: MLTC Plan Evaluation

Section 1 of the survey consisted of questions concerning new enrollees' experience since joining their MLTC plan.

Table 4 shows a summary of survey responses to MLTC Plan Evaluation questions. It should be noted that only the "top-box" or the most positive response categories are presented. Full frequency distribution tables can be found in Appendix A, Table A1. Results are as follows:

- Overall, a very high percentage of new enrollees felt that the health care services they received have been better (47%) or about the same (48%) since joining the health plan.
- Nine out of ten new enrollees that responded to the survey reported that their plan explained all of their services clearly (89%) and reported that their health plan asked to see all of their prescriptions and over-the-counter medicines (88%).
- Nearly two-thirds of these new enrollees (or their family member/caregiver) have called the plan with questions or for help (65%), the majority of whom were always/usually able to speak with a person quickly (75%), reported that the plan always/usually answered their questions quickly (79%), that they

were always/usually able to understand the answers (85%), and a large majority (93%) reported that they were always/usually treated with politeness and respect.

Thirty-eight percent of the new enrollees (or their family member/caregiver) have called the plan with a complaint or grievance, of whom 43% received a letter of acknowledgement from the plan within 15 days, 62% were always/usually satisfied with the response, and a high percentage (87%) reported that they were always/usually treated with politeness and respect. A total of 89% of members indicated that the plan explained all of their services clearly. Furthermore, 85% were able to understand the answers that were provided to them when calling the plan with questions or for help.

Table 4: MLTC Plan Evaluation

	4. IVILIC FIAII EVAIUACIOII		
Item	MLTC Plan Evaluation	N	%
	Since joining the health plan		
4	The plan has explained all of their services clearly	475	89.1%
	The health plan care manager contacted me within 1		
5	week to help me get the services I need	385	64.1%
	I or my family member/caregiver has called the plan		
7	with questions or for help	390	64.8%
	I was/we were always/usually able to speak with a		
8♦	person quickly	288	76.4%
	The plan always/usually answered questions		
9a ♦	quickly	294	78.6%
	I was/we were always/usually able to understand		
9b♦	the answers	318	84.8%
	I was/we were always/usually treated with		
10♦	politeness and respect	358	93.0%
	I or my family member/caregiver has called the plan		
11	with a complaint or grievance	224	37.8%
	I/we received a letter from the health plan		
	acknowledging the complaint or grievance within		
12♦	15 days	71	42.8%
	I was/we were always/usually satisfied with the		
13♦	response	111	62.4%
	I was/we were always/usually treated with		
14♦	politeness and respect	175	86.6%
	Someone from the health plan has asked to see all of		
	my prescriptions and over-the-counter medicines that		
15	I have been taking	495	88.4%
	My health care services have been better compared to		
17	the health care services before joining the plan	245	47.2%

[♦] Items based on skip pattern

Member and/or caregiver involvement in care planning is essential, to ensure that the care plan is specific to members' needs. Member and caregiver involvement in care planning fosters self care. The more that members participate in their care and have an understanding of their morbidities and needed services, the more they will be able to help themselves and work toward a common goal.

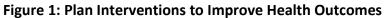
Table 5 shows that about 43% reported that their involvement in making decisions about their plan has been better since joining the health plan, while half (50%) of the new enrollees felt that their involvement in their plan of care has been about the same. Approximately 46% of the respondents also reported that their family members' and/or caregivers' involvement in their plan of care has been better since joining the health plan, while slightly over half (51%) of the new enrollees felt that their family members' and/or caregivers' involvement has been about the same.

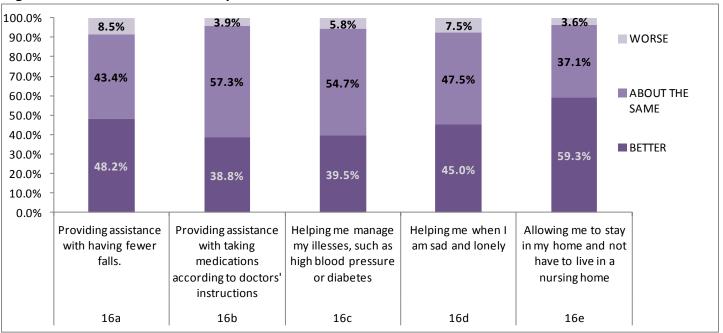
Table 5: Involvement in Plan of Care

Itam	tem Involvement in Plan of Care		RESPONSE CATEGORIES					
item	involvement in Plan of Care	BETTER		ABOUT THE SAME		WORSE		
	Comparison of experience (before/since joining	N	%	N	%	N	%	TOTAL
	the health plan):	IN	/0	19	/0	IN	/0	
	I have been involved in making decisions about							
6a	my plan of care	222	43.0%	258	50.0%	36	7.0%	516
	My family member(s)/caregiver has been							
	involved in making decisions about my plan of							
6b	care	237	46.3%	260	50.8%	15	2.9%	512

Section 1 of the survey also contained a set of questions, which asked members about plan interventions to help improve health outcomes such as fall prevention, medication management, self-management of chronic illnesses, management of depression, and services to support members so that they can maintain independent living for as long as possible (Questions 16a-e).

Figure 1 illustrates how a large majority of respondents indicated that assistance to improve health outcomes has been better or about the same since joining the health plan. A significant percentage of respondents felt that healthy plan assistance related to fall prevention (91%), medication management (96%), self-management of chronic illness (94%), management of depressive symptoms (92%), and maintaining independent living (96%) has been at least the same or better since joining the health plan.





D) Domain 2: Quality of Health Care and Long-Term Care Services

In Section 2A of the survey (Questions 18-39), members were asked about the quality of specific health care and long-term care services, including both primary and long-term care services (whether covered by their plan or not). Members were asked to compare the quality of the services they received with the quality of the services before joining the health plan. Twenty-four providers and services relevant to managed long-term care members were included in this section of the survey; however, only the responses for the most utilized providers and services are presented in Figure 2 below. Frequency distributions for all items can be found in Appendix A, Table A2. Results are as follows:

- Approximately 95% of the respondents felt that the quality of service provided by Home Health Aides/Personal Care Aides and Home Health agencies, Care Managers/Case Managers (94%), Transportation Services (87%), Medical Supplies & Equipment (88%) and Regular Visiting Nurse/Registered Nurse (91%) has been the same or better since joining their health plan.
- The percentage of respondents who reported that the quality of services was the same or better than before joining the plan was also high for their: PCP (96%), pharmacy services (96%), foot doctor (92%), eye care (90%), dentists (83%), and social workers (88%). It should be noted, though, that the following provider types had the lowest percentages of respondents indicating that quality is better since joining:
 - Foot doctor (32%)
 - Eye care (31%)
 - Dentist (30%)
- The percentage of new enrollees who felt that the quality of providers and services has been worse since joining their health plan ranged from a low of 4% (PCP) to a high of 17% (Dentist); therefore, the majority of new enrollees felt that the quality of providers or services has been better or about the same since joining the health plan.

