# New York State Health Equity Report 

## County Edition

## April 2023

Office of Minority Health and
Health Disparities Prevention
Office of Public Health
Office of Science

## New York State Department of Health

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## Introduction

New York State is growing in its diversity, with residents from a wide range of racial and ethnic backgrounds with unique perspectives on culture, history, language, geography, economy, to name just a few. Health inequalities continue to persist and serve as a justification for integrating health disparities prevention strategies into policy agendas and programmatic initiatives of New York State's public health and health care programs. With the diversity of health needs across the state, the New York State Department of Health (the Department) is dedicated to improving the health of all New Yorkers. This is evident in the Prevention Agenda 2019-2024, which is New York State's health improvement plan, the blueprint for state and local actions to improve the health and well-being of all New Yorkers and promote health equity in all populations experiencing disparities. ${ }^{1}$

According to the 2020 U.S. Census, approximately 42.2 percent of the U.S. population belongs to a racial or ethnic minority group (non-[White non-Hispanic]), while approximately 47.5 percent of New York State's population identified as non-[White non-Hispanic]. Hispanics represented 19.5 percent of the population followed by Black non-Hispanics with 13.7 percent, and Asians with 9.5 percent. Approximately 3.6 percent were of two or more races, while American Indians, Native Hawaiians and other races represented 1.3 percent. ${ }^{2}$ Over the last two decades, the percent minority increased, as a percent of the state population, from 38 percent to 47.5 percent, an increase of 25 percent. The largest increases were among non-Hispanic Asians alone, with a 74 percent increase, and among those who were non-Hispanic and two or more races, with an 85 percent increase. Hispanic or Latinos increased by 29 percent. Non-Hispanic Black or African Americans alone decreased slightly, by 8 percent, and non-Hispanic Whites alone decreased, by 15 percent. ${ }^{3}$ As each decade passes, the state indeed grows more diverse.

The increasing diversity of New York State's population brings opportunities and challenges for public health and health care providers, government agencies, and policy makers. Though health indicators such as life expectancy and infant mortality have improved for most Americans, some minorities experience a disproportionate burden of preventable disease, death, and disability compared with non-minorities. ${ }^{4}$

At the national level, the Kelly 2015 Report on Health Disparities documented that minorities experience higher rates of infant mortality, HIV/AIDS, and cardiovascular disease than Whites, as well as substantial differences in disease incidence, severity, progression, and response to treatment. ${ }^{5}$

[^0]Health disparities prevention strategies should be incorporated into policy agendas and programmatic initiatives of New York State's public health and health care programs. Eliminating disparities in health and health care among racial, ethnic, and other underserved populations and ensuring the best possible health outcomes for all New Yorkers, is a central objective for New York State.

Knowledge of, and data on, the racial and ethnic composition, the health status, and the changing health care needs of different populations is vital to supporting the essential functions of and achieving the objectives of New York State's health care delivery system. Further, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act promotes the collection and reporting of racial, ethnic, and language data as an important element in understanding and addressing health disparities. ${ }^{6}$

The federal Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, which has assessed the nation's health system annually since 2003, reported that, in 2018, the health care delivery system had made progress in achieving the three aims of better care, smarter spending, and healthier people. However, disparities persist by race and socioeconomic status. ${ }^{7}$ The Department continues to make investments that have helped improve several indicators of health. ${ }^{8}$ Many of the advancements come from improvements in the quality and efficiency of care and patient outcomes; expanded access to primary health care; increased access to health insurance coverage; improved data collection and research; and the engagement of community residents in problem identification, priority setting, and the design of interventions focused on advancing health equity.

As part of its ongoing effort to improve the health of racial, ethnic, and other underserved populations in New York State, statute (NYS Public Health Law § 242) requires the Department to produce a biennial report on the health status of racial and ethnic populations. This report, The New York State Health Equity Report: County Edition - 2023, is a response to this charge. It serves as a tool for raising awareness about the social determinants of health as well as the varying health outcomes of racial and ethnic populations across New York State. The report can be utilized to develop and evaluate the effectiveness of evidence-based interventions aimed at improving health outcomes across the state.

[^1]
## Executive Summary

The New York State Health Equity Report: County Edition - 2023 examines 60 health indicators by race and ethnicity as well as measures of socio-demographic status, birth outcomes, prenatal care usage, and rates of hospitalizations and mortality for an array of chronic diseases and injuryrelated conditions for each county in New York State. Data are presented for New York State as a whole, New York City, and New York State excluding New York City. In addition, this report includes a New York State map and corresponding table that identifies the state's counties with at least 10 percent of their population from racial and ethnic groups other than White nonHispanic.