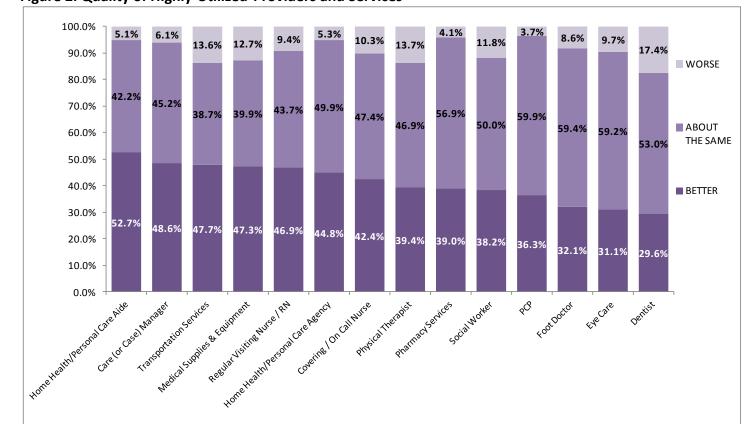


Figure 2: Quality of Highly-Utilized*Providers and Services

E) Domain 3: Timeliness of Health Care and Long Term Care Services

In Section 2B of the survey (Questions 40-53), respondents were asked to compare how often the MLTC services were on time for selected providers and services with the timeliness of providers and services before joining the health plan. Only the responses for the most utilized providers and services are presented in Figure 3 below. Frequency distributions for all items from this section of the survey can be found in Appendix A, Table A3.

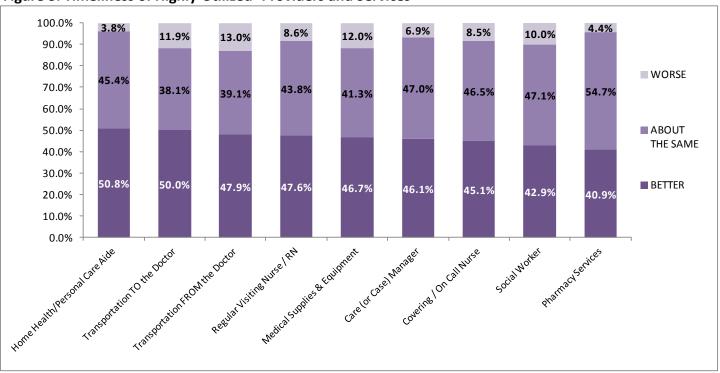
Similar to the Quality section, a large majority of new enrollees indicated that the timeliness of service has been better or about the same since joining their health plan, as demonstrated by the low percentage of new enrollees who responded that the timeliness of providers and services has been worse, which ranged from a low of 4% (Home Health/Personal Care Aides) to a high of 17% (Transportation from the Doctor). Other notable trends are as follows:

Out of all the highly-utilized providers, Home Health/Personal Care Aides (96%), Pharmacy Services (96%) and Care/Case Managers (93%) had the highest percentage of members who reported that the timeliness of service has been the same or better since joining the health plan.

^{*} Highly-utilized providers and services are defined as those with >200 valid responses. Frequency distributions for all providers and services in this section such as Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services, Nutritionists, Occupational Therapists, Day Health Center Activities, Audiology/ Hearing Aids, Meals served at the Day Health Center, Private Duty Nursing, Home Delivered Meals/Meals on Wheels, Speech Therapists and Nursing Homes are in Appendix A, Table A2.

- For those that utilized the following providers/services, the percentages indicating same or better were as follows:
 - Covering/On Call Nurse (92%)
 - Regular Visiting Nurse (91%)
 - Social Worker (90%)
 - Medical Supplies and Equipment (88%)
 - Transportation to the Doctor (88%)
 - Transportation from the Doctor (87%)
- Out of all the highly-utilized providers, Pharmacy Services had the highest percentage of members indicating that the timeliness of service has been about the same since joining the health plan (55%). It should be noted that within the sample, a smaller percentage of PACE and MAP respondents (39%) felt that timeliness was the same; with a larger percentage (57%) indicating that timeliness had improved (data not shown). Note that only PACE and MAP plans include pharmacy in their benefit packages. Pharmacy benefits for the partially capitated plans are provided through fee for service Medicaid, or through Medicare for dually eligible members.

Figure 3: Timeliness of Highly-Utilized* Providers and Services



^{*} Highly-utilized providers and services are defined as those with >200 valid responses. Frequency distributions for all providers and services in this section such as Physical Therapists, Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services, Transportation TO Day Center, Transportation FROM Day Center, Occupational Therapists, Audiology/Hearing Aids, Private Duty Nursing, Home Delivered Meals/Meals on Wheels, Speech Therapists are in Appendix A, Table A3.

F) Domain 4: Access to Providers

In Section 2C of the survey (Questions 54-64), members were asked to compare the waiting time between making office appointments (regular and urgent) and seeing a provider since joining the health plan. Frequency distributions for items from this section of the survey can be found in Appendix A, Table A4.

A large majority, roughly 60% of new enrollees indicated that the waiting time between making a regular appointment and actually seeing the provider has been about the same for these highly-utilized providers (Figure 4). A very similar trend was observed with regard to the waiting time for urgent appointments (Figure 5). Note that only MAP and PACE plans include PCPs in their benefit packages. About one-third of new enrollees felt that the waiting time for regular appointments with PCPs (36%), Foot Doctors (34%) and Eye Care providers (30%) has been better since joining the health plan, while only a quarter of new enrollees felt that the waiting time for regular appointments with Dentists (26%) was better since joining the health plan.

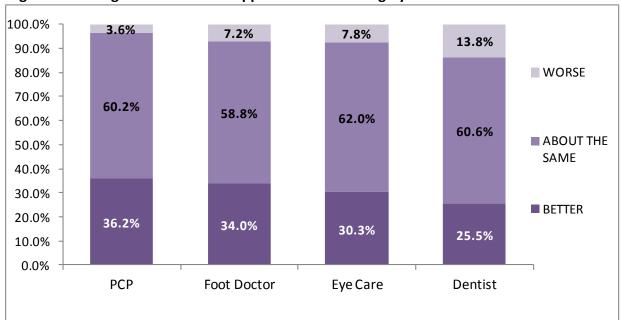


Figure 4: Making REGULAR Office Appointments with Highly-Utilized* Providers and Services

^{*} Highly-utilized providers and services are defined as those with >200 valid responses. Frequency distributions for all providers and services in this section such as Audiology/Hearing Aids and Outpatient Rehabilitation are in Appendix A, Table A4.

100.0% 4.8% 7.1% 7.8% 14.3% 90.0% WORSE 80.0% 70.0% 57.9% 59.1% 60.0% 60.0% 57.1% ABOUT THE 50.0% SAME 40.0% 30.0% ■ BETTER 20.0% 37.3% 33.8% 32.2% 28.6%

Figure 5: Making URGENT Office Appointments with Highly-Utilized* Providers and Services

Eye Care

Dentist

Foot Doctor

10.0%

PCP

^{*} Highly-utilized providers and services are defined as those with >200 valid responses. Frequency distributions for all providers and services in this section such as Audiology/Hearing Aids are in Appendix A, Table A5.

Section Four: Summarizing Survey Domains

To help summarize the findings for each of the surveyed domains, seven (7) composite measures were developed. It should be noted that only those members that responded to all the questions in the composite are included. The measures are defined as follows:

Composite 1:

Customer Service (4 questions) - Helpful, timely, and respectful customer service provided by MLTC plan when members had a question or needed

- Q8. The member or their family member was able to speak with a person quickly when they called the plan with a question or needed help.
- Q9a. The member or family member's questions were answered quickly when they called the plan with a question or needed help.
- Q9b. The member or family member was able to understand the answers when they called the plan with a question or needed help.
- Q10. The member or their family member was treated with politeness and respect when they called the plan with a question or needed help.

Composite 2:

Complaints and Grievances (2 questions) - Helpful, timely, and respectful customer service provided by current MLTC plan when members had a complaint or grievance.

- Q13. The member or their family member was satisfied with the response to their complaint or grievance.
- Q14. The member or their family member was treated with politeness and respect when they had a complaint or grievance.

Composite 3:

Improving Health Outcomes (5 questions) - Health plan assistance to improve health outcomes.

The health plan has been helpful in assisting the member with the following:

- Q16a. Having fewer falls.
- Q16b. Taking medications as prescribed by their doctor.
- Q16c. Managing their illness, such as high blood pressure or diabetes.
- Q16d. Helping them when they are feeling sad and lonely.
- Q16e. Allowing them to stay in their home and not have to live in a nursing home

DOMAIN 1

DOMAIN 2

DOMAIN 3

DOMAIN 4

Composite 4: Quality of Providers/Services (14 questions) - The quality of highly-utilized providers and services since joining the health plan.

- Q1. PCP
- Q19. Dentist
- Q20. Eye Care
- Q21. Foot Doctor
- Q22a. Home Health AIDE, Personal Care AIDE
- Q22b. Home Health AGENCY, Personal Care AGENCY
- Q23. Care Manager / Case Manager
- Q24a. Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse
- Q24b. Covering / On Call Nurse
- Q25. Physical Therapist
- Q28. Social Worker
- Q29. Medical Supplies & Equipment
- Q34. Transportation Services
- Q36. Pharmacy Services

Composite 5: Timeliness of Providers/Services (9 questions) - The timeliness of highly-utilized providers and services since joining the health plan.

- Q40. Home Health Aide / Personal Care Aide
- Q41. Care Manager / Case Manager
- Q42a. Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse
- Q42b. Covering / On Call Nurse
- Q46. Social Worker
- Q49. Medical Supplies & Equipment
- Q50. Pharmacy Services
- Q48c. Transportation TO the Doctor
- Q48d. Transportation FROM the Doctor

Composite 6: Timely Access to Regular Appointments (4 questions) - Getting timely regular appointments with highly-utilized providers since joining the health plan.

- Q54. PCP
- Q55. Dentist
- Q56. Eye Care
- Q57. Foot Doctor

Composite 7: Timely Access to Urgent Appointments (4 questions) - Getting timely urgent appointments with highly-utilized providers since joining the health plan.

- Q60. PCP
- Q61. Dentist
- Q62. Eye Care
- Q63. Foot Doctor

Table 6 shows the computed composite rates that summarize each domain.

An average of 83% of new enrollees reported that the health plan's customer service was always/usually helpful, timely, and respectful when they called with a question or needed help (Composite 1), while an average of 75% of new enrollees reported that the health plan was always/usually helpful, timely, and respectful when they called the plan with a complaint or grievance (Composite 2). A large majority of new enrollees reported that plan interventions to improve health outcomes has been better (46%) or about the same (48%) since joining the health plan (Composite 3).

A total of 41% felt that the overall quality of providers and services has been better since joining the health plan. On average, about half of the new enrollees felt that the overall quality of providers and services has been about the same since joining the health plan (Composite 4).

A similar percentage of new enrollees felt that the overall timeliness of providers and services has been better (46%) or about the same (45%) since joining the health plan (Composite 5).

About 60% of new enrollees felt that timely access to regular and urgent appointments has been about the same since joining the health plan (60% and 59%, respectively). One-third of new enrollees felt that access to timely regular or urgent appointments with providers has been better (32% and 33%, respectively) since joining the health plan (Composites 6 and 7).

Table 6: Composite Rates Summarizing Surveyed Domains

Composite 1	Always/Usually	Sometimes/Never	
Customer Service [Q8, Q9a, Q9b, Q10]	83.2%	16.8%	
Composite 2	Always/Usually	Sometimes/Never	
Complaints and Grievances [Q13, Q14]	74.5%	25.5%	
Composite 3	Better	About the Same	Worse
Improving Health Outcomes [Q16a-e]	46.2%	48.0%	5.8%
Composite 4	Better	About the Same	Worse
Quality of Providers/Services [Q18, Q19, Q20, Q21, Q22a, Q22b, Q23, Q24a, Q24b, Q25, Q28, Q29, Q34, Q36]	41.2%	49.5%	9.3%
Composite 5	Better	About the Same	Worse
Timeliness of Providers/Services [Q40, Q41, Q42a, Q42b, Q46, Q48c, Q48d, Q49, Q50]	46.4%	44.8%	8.8%
Composite 6	Better	About the Same	Worse
Timely Access to Regular Appointments [Q54, Q55, Q56, Q57]	31.5%	60.4%	8.1%
Composite 7	Better	About the Same	Worse
Timely Access to Urgent Appointments [Q60, Q61, Q62, Q63]	33.0%	58.5%	8.5%

Section Five: Subgroup Analyses

To understand how subsets of respondents may differ in their responses, bivariate tests of association were first conducted between key survey items and the member characteristic variables, which were followed by binary or ordinal logistic regressions to measure the magnitude and the direction of any statistically significant associations observed.

The dependent variables used in the analyses were the survey items that comprise the 7 composite measures, as well as Question 17, which asked members to compare health care services overall since joining the health plan.

The following member characteristic variables were used as the independent variables:

- Q65a. Level of contentment with quality of life (1=Very much/Quite a bit; 0=Somewhat/A little bit/Not at all)
- Q67. Highest level of education achieved (1=At least high school; 0=Less than high school)
- Primary Language (1=English; 0=Non-English)
- Region of residence (1=NYC; 0=ROS)

Please note that members' self-reported health status (Q66) was initially included as one of the independent variables; however, due to its collinearity with level of contentment with quality of life (Q65a), it could not be included in the analyses (Pearson correlation coefficient=0.49; P-value < 0.001).

The results from the tests for association and the logistic regressions can be found in Appendix B, Tables B1-B8. The following are significant trends observed from the analyses:

- The odds of reporting that the healthcare services received were better since joining the plan is 2.4 times greater for those who reported that they were very much/quite a bit content with their quality of life than those who were somewhat/a little bit/not at all content with their quality of life (Table B1).
- It could be inferred that Customer Service ratings are not dependent on member characteristics since none of the member characteristics variables were observed to be associated with the items in this composite (Table B2).
- The odds of reporting that they were always/usually satisfied with the response when they called the plan with a complaint or grievance is 2.9 times greater for those who were very much/quite a bit content with their quality of life than those who were somewhat/a little bit/not at all content with their quality of life (Table B3).
- The odds of reporting that they were always/usually satisfied with the response when they called the plan with a complaint or grievance is 3.3 times greater for those whose primary language is not English than those whose primary language is English. In addition, the odds of reporting that they were always/usually treated with politeness and respect when they called the plan for a complaint or grievance is 4.3 times greater for those whose primary language is not English than those whose primary language is English (Table B3).
- Level of contentment with quality of life was the only dependent variable that was found to be
 associated with any of the survey items included in the composites *Quality of Providers/Services*,
 Timeliness of Providers/Services, Timely Access to Regular Appointments and Timely Access to Urgent
 Appointments. Level of contentment with quality of life is positively associated with the majority of
 survey items in these composite measures, which implies that members whose quality of life is better

are more likely to respond more positively ("better") when asked to compare the *Quality of Providers/Services*, *Timeliness of Providers/Services*, *Timely Access to Regular Appointments* and *Timely Access to Urgent Appointments* since joining the plan.

Section Six: Conclusions and Recommendations

Overall survey findings were favorable. Over 95% of respondents said that, overall, the quality of their health care services is either the same or better since joining the plan. Over 89 % of respondents indicated that their plan explained services to them clearly. For a number of services (e.g. home health aides, personal care aides, care managers, transportation services, medical supplies, visiting nurses), approximately half of the respondents felt that the quality of these services has improved since joining the plan. At least 85% of respondents indicated that access to routine and urgent appointments was at least the same or better since joining the plan. The majority of respondents (at least 80%) indicated that the timeliness of key services (e.g. PT, OT, Social Workers, Meals, Transportation) was at least the same or better since joining the plan.