This report does not present health indicator information for the American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) population. Currently, the New York State Department of Health's (the Department) sources for this population contain poorly reported data. However, limited, or poor-quality statelevel data on the AI/AN population is not unique to the Department or to New York State as a whole. According to a study by the Indian Health Service (IHS), there is significant miscoding of American Indian race on State death certificates. ${ }^{9}$ Additionally, the AI/AN population in New York State is small. Overall, AI/ANs $(71,727)$ accounted for about 0.37 percent of New York State's population in 2018. Thus, analyzing data for this group at a county level presents formidable challenges. Given the importance of understanding health outcomes for all populations, the Department's Office of Minority Health and Health Disparities Prevention is striving to present more detailed information on New York State's AI/AN population.

Sub-groups within New York State's diverse racial and ethnic population face unique strengths and challenges in health outcomes. The following section highlights, for each racial and ethnic group, important health indicators and shows disparities among groups.

This is the fourth time the Department has completed a report on health status by race and ethnicity by county. This 2023 report also describes key differences of indicator values across each race and ethnicity category, and in some cases, highlights changes in certain indicators between the time-periods in this report, versus the 2020 update of the state's county health indicators by race/ethnicity. ${ }^{10}$ The data in this report show a lower percentage of families living in poverty across all racial and ethnic groups. Large improvements are observed for teen pregnancy and asthma hospitalizations among all racial and ethnic groups. The health status of many racial and ethnic sub-groups has also improved in several areas, including infant mortality and opioid burden. Notwithstanding, this report documents ongoing health burdens for specific outcomes, such as total mortality, unintentional injury hospitalizations, poisoning hospitalizations, and diabetes mortality across several racial and ethnic groups.

[^2]
## Black non-Hispanic New York Residents

## Socio-demographics

- In New York State, the Black non-Hispanic population was estimated to be nearly three million residents and accounted for 15.0 percent of New York State's population in 2018. Almost two-thirds ( 64.3 percent) of Black non-Hispanics residents lived in New York City.
- Among New York State counties outside of New York City, Nassau County had the largest number of Black non-Hispanic residents $(162,349)$. Monroe County had the highest percentage of Black non-Hispanic residents (15.4 percent) in 2018.
- During 2017-2021, 16.5 percent of Black* families in New York State were living in poverty, a 5.7 percent decrease from 2015-2019, when the rate was 17.5 percent of Black* families. This is about three times the rate for White non-Hispanic families (5.7 percent). In New York City, where the majority of this population resides, 16.6 percent were living in poverty.
- Among counties outside of New York City with a population of at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanic residents, Nassau ( 5.3 percent) and Rockland ( 6.8 percent) counties had the lowest percentages of Black* families living in poverty. Oneida ( 44.3 percent) and Broome ( 38.7 percent) counties had the highest percentages of Black* families living in poverty.
- Median household income for New York State Black* residents was $\$ 53,697$ during 2017-2021. This was below the median household income for White non-Hispanics $(\$ 85,520)$ and Asians** $(\$ 83,399)$, and slightly below the median income for Hispanics $(\$ 55,621)$.
- Median household income for New York City Black* residents was $\$ 53,075$ during 2017-2021. This was about half the median household income for White nonHispanics $(\$ 102,960)$ and below the median income for Asians** $(\$ 76,832)$.
- Among counties outside of New York City with a population of at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Black* residents in Nassau and Rockland counties had the highest median household incomes, at $\$ 107,795$ and $\$ 96,224$, respectively. The counties with the lowest median incomes for Black ${ }^{*}$ residents were Niagara $(\$ 29,864)$ and Oneida $(\$ 30,250)$.

[^3]- During 2017-2021, 28.0 percent of Black* children under age 18 in New York State were living in poverty. This was the highest percentage of children living in poverty among all racial and ethnic groups.
- Among counties outside of New York City with a population of at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanic residents, Rockland ( 8.6 percent) and Nassau ( 8.8 percent) counties had the lowest percentage of Black ${ }^{*}$ children under age 18 living in poverty. Oneida ( 65.8 percent) and Sullivan ( 56.6 percent) counties had the highest percentages of Black* children under age 18 living in poverty.
- During 2021-2022, 9.8 percent of Black non-Hispanic high school students in New York State dropped out of school. This is more than two times the rate for White nonHispanic high school students ( 4.0 percent) and Asian non-Hispanic high school students (4.0 percent).
- During 2019-2021, Black non-Hispanics aged 18 years or older had the highest rate of arrests $(49.5$ per 1,000$)$ compared to all other racial and ethnic groups. This is about four and a half times the rate for White non-Hispanic residents (11.2 per 1,000), seven and a half times the rate for Asian non-Hispanic residents ( 6.7 per 1,000 ) and about two times the rate for Hispanic residents ( 25.2 per 1,000). The arrest rate for Black non-Hispanics was lower in New York City $(45.4$ per 1,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 57.4 per 1,000). Among counties outside of New York City with a population of at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanic residents, Rockland ( 26.7 per 1,000 ) and Dutchess ( 40.5 per 1,000 ) counties had the lowest rate of arrests for Black non-Hispanics. Broome ( 137.0 per 1,000 ) and Niagara ( 112.8 per 1,000) counties had the highest rates.