It was encouraging to note that these relatively new members had positive experiences when contacting the plan with questions or concerns. Almost 65% of the survey sample reported contacting the plans with either questions or needed assistance. Over 76% of these respondents were able to speak with a person quickly and a slightly higher percentage had their questions answered quickly. Nearly 85% of these respondents were always or usually able to understand the answers.

Another positive finding was observed with medication management. Nearly 89% of respondents indicated that since joining the health plan, they were asked to provide their prescriptions and over the counter medications for review.

Specific observations and recommendations are as follows:

1) As these members are relatively new to managed long term care, guidance and education from the plans at start of enrollment is a key to building up a comfort level with managed long term care. Sixty-four percent (64%) of respondents indicated that a care manager contacted them within one week after joining the plan to assist them in obtaining services, and 8% indicated that a care manager did not contact them at all. Plans are required to identify a reasonable minimum required response time to enrollee/member contacts. This should be based upon a hierarchy of need triage principle, that taking into consideration the enrollee's needs and types of request.

Concerted efforts should be made to monitor care manager to member relations. There may also be some care manager training issues associated with timely contact to new members, which should be investigated.

2) Dentists had the highest percentage of respondents (17%) indicating that quality has worsened since joining the health plan, and the highest percentage of respondents (14%) indicating that access to regular and urgent appointments has worsened since joining the health plan.

Plans may want to consider more in depth member surveys, focused on these services to determine, if, in fact, quality issues exist and to determine the nature of these issues. Possibly such surveys can form the basis for baseline data to determine if performance improvement projects focusing on these services are warranted.

The new enrollee survey results appear to warrant a review of dental networks in general, from quality and access standpoints.

- 3) Nearly 38% of respondents reported contacting the plan with a complaint or grievance. Forty three per cent (43%) of them received a letter of acknowledgement within 15 days.
 - While it is unclear as to how many of these grievances were resolved within the 15 day period, possibly eliminating the need for this acknowledgement, these findings should be reviewed by plans to determine if any enhancements to complaint/grievance processes need to be made, including staff education where applicable.
- 4) Forty three percent (43%) of respondents indicated that their level of involvement in care planning is better than prior to enrollment, and 46% of respondents indicate that family and caregiver involvement is better than prior to enrollment.

Because family involvement is the enrollee's choice, plans should investigate whether enrollees would like additional family and/or caregiver participation in care planning. Plans may need to possibly consider doing more to foster member and caregiver involvement in care planning, either through care manager education (e.g. in service training) or through outreach to vendor agencies involved in care planning. An initial step might be a survey to a sample of members addressing whether these members would like to see family members involved in care planning or service determination discussions, and if members want family members/ caregivers to receive copies of the care plans. These surveys should also address if members and/or caregivers are not satisfied with their care plans because they did not include all of the relevant issues that they perceive to be important.

APPENDIX A: FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION TABLES	

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation

	Survey Item	N	%
Section	on 1: MLTC Plan Evaluation		
	Our records show that you are a member of [Health Plan]. Is that		
1	correct?		
	Yes	553	94.9%
	No	30	5.2%
	TOTAL	583	
3+	What information did you use to help you choose a health plan?		
	Materials from the Dept. of Health / Maximus	50	8.6%
	A Consumer's Guide to Managed Long Term Care	101	17.3%
	Advice from family and friends	159	27.2%
	Advice from providers	157	26.9%
	Other	66	11.3%
	None	30	5.1%
	Did not choose plan	48	8.2%
	TOTAL	584	
	Since you joined your health plan, has the plan explained all of		
4	their services to you clearly?		
	Yes	475	89.1%
	No	58	10.9%
	TOTAL	533	
	Don't know or not sure	<i>79</i>	

Percentages have been rounded and may not total to 100%. Items based on skip pattern Note:

Member can check all that apply

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
	Since you joined your health plan, you should have a care manager		
	helping you get the services you need. How soon after you joined		
5	your health plan did your health plan care manager contact you?		
	Less than one day	58	9.7%
	1-2 days	181	30.1%
	3-6 days	146	24.3%
	One week or longer	168	28.0%
	I was not contacted by a Care Manager	48	8.0%
	TOTAL	601	
	Since you joined your health plan, how involved have you been in		
	making decisions about your plan of care? Compare your		
6a	involvement to the time BEFORE you joined.		
	Better	222	43.0%
	About the same	258	50.0%
	Worse	36	7.0%
	TOTAL	516	
	Don't know or not sure	58	
	Not applicable	32	
	Since you joined your health plan, how involved has a family		
	member or your caregiver been in making decisions about your		
6b	plan of care? Compare to BEFORE you joined your health plan.		
OD	Better	237	46.3%
	About the same	260	50.8%
	Worse	15	2.9%
	TOTAL	512	2.3/0
	Don't know or not sure	42	
	Not applicable	60	
<u> </u>	reot applicable	00	

♦ Items based on skip pattern

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
	Since you joined your health plan, have you, a family member, or		
7	your caregiver ever called the plan with questions or for help?		
	Yes	390	64.8%
	No (Skip to Question 11)	212	35.2%
	TOTAL	602	
8♦	Were you able to speak with a person quickly?		
	Always	152	40.3%
	Usually	136	36.1%
	Sometimes	75	19.9%
	Never	14	3.7%
	TOTAL	377	
	Don't know or not sure	4	
9a ♦	Were your questions answered quickly?		
	Always	149	39.8%
	Usually	145	38.8%
	Sometimes	68	18.2%
	Never	12	3.2%
	TOTAL	374	
	Don't know or not sure	6	
9b♦	Were you able to understand the answers?		
	Always	200	53.3%
	Usually	118	31.5%
	Sometimes	49	13.1%
	Never	8	2.1%
	TOTAL	375	
	Don't know or not sure	5	

• Items based on skip pattern

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
10	Were you treated with politeness and respect?		
	Always	278	72.2%
	Usually	80	20.8%
	Sometimes	23	6.0%
	Never	4	1.0%
	TOTAL	385	
	Don't know or not sure	2	
11	Since you joined your health plan, have you, a family member, or your caregiver ever called the plan with a complaint or grievance?		
	Yes	224	37.8%
	No (Skip to Question 15)	368	62.2%
	TOTAL	592	
12♦	Did you receive a letter from your health plan acknowledging your complaint or grievance within 15 days?		
	Yes	71	42.8%
	No	95	57.2%
	TOTAL	166	
	Don't know or not sure	38	
13♦	Were you satisfied with the response?		
	Always	55	30.9%
	Usually	56	31.5%
	Sometimes	45	25.3%
	Never	22	12.4%
	TOTAL	178	
	Don't know or not sure	24	

Percentages have been rounded and may not total to 100%. Items based on skip pattern Note:

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
14♦	Were you treated with politeness and respect?		
	Always	123	60.9%
	Usually	52	25.7%
	Sometimes	27	13.4%
	Never	0	0.0%
	TOTAL	202	
	Don't know or not sure	4	
15	Since you joined this health plan, did someone from the plan ask to see all of the prescriptions and over the counter medicines		
	you've been taking?		
	Yes	495	88.4%
	No	65	11.6%
	TOTAL	560	
	Don't know or not sure	31	
16	Since you joined your health plan, please rate how helpful your plan has been in assisting you and your family with the following: a. Have fewer falls		
		171	40.20/
	Better About the same	171 154	48.2% 43.4%
		-	
	Worse	30	8.5%
	TOTAL Mot applicable	355	
	Not applicable	186	

♦ Items based on skip pattern

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation (continued)

Survey Item	N	%
b. Take your medications the way your doctor wants you to		
Better	197	38.8%
About the same	291	57.3%
Worse	20	3.9%
TOTAL	508	
Not applicable	60	
c. Manage your illnesses, such as high blood pressure or diabetes		
Better	190	39.5%
About the same	263	54.7%
Worse	28	5.8%
TOTAL	481	
Not applicable	83	
d. Help you when you're feeling sad and lonely		
Better	186	45.0%
About the same	196	47.5%
Worse	31	7.5%
TOTAL	413	
Not applicable	143	
e. Allow you to stay in your home and not have to live in a nursing	g	
home		
Better	248	59.3%
About the same	155	37.1%
Worse	15	3.6%
TOTAL	418	
Not applicable	135	

Table A1: MLTC Plan Evaluation (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
	How would you compare your health care services since joining		
	your health plan with the the health care services you received		
17	BEFORE joining the plan?		
	Better	245	47.2%
	About the same	250	48.2%
	Worse	24	4.6%
	TOTAL	519	
	Don't know or not sure	27	

Table A2: Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services

	Survey Item	N	%
Section	on 2A: Quality of Providers		
18	Regular Doctor		
	Better	185	36.3%
	About the same	305	59.9%
	Worse	19	3.7%
	TOTAL	509	
	Not applicable	65	
19	Dentist		
	Better	102	29.6%
	About the same	183	53.0%
	Worse	60	17.4%
	TOTAL	345	
	Not applicable	179	
20	Eye Care (Having your eyes checked and getting glasses or contact lenses)		
	Better	132	31.1%
	About the same	251	59.2%
	Worse	41	9.7%
	TOTAL	424	
	Not applicable	127	
21	Foot Doctor		
	Better	120	32.1%
	About the same	222	59.4%
	Worse	32	8.6%
	TOTAL	374	
	Not applicable	151	

Table A2: Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
	Home Health AIDE, Personal Care AIDE (aide that comes to your		
22a	house to take care of you)		
	Better	247	52.7%
	About the same	198	42.2%
	Worse	24	5.1%
	TOTAL	469	
	Not applicable	76	
22b	Home Health AGENCY, Personal Care AGENCY (company that your home health aide works for)		
220	Better	222	44.8%
	About the same	247	49.9%
	Worse	26	5.3%
	TOTAL	495	3.370
	Not applicable	64	
23	Care Manager / Case Manager (person who prepares your plan of care)		
	Better	230	48.6%
	About the same	214	45.2%
	Worse	29	6.1%
	TOTAL	473	
	Not applicable	78	
	Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse (comes to your house		
24a	for regular visits)		
	Better	234	46.9%
	About the same	218	43.7%
	Worse	47	9.4%
	TOTAL	499	
	Not applicable	74	

Table A2: Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
	Covering / On Call Nurse (comes to your house when regular nurse		
24b	can't come)		
	Better	136	42.4%
	About the same	152	47.4%
	Worse	33	10.3%
	TOTAL	321	
	Not applicable	218	
25	Physical Therapist		
	Better	95	39.4%
	About the same	113	46.9%
	Worse	33	13.7%
	TOTAL	241	
	Not applicable	292	
26	Occupational Therapist		
	Better	51	40.5%
	About the same	49	38.9%
	Worse	26	20.6%
	TOTAL	126	
	Not applicable	387	
27	Speech Therapist		
	Better	33	46.5%
	About the same	25	35.2%
	Worse	13	18.3%
	TOTAL	71	
	Not applicable	437	

Table A2: Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
28	Social Worker		
	Better	113	38.2%
	About the same	148	50.0%
	Worse	35	11.8%
	TOTAL	296	
	Not applicable	229	
29	Medical Supplies & Equipment (wheelchairs, diapers etc.)		
	Better	186	47.3%
	About the same	157	39.9%
	Worse	50	12.7%
	TOTAL	393	
	Not applicable	156	
30	Audiology / Hearing Aids		
	Better	39	36.1%
	About the same	51	47.2%
	Worse	18	16.7%
	TOTAL	108	
	Not applicable	410	
31	Home Delivered Meals / Meals on Wheels		
	Better	42	56.0%
	About the same	26	34.7%
	Worse	7	9.3%
	TOTAL	75	
	Not applicable	448	

Table A2: Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
32	Meals served at the Day Health Center		
	Better	43	39.8%
	About the same	58	53.7%
	Worse	7	6.5%
	TOTAL	108	
	Not applicable	407	
33	Day Health Center Activities		
	Better	57	46.7%
	About the same	56	45.9%
	Worse	9	7.4%
	TOTAL	122	
	Not applicable	392	
34	Transportation Services		
	Better	196	47.7%
	About the same	159	38.7%
	Worse	56	13.6%
	TOTAL	411	
	Not applicable	148	
35	Nursing Home		
	Better	39	68.4%
	About the same	13	22.8%
	Worse	5	8.8%
	TOTAL	57	
	Not applicable	454	

Table A2: Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
36	Pharmacy Services		
	Better	171	39.0%
	About the same	250	56.9%
	Worse	18	4.1%
	TOTAL	439	
	Not applicable	123	
37	Nutritionist		
	Better	54	40.0%
	About the same	64	47.4%
	Worse	17	12.6%
	TOTAL	135	
	Not applicable	379	
38	Private Duty Nursing		
	Better	54	52.9%
	About the same	38	37.3%
	Worse	10	9.8%
	TOTAL	102	
	Not applicable	413	
39	Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services		
	Better	66	47.1%
	About the same	66	47.1%
	Worse	8	5.7%
	TOTAL	140	
	Not applicable	367	

Table A3: Timeliness of Providers/Services

	Survey Item	N	%
Sectio	on 2B: Timeliness of Service		
40	Home Health Aide / Personal Care Aide		
	Better	226	50.8%
	About the same	202	45.4%
	Worse	17	3.8%
	TOTAL	445	
	Not applicable	114	
41	Care Manager / Case Manager (person who prepares your plan of care)		
	Better	201	46.1%
	About the same	205	47.0%
	Worse	30	6.9%
	TOTAL	436	
	Not applicable	112	
42a	Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse (comes to your house for regular visits)		
	Better	215	47.6%
	About the same	198	43.8%
	Worse	39	8.6%
	TOTAL	452	
	Not applicable	113	
42b	Covering / On Call Nurse (comes to your house when regular nurse can't come)		
	Better	128	45.1%
	About the same	132	46.5%
	Worse	24	8.5%
	TOTAL	284	
	Not applicable	251	

Table A3: Timeliness of Providers/Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
Section	on 2B: Timeliness of Service		
43	Physical Therapist		
	Better	70	38.5%
	About the same	90	49.5%
	Worse	22	12.1%
	TOTAL	182	
	Not applicable	330	
44	Occupational Therapist		
	Better	41	45.6%
	About the same	31	34.4%
	Worse	18	20.0%
	TOTAL	90	
	Not applicable	414	
45	Speech Therapist		
	Better	28	56.0%
	About the same	13	26.0%
	Worse	9	18.0%
	TOTAL	50	
	Not applicable	449	
46	Social Worker		
	Better	112	42.9%
	About the same	123	47.1%
	Worse	26	10.0%
	TOTAL	261	
	Not applicable	250	

Table A3: Timeliness of Providers/Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
Section	on 2B: Timeliness of Service		
47	Home Delivered Meals / Meals on Wheels		
	Better	34	50.0%
	About the same	27	39.7%
	Worse	7	10.3%
	TOTAL	68	
	Not applicable	436	
48a	Transportation TO Day Center		
	Better	68	50.4%
	About the same	54	40.0%
	Worse	13	9.6%
	TOTAL	135	
	Not applicable	280	
48b	Transportation FROM Day Center		
	Better	55	52.4%
	About the same	40	38.1%
	Worse	10	9.5%
	TOTAL	105	
	Not applicable	278	
48c	Transportation TO the Doctor		
	Better	180	50.0%
	About the same	137	38.1%
	Worse	43	11.9%
	TOTAL	360	
	Not applicable	156	