## General Health

- In New York State during 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest ageadjusted total mortality rate ( 807.8 per 100,000 ) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups and was an 18.2 percent increase from 2017-2019 (683.9 per 100,000). The age-adjusted total mortality rate was lower in New York City (796.3 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (834.2 per 100,000).
- In New York State during 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest ageadjusted years of potential life lost ( $8,735.1$ per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and was a 13.4 percent increase from 2017-2019 (7,704.6 per 100,000).

[^4]- Among Black non-Hispanics who died in New York State during 2018-2020, 56.2 percent died prematurely (before the age of 75). This was the highest percentage of premature deaths among all racial and ethnic groups. The percentage of premature deaths was lower in New York City ( 54.7 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City (59.5 percent).
- In New York State during 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest ageadjusted potentially preventable hospitalization rate among adults (200.1 per 10,000) among all racial and ethnic groups and was twice that of White non-Hispanics (90.8 per 10,000). The rate was lower in New York City ( 190.9 per 10,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City (220.6 per 10,000).


## Strengths

Although the Black non-Hispanic population of New York State often experiences the worst health outcomes compared to other racial and ethnic groups, this group has done better than most or all other racial and ethnic groups for the following indicators:

- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the lowest age-adjusted suicide mortality rate ( 4.5 per 100,000 ) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups in New York State. The rate was also below New York State's Prevention Agenda objective of 7.0 per $100,000 .{ }^{9}$ Black non-Hispanics residing in New York City had a lower rate (4.2 per 100,000) compared to Black non-Hispanics residing in New York State outside of New York City ( 5.1 per 100,000 ). Due to the relatively small number of suicides for this population, comparisons among counties may not be meaningful. Rates derived from a small number of occurrences can fluctuate widely because of one or two events.
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had a lower rate of fall hospitalizations among people aged 65 years or older ( 100.6 per 10,000) compared to White nonHispanics ( 205.0 per 10,000 ) and Hispanics ( 121.0 per 10,000 ). The rate was also below New York State's Prevention Agenda objective of 173.7 per 10,000. Black non-Hispanics residing in New York City had a lower rate ( 97.0 per 10,000) compared to Black non-Hispanics residing in New York State outside of New York City (109.3 per 10,000). Among counties with a population of at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as a numerator of 10 or more cases), Dutchess County had the lowest rate of fall hospitalizations among people aged 65 years or older ( 33.1 per 10,000 ) and Rensselaer County had the highest ( 168.1 per $10,000)$.

[^5]- In 2021, Black* residents had a higher percentage of female fee-for-service Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who received an annual mammography screening ( 37.0 percent) compared to Hispanics ( 34.0 percent) and Asians** ( 33.0 percent).


## Challenges

The Black non-Hispanic population of New York State suffers disproportionately from numerous health problems compared to other racial and ethnic groups. Selected health indicators that pose challenges for this group include:

- In New York State, Black non-Hispanics had the lowest percentage of births with early ${ }^{\text {st }}$ trimester prenatal care ( 65.8 percent) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups. Black non-Hispanics residing in New York City had a lower percentage (63.6 percent) compared to Black non-Hispanics residing in New York State outside of New York City ( 69.6 percent). Among counties with a population of at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Oneida County had the lowest percentage of births with early $1^{\text {st }}$ trimester prenatal care ( 53.0 percent) and Richmond County had the highest percentage ( 80.2 percent).
- Infants born weighing less than 2,500 grams are considered low birthweight and are at risk for developing health-related problems during their first year of life. Among Black non-Hispanics, 13.1 percent of infants born during 2018-2020 were low birth weight, the highest percentage among all racial and ethnic groups and more than twice the percentage of White non-Hispanics ( 6.2 percent).
- During 2018-2020, the teen pregnancy rate for Black non-Hispanic females under 18 years of age was 7.7 per 1,000, the highest rate among all racial and ethnic groups and more than five times the rate of White non-Hispanics ( 1.5 per 1,000). The teen pregnancy rate for Black non-Hispanic females under 18 years of age was nearly identical in New York City ( 7.8 per 1,000 ) and New York State outside of New York City ( 7.7 per 1,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as a numerator of 10 or more cases), Albany County had the highest Black non-Hispanic teen pregnancy rate ( 15.6 per 1,000 ) and Orange County had the lowest rate ( 3.2 per 1,000).
- During 2018-2020, the New York State Black non-Hispanic infant mortality rate was 8.4 per 1,000 live births, the highest rate among all racial and ethnic groups. The Black non-Hispanic infant mortality rate was lower in New York City (7.0 per 1,000)