Table A3: Timeliness of Providers/Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
Section	on 2B: Timeliness of Service		
48d	Transportation FROM the Doctor		
	Better	169	47.9%
	About the same	138	39.1%
	Worse	46	13.0%
	TOTAL	353	
	Not applicable	157	
49	Medical Supplies & Equipment (wheelchairs, diapers etc.)		
	Better	155	46.7%
	About the same	137	41.3%
	Worse	40	12.0%
	TOTAL	332	
	Not applicable	181	
50	Pharmacy Services		
	Better	176	40.9%
	About the same	235	54.7%
	Worse	19	4.4%
	TOTAL	430	
	Not applicable	119	
51	Audiology / Hearing Aids		
	Better	38	43.2%
	About the same	35	39.8%
	Worse	15	17.0%
	TOTAL	88	
	Not applicable	417	

Table A3: Timeliness of Providers/Services (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
Sectio	n 2B: Timeliness of Service		
52	Private Duty Nursing		
	Better	44	51.2%
	About the same	33	38.4%
	Worse	9	10.5%
	TOTAL	86	
	Not applicable	413	
53	Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services		
	Better	67	42.4%
	About the same	77	48.7%
	Worse	14	8.9%
	TOTAL	158	
	Not applicable	346	

Table A4: Making Routine Appointments

	Survey Item	N	%
C1'	<u> </u>		
	on 2C: Making Routine Appointments		
54	Your regular doctor	470	26.20/
	Better	179	36.2%
	About the same	298	60.2%
	Worse	18	3.6%
	TOTAL	495	
	Not applicable	93	
55	Dentist		
	Better	83	25.5%
	About the same	197	60.6%
	Worse	45	13.8%
	TOTAL	325	
	Not applicable	207	
56	Eye Care (Having your eyes checked and getting glasses or contact lenses)		
30	Better	121	30.3%
	About the same	248	62.0%
	Worse	31	7.8%
	TOTAL	400	7.070
	Not applicable	150	
57	Foot Doctor		
	Better	114	34.0%
	About the same	197	58.8%
	Worse	24	7.2%
	TOTAL	335	
	Not applicable	201	

Table A4: Making Routine Appointments (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
Sectio	n 2C: Making Routine Appointments		
58	Audiology / Hearing Aids		
	Better	41	33.9%
	About the same	64	52.9%
	Worse	16	13.2%
	TOTAL	121	
	Not applicable	386	
59	Outpatient Rehabilitation		
	Better	50	42.7%
	About the same	56	47.9%
	Worse	11	9.4%
	TOTAL	117	
	Not applicable	389	

Table A5: Making Urgent Appointments

Item	Survey Item	N	%			
Section	Section 2D: Making Urgent Appointments					
60	Your regular doctor					
	Better	163	37.3%			
	About the same	253	57.9%			
	Worse	21	4.8%			
	TOTAL	437				
	Not applicable	137				
61	Dentist					
	Better	78	28.6%			
	About the same	156	57.1%			
	Worse	39	14.3%			
	TOTAL	273				
	Not applicable	257				
62	Eye Care (Having your eyes checked and getting glasses or contact lenses)					
	Better	108	32.2%			
	About the same	201	60.0%			
	Worse	26	7.8%			
	TOTAL	335				
	Not applicable	205				
63	Foot Doctor					
	Better	95	33.8%			
	About the same	166	59.1%			
	Worse	20	7.1%			
	TOTAL	281				
	Not applicable	248				

Table A5: Making Urgent Appointments

Item	Survey Item	N	%		
Sectio	Section 2D: Making Urgent Appointments				
64	Audiology / Hearing Aids				
	Better	45	39.1%		
	About the same	54	47.0%		
	Worse	16	13.9%		
	TOTAL	115			
	Not applicable	395			

Table A6: About You

	Survey Item	N	%
Sectio	n 3: About You		
65a	I am content with the quality of my life right now		
	Very much	208	34.3%
	Quite a bit	196	32.3%
	Somewhat	136	22.4%
	A little bit	49	8.1%
	Not at all	17	2.8%
	TOTAL	606	
65b	I feel safe and secure		
	Very much	247	40.8%
	Quite a bit	214	35.4%
	Somewhat	101	16.7%
	A little bit	31	5.1%
	Not at all	12	2.0%
	TOTAL	605	
65c	I have relationships with friends that I care about		
	Very much	256	42.7%
	Quite a bit	153	25.5%
	Somewhat	94	15.7%
	A little bit	60	10.0%
	Not at all	36	6.0%
	TOTAL	599	

Table A6: About You (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
66	How would you rate your current state of health?		
	Very good	51	8.3%
	Good	148	24.0%
	Fair	294	47.6%
	Poor	95	15.4%
	Very poor	29	4.7%
	TOTAL	617	
67	Highest level of education level completed		
	8th grade or less	178	30.1%
	Some High School, but did not graduate	87	14.7%
	High School Diploma / GED	121	20.5%
	Some College	108	18.3%
	4-year degree	44	7.4%
	More than 4-year College Degree	53	9.0%
	TOTAL	591	
68	Did someone help you to complete this survey?		
	Yes (Go to Question 69)	354	59.8%
	No (End of survey)	238	40.2%
	TOTAL	592	
69♦+	Who helped you complete this survey?		
	Family Member	218	61.6%
	Friend	31	8.8%
	Home Care Aide	76	21.5%
	Care Manager / Visiting Nurse	5	1.4%
	Other	28	7.9%
	TOTAL	354	

+ Member can check all that apply

♦ Items based on skip pattern

Table A6: About You (continued)

	Survey Item	N	%
70♦+	How did this person help you?		
	Read the questions to me		58.5%
	Wrote down the answers that I gave		50.6%
	Answered the questions for me		24.9%
	Translated into my language		18.6%
	Helped in some other way		4.5%
	TOTAL	354	

+ Member can check all that apply

♦ Items based on skip pattern

Table A7: Additional Demographic Information Obtained from the Enrollee File

Demographic Information Obtained from Enrollee File	N	%
Region		
NYC	564	87.6%
ROS	80	12.4%
TOTAL	644	
Primary Language (based on SAAM submission)		
English	339	52.6%
Chinese	43	6.7%
Russian	133	20.7%
Spanish	129	20.0%
TOTAL	644	

APPENDIX B: BINARY AND ORDINAL LOGISTIC REGRESSION TABLES

Table B1: Ordinal Logistic Regression on Question 17 (Overall service comparison before/since enrollment in MLTC plan)

	i wiere planij	
		Dependent Variable
		Q17 Overall service comparison before/since enrollment in MLTC plan
		3=Better; 2=About the same; 1=Never
iables	Q65a. Quality of Life 1=Very much/Quite a bit; 0=Somewhat/A little bit/Not at all (Ref)	OR=2.43
dent Va	Q67. Education	n.s.
Independent Variables	Language	n.s.
=	Region	n.s.

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model.

Table B2: Binary Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 1 (Customer Service)

		Survey I	Survey Items included in Composite 1 - Customer Service				
			Dependent Variable				
		Q8	Q9a	Q9b	Q10		
		Were you able to	Were your	Were you able to	Were you treated		
		speak with a	questions	understand the	with politeness		
les		person quickly?	answered quickly?	answers?	and respect?		
Variables			1=Always/Usually; 0=Sometimes/Never				
Independent Va	Q65a. Quality of Life	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		
	Q66. Health Status	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		
Inde	Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		
_	Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		
	Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.		

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model.

^{&#}x27;OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

^{&#}x27;OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

Table B3: Binary Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 2 (Complaints and Grievance)

	Survey Items included in Composite 2 -			
	Complaints and Grievances			
	Dependent Variable			
	Q14			
	Q13	Were you treated		
	Were you satisfied	with politeness		
	with the response?	and respect?		
	1=Always	/Usually;		
Q65a. Quality of Life				
1=Very much/Quite a bit;	OR=2.86	n c		
0=Somewhat/A little		n.s.		
bit/Not at all (Ref)				
Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.		
Language				
1=English(Ref);	OR=3.28	OR=4.32		
0=Non-English				
Region	n.s.	n.s.		

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model.

^{&#}x27;OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

Table B4: Ordinal Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 3 (Intervention to Improve Health Outcomes)

		Survey Items included in Composite 3 - Interventions to Improve Health Outcomes					
			Dependent Variable				
Variables		Q16a Fall prevention	Q16b Medication management	Q16c Self-management of chronic illnesses	Q16d Management of depression	Q16e Maintain independent living	
<u>ia</u>			3=Better; 2=About the same; 1=Never				
Independent Va	Q65a. Quality of Life 1=Very much/Quite a bit; 0=Somewhat/A little bit/Not at all (Ref)	OR=3.10	OR=2.10	OR=3.05	OR=3.25	n.s.	
<u>nd</u>	Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	
	Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	
	Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model.

^{&#}x27;OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

Table B5: Ordinal Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 4 (Quality of Providers/Services)

			Surv	ey Items included in	Composite 4 - Qua	lity of Providers/Serv	ices	
					Dependent Variable			
							Q22b	
						Q22a	Home Health	Q23
S		Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Home Health AIDE,	AGENCY, Personal	Care Manager /
ple		Regular Doctor	Dentist	Eye Care	Foot Doctor	Personal Care AIDE	Care AGENCY	Case Manager
aria				3=Better	; 2=About the same	; 1=Never		
Independent Variables	Q65a. Quality of Life 1=Very much/Quite a bit; 0=Somewhat/A little bit/Not at all (Ref)	OR=2.45	OR=3.20	OR=3.12	OR=2.68	OR=2.18	OR=1.98	OR=1.91
<u>p</u>	Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
	Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
	Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
les		Q24a Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse	Q24b Covering / On Call Nurse	Q25 Physical Therapist	Q28 Social Worker	Q29 Medical Supplies & Equipment	Q34 Transportation Services	Q36 Pharmacy Services
Variables				3=Better	; 2=About the same	; 1=Never		
Independent Va	Q65a. Quality of Life 1=Very much/Quite a bit; 0=Somewhat/A little bit/Not at all (Ref)	OR=2.84	OR=3.33	OR=3.93	OR=2.51	OR=2.06	OR=1.72	OR=2.35
nde	Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
	Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.
	Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model. 'OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

Table B6: Ordinal Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 5 (Timeliness of Providers/Services)

				Surve	ey Items included in C	Composite 5 - Timeli	iness of Providers/Se	rvices						
						Dependent Variable	•							
		Q40		Q42a										
		Home Health Aide	Q41	Regular Visiting	Q42b		Q48c	Q48d	Q49					
		/ Personal Care	Care Manager /	Nurse / Registered	Covering / On Call	Q46	Transportation TO	Transportation	Medical Supplies &	Q50				
les l		Aide	Case Manager	Nurse	Nurse	Social Worker	the Doctor	FROM the Doctor	Equipment	Pharmacy Services				
Variables					3=Better	; 2=About the same;	: 1=Never							
pendent	Q65a. Quality of Life 1=Very much/Quite a bit; 0=Somewhat/A little bit/Not at all (Ref)	n.s.	n.s.	OR=2.14	n.s.	OR=2.58	OR=1.97	OR=2.16	n.s.	OR=2.37				
Inde	Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.				
	Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.				
	Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.				

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model. 'OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

Table B7: Ordinal Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 6 (*Timely Access to Regular Appointments*)

	Survey Items included in Composite 6 - Timely Access to Regular Appointments									
		Dependent Variable								
	Q54	Q54 Q55 Q56 Q57								
	Regular Doctor	Dentist	Eye Care	Foot Doctor						
		3=Better; 2=About	the same; 1=Never							
Q65a. Quality of Life	n.s.	OR=3.73	OR=2.57	OR=2.89						
Q66. Health Status	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						
Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						
Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						
Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model.

Table B8: Ordinal Logistic Regression on Survey Items in Composite 7 (*Timely Access to Urgent Appointments*)

	Survey Items include	Survey Items included in Composite 7 - Timely Access to Urgent Appointments								
		Dependent Variable								
	Q60	Q61	Q62	Q63						
	Regular Doctor	Dentist	Eye Care	Foot Doctor						
		3=Better; 2=About	the same; 1=Never							
Q65a. Quality of Life	n.s.	OR=3.26	n.s.	OR=2.88						
Q67. Education	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						
Language	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						
Region	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.	n.s.						

^{&#}x27;n.s.' indicates that the p-value from Pearson's chi-square test for independence is not significant (P-value >= 0.001). These variables were excluded from the logistic regression model.

^{&#}x27;OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.

^{&#}x27;OR' is the odds ratio quantifying the statistically significant (P < 0.001) association between the independent variable and the dependent variable resulting from the logistic regression.



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2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0
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NYSDOH / IPRO Managed Long-Term Care New Enrollee Satisfaction Survey 2013

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

- Use a No. 2 pencil or a blue or black ink pen only.
- Do not use pens with ink that soaks through the paper.
- Make solid marks that fill the response completely.
- · Make no stray marks on this form.

CORRECT:



1. Your Managed Long Term Care Plan

The following questions ask about your experience with your managed long-term care plan:

- 1. Our records indicate that you are a member of [HEALTH PLAN]. Is that correct?
- 1 Yes (Skip to #3)
- ② No (Skip to #2)
- 2. What is the name of your health plan? When answering the questions, think about this plan.
- 3. What information did you use to help you choose a health plan?
- Materials from the Dept. of Health / Maximus
- ② A Consumer's Guide to Managed Long Term Care
- 3 Advice from family and friends
- Advice from providers
- Other
- None
- Did not choose plan
- 4. Since you joined your health plan, has the plan explained all of their services to you clearly?
- Yes
- (2) No.
- 3 Don't know / not sure

- Since you joined your health plan, you should have a care manager helping you get the services you need. How soon after you joined your health plan did your health plan care manager contact you?
- Less than one day
- 1-2 days
- 3-6 days
- One week or longer
- I was not contacted by a Care Manager
- 6a. Since you joined your health plan, how involved have you been in making decisions about your plan of care? Compare your involvement to the time BEFORE you joined.
- Better
- Don't know / not sure
- 6 Not applicable
- Worse

2 About the same

- 6b. Since you joined your health plan, how involved has a family member or your caregiver been in making decisions about your plan of care? Compare to BEFORE you joined your health
- Better
- Don't know / not sure
- 2 About the same
- 6 Not applicable
- Worse
- 7. Since you joined your health plan, have you, a family member, or your caregiver ever called the plan with questions or for help?
- Yes
- ② No (Skip to #11)
- 8. Were you able to speak with a person quickly?
- Always
- 4 Never
- Usually
- ⑤ Don't know / not sure
- Sometimes
- 9a. Were your questions answered quickly?
- Always
- 4 Never
- Usually
- ⑤ Don't know / not sure
- Sometimes
- 9b. Were you able to understand the answers?
- Always
- 4 Never
- Usually
- ⑤ Don't know / not sure
- Sometimes
- 10. Were you treated with politeness and respect?
- Always
- 4 Never
- Usually
- Don't know / not sure
- 3 Sometimes
- 11. Since you joined your health plan, have you, a family member, or your caregiver ever called the plan with a complaint or grievance?
- Yes
- 2 No (Skip to #15)

12. Did you receive a lette acknowledging your comp within 15 days?	r from your heall plaint or grievand	h p	alaı	n		
① Yes ② No	3 Don't kno not sure	w/				
13. Were you satisfied wit	h the response?					
① Always	Never Don't know / no	ot s	ure	•		
14. Were you treated with	politeness and r	est	oec	t?		
① Always	Never Don't know / no					
15. Since you joined this he someone from the plan as prescriptions and over the you've been taking?	k to see all of th		3			
1 Yes 2 No	Opn't kno	w/				
	not sure					
16. Since you joined your helpful your plan has been family with the following:	health plan, plea n in assisting yo	se u a	rat nd	te I yo	ur	v
Compare your experience to the time BEFORE you joine your health plan.	ABOUT THE	NO SA	RS ME	E	Æ	
a. Have fewer falls		1	2	3	4	
b. Take your medication your doctor wants you	ns the way to	1	2	3	4	
c. Manage your illnesse high blood pressure or	es, such as diabetes	1	2	3	•	
d. Help you when you'r sad and lonely	e feeling	1	2	3	•	
e. Allow you to stay in y and not have to live in a home		1	2	3	•	
17. How would you compa services since joining you health care services you r	ır health plan wit	h t				
joining the plan?						

Worse

On't know / not sure

2. Your Care Providers

A) Quality of Providers and Frequency of Services

How would you compare the quality of providers and frequency of services you have received since joining your health plan with the providers and services you received BEFORE you joined your health plan? Please think about all the providers and services you receive, even if the service is not covered, or paid for by your health plan.

In some plans, the Care Manager and the Visiting Nurse may be the same person. If they are, please rate the person under BOTH Care Manager and Visiting Nurse.

Compare the services you receive now to the services you received BEFORE you joined your health plan.

Please mark, "Not Applicable," if you did not receive a service, or if you only started receiving a service since you joined your plan. NOT AP NOT AP NOT AP BETT	OR	SE		.E
18. Your regular doctor	1	2	3	4
19. Dentist	1	2	3	4
20. Eye Care (Having your eyes checked and getting glasses or contact lenses)	1	2	3	4
21. Foot Doctor	1	2	3	4
22a. Home Health AIDE, Personal Care AIDE (aide that comes to your house to take care of you)	1	2	3	4
22b. Home Health AGENCY, Personal Care AGENCY (company that your home health aide works for)	1	2	3	4
23. Care Manager / Case Manager	1	2	3	(4)

(person who prepares your plan of

care)

24a, Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse (comes to your house for regular visits)	0000
24b. Covering / On Call Nurse (comes to your house when regular nurse can't come)	0234
25, Physical Therapist	0230
26, Occupational Therapist	0230
27. Speech Therapist	0000
28, Social Worker	0000
29. Medical Supplies & Equipment (wheelchairs, diapers etc.)	1234
30. Audiology / Hearing Aids	1234
31. Home Delivered Meals / Meals on Wheels	0234
32. Meals served at the Day Health Center	1234
33. Day Health Center Activities	0230
34. Transportation Services	1234
35. Nursing Home	1234
36. Pharmacy Services	1234
37. Nutritionist	1234
38. Private Duty Nursing	0234
39. Consumer Directed Personal	0234

Assistance Services

B) Time iness

Since joining your health plan, please compare how often the following services were on time, compared to BEFORE you joined your health plan. In some plans the Care Manager and Visiting Nurse may be the same person. If they are, please rate the person under BOTH Care Manager and Visiting Nurse.

Compare the services you receive now to the services you received BEFORE you joined your health plan.

you received BEFORE you joined your health	pla	n.		
Please mark, "Not Applicable," if you did not receive a service, or if you only started receiving a service since you joined your plan.	NO SAI	RS	Ε	.E
40. Home Health Aide / Personal Care Aide	0	2	3	(4)
41. Care Manager / Case Manager (person who prepares your plan of care)	1	2	3	④
42a. Regular Visiting Nurse / Registered Nurse (comes to your house for regular visits)	1	2	3	④
42b. Covering / On Call Nurse (comes to your house when regular nurse can't come)	1	2	3	4
43. Physical Therapist	1	2	3	4
44. Occupational Therapist	1	2	3	4
45. Speech Therapist	1	2	3	4
46. Social Worker	1	2	3	4
47. Home Delivered Meals / Meals on Wheels	1	2	3	4
48. Transportation a. TO Day Center b. FROM Day Center c. TO the doctor d. FROM the doctor	0000	@ @ @	3 3 3	(4) (4) (4)
49. Medical Supplies & Equipment (wheelchairs, diapers etc.)	1	2	3	4
50. Pharmacy Services	1	2	3	•
51. Audiology / Hearing Aids	0	2	3	(4)
52- Private Duty Nursing	1	2	3	(4)

53. Consumer Directed Personal

Assistance Services

C) Making Office Appointments

Since joining your health plan, how would you compare the time you have to wait between making a REGULAR APPOINTMENT and seeing a provider with the time you had to wait BEFORE you joined your health plan?

Please mark "Not Applicable"					
if you have not scheduled an NOT API	ᅄ	CA	Вι	.Ε	
	WORSE				
providers since joining your ABOUT THE S	SAI	ИE			
health plan, or if your plan BETTI	ER				
schedules regular					
appointments for you.					
54, Your regular doctor	1	2	3	(4)	
-					
55, Dentist	1	2	3	(4)	
56. Eye Care (Having your eyes	1	2	3	(1)	
checked and getting glasses or					
contact lenses)					
,					
57, Foot Doctor	1	2	3	4	
58, Audiology / Hearing Aids	1	2	3	4	
59, Outpatient Rehabilitation	1	2	3	4	

Since joining your health plan, when you need care RIGHT AWAY, how would you compare the time you have to wait between making an appointment and seeing a provider with the time that you had to wait BEFORE you joined your health plan?

Please mark "Not Applicab if you have not required	V	NOT APPLICAB WORSE				
urgent care since you joined the plan.	ABOUT THE S		E			
60. Your Regular Doctor		1	93	(4)		
61. Dentist		1	93	0		
62. Eye Care (Having you checked and getting glas contact lenses)		1	23	•		
63. Foot Doctor		1	23	(4)		
64. Audiology / Hearing A	Aids	0	3	•		

3. About You

65a. I am content with the quality of my life right

- Very Much A little bit Quite a bit Not at all
- Somewhat

65b. I feel safe and secure.

- Very Much A little bit Quite a bit Not at all
- 3 Somewhat

65c. I have relationships with friends that I care about.

- A little bit Very Much Quite a bit
 - Not at a
 ■
- 3 Somewhat

66. How would you rate your current state of health?

- Very Good Poor Good Very Poor 3 Fair
- 67. What is the highest level of education you have completed?
- 1 8th grade or less
- Some High School, but did not graduate
- (3) High School Diploma / GED
- 4 Some College
- 6 4-year degree
- 6 More than 4-year College Degree

68. Did someone help you to complete this survey?

- 1 Yes (Go to #69) 2 No (END OF SURVEY)
- 69. Who helped you? (MARK ALL THAT APPLY)
- Family Member
- Priend
- 3 Home Care Aide
- Care Manager / Visiting Nurse

70. How did this person help you? (MARK ALL THAT APPLY)

- Read the questions to me
- Wrote down the answers that I gave
- 3 Answered the questions for me
- Translated into my language
- 6 Helped in some other way

Thank you for participating in this survey

Please return the survey to IPRO in the enclosed postage-paid envelope at your earliest convenience