[^6]compared to New York State outside of New York City (10.7 per 1,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as a numerator of 10 or more cases), Rensselaer County had the highest Black nonHispanic infant mortality rate ( 17.6 per 1,000 ) and Westchester County had the lowest rate ( 5.9 per 1,000).

- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics saw a 17.1 percent increase in the ageadjusted unintentional injury mortality rate ( 35.0 per 100,000 ) compared to the 20172019 period.
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted poisoning hospitalizations rate among Black non-Hispanics was 13.2 per 10,000, the highest rate among all racial and ethnic groups. The Black non-Hispanic poisoning hospitalizations rate was nearly identical in New York City (13.1 per 10,000) and New York State outside of New York City (13.0 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Broome County had the highest poisoning hospitalizations rate ( 24.4 per 10,000) and Rockland County had the lowest rate ( 3.0 per 10,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics saw a 15.8 percent decrease in the ageadjusted asthma hospitalizations rate ( 18.1 per 10,000 ) in the 2017-2019 period, but still had the highest rate among all racial and ethnic groups and was about six times the rate of White non-Hispanics ( 3.0 per 10,000). The Black non-Hispanic ageadjusted asthma hospitalizations rate was higher in New York City (20.3 per 10,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (14.4 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Bronx County had the highest rate (27.2 per 10,000 ) and Dutchess County had the lowest rate ( 4.3 per 10,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics saw a 21.7 percent decrease in the asthma hospitalization rate among those $0-17$ years of age ( 32.8 per 10,000 ) from the 20172019 period, but still had the highest rate among all racial and ethnic groups and was more than six times the rate of White non-Hispanics ( 5.0 per 10,000 ). The Black nonHispanic asthma hospitalization rate among those aged 0-17 years was higher in New York City ( 39.7 per 10,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City (22.5 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as a numerator of 10 or more cases), New York County had the highest rate ( 49.2 per 10,000 ) and Schenectady County had the lowest ( 8.0 per $10,000)$.
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics saw a 16.4 percent decrease in the ageadjusted chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations rate ( 34.1 per 10,000 ) from the 2017-2019 period, but still had the highest rate among all racial and ethnic groups and was more than two times the rate of White non-Hispanics (14.1 per 10,000). The Black non-Hispanic age-adjusted chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalization
rate was slightly higher in New York City $(35.2$ per 10,000$)$ compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 33.2 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Monroe County had the highest rate ( 50.6 per 10,000 ) and Dutchess County had the lowest rate (8.6 per 10,000).
- In 2021, Black* residents had the lowest percentage of fee-for-service Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination ( 33.0 percent) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups.
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest age-adjusted diseases of the heart mortality rate ( 224.2 per 100,000 ) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups. The Black non-Hispanic age-adjusted diseases of the heart mortality rate was higher in New York City (234.3 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (199.3 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black nonHispanics and a stable rate (defined as a numerator of 10 or more cases), Niagara County had the highest rate ( 328.2 per 100,000) and Rockland County had the lowest (149.7 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest age-adjusted diseases of the heart hospitalizations rate ( 96.2 per 10,000 ) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups. The Black non-Hispanic age-adjusted diseases of the heart hospitalizations rate was lower in New York City ( 91.8 per 10,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 106.4 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Niagara County had the highest rate (168.4 per 10,000) and Dutchess County had the lowest rate ( 25.2 per 10,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest age-adjusted cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality rate ( 28.3 per 100,000 ) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups. The Black non-Hispanic age-adjusted cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality rate was lower in New York City (26.0 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (34.2 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as a numerator of 10 or more cases), Oneida County had the highest rate ( 61.4 per 100,000) and Richmond County had the lowest rate ( 18.3 per 100,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest age-adjusted coronary heart disease mortality rate ( 190.4 per 100,000 ) compared to all other racial and ethnic groups. The Black non-Hispanic age-adjusted coronary heart disease mortality rate was higher in New York City (208.3 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 147.6 per 100,00). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases),

[^7]Richmond County had the highest rate $(262.3$ per 100,000$)$ and Ulster County had the lowest rate ( 110.6 per 100,000 ).

- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics had the highest age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate ( 35.9 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and was more than two times the rate of White non-Hispanics (15.4 per 100,000). The age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate was nearly identical in New York City (35.9 per 100,000) and New York State outside of New York City ( 36.0 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Niagara County had the highest rate ( 63.1 per 100,000 ) and Dutchess County had the lowest rate ( 21.2 per 100,00 ).
- During 2018-2020, Black non-Hispanics saw a 15.5 percent increase in the potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalizations rate among those aged 18 years or older compared to the 2017-2019 period and had the highest rate ( 14.9 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City $(13.5$ per 10,000$)$ compared to New York State outside of New York City (17.6 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Black non-Hispanics, Oneida County had the highest rate ( 35.9 per 10,000 ) and Dutchess County had the lowest rate ( 3.8 per 10,000 ).
- During 2017-2019, Black non-Hispanics had the highest age-adjusted female breast cancer mortality rate ( 24.8 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was slightly higher in New York City $(25.0$ per 100,000$)$ compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 24.0 per 100,00 ).
- During 2017-2019, Black non-Hispanics had highest age-adjusted cervical cancer incidence rate ( 9.8 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( 10.7 per 100,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City (7.8 per 100,000).


## Hispanic New York Residents

## Socio-demographics

- In New York State, the Hispanic population was estimated to be about 3.7 million residents and accounted for 19.1 percent of New York State's population in 2018. About two-thirds ( 65.1 percent) of Hispanic residents lived in New York City.
- Among counties outside New York City, Suffolk County had the largest number of Hispanic residents $(290,225)$. Westchester County had the highest percentage of Hispanic residents ( 24.9 percent).
- During 2017-2021, 17.6 percent of Hispanic families in New York State were living in poverty, a 10.7 percent decrease from 2015-2019 when the rate was 19.7 percent. This percentage is more than triple that of White non-Hispanics ( 5.7 percent) and the highest among all racial and ethnic groups. In New York City, where the majority of Hispanics resided, 19.9 percent were living in the poverty, an 8.7 percent decrease from 2015-2019 when the rate was 21.8 percent.
- Among counties outside of New York City with a population of at 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as number of 10 or more cases), Nassau County had the lowest percentage ( 8.0 percent) of Hispanic families living in poverty. Counties with the highest percentage of Hispanic families living in poverty were Montgomery County ( 33.2 percent) and Erie County ( 31.5 percent).
- The median household income for New York State Hispanic residents was $\$ 55,621$ during 2017-2021.
- New York City Hispanic residents had a median household income of \$49,275 during 2017-2021. Among counties with a population of at least 5,000 Hispanics, Nassau County and Suffolk County had the highest median incomes for Hispanic residents ( $\$ 103,873$ and $\$ 102,432$ respectively). Chautauqua County and Erie County had the lowest median incomes for Hispanic residents ( $\$ 25,158$ and $\$ 35,031$ respectively).
- During 2017-2021, Hispanics had the highest percentage of uninsured (10.1 percent) among all racial and ethnic groups. The percentage was higher in New York City (10.7 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 9.0 percent). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Queens County had the highest percentage of uninsured (14.5 percent) and Montgomery County had the lowest (3.7 percent).
- During 2021-2022, Hispanics had the highest percentage of high school students who dropped out of school ( 12.2 percent) among all racial and ethnic groups. The percentage was higher in New York City ( 12.3 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City (12.0 percent). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more), Chautauqua County had the highest percentage ( 21.2 percent), and Jefferson County had the lowest (5.3 percent).


## General Health

- In New York State during 2018-2020, Hispanics had the second lowest age-adjusted total mortality rate ( 609.2 per 100,000) among all racial and ethnic groups but saw a 25 percent increase since 2017-2019 ( 486.5 per 100,000), the highest increase among all racial and ethnic groups. The age-adjusted mortality rate was higher in New York

City (624.5 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (570.1 per 100,000).

- Among Hispanics who died in New York State during 2018-2020, 53.5 percent died prematurely (before the age of 75). The only group with a higher percentage of premature deaths was Black non-Hispanics (56.2 percent). The percentage was lower in New York City (51.7 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 58.8 percent). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics, and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Jefferson County had the highest percentage of premature deaths among Hispanics (85.3 percent) and New York County had the lowest percentage ( 41.9 percent).
- During 2018-2020, Hispanics had the second highest age-adjusted potentially preventable hospitalization rate among adults ( 124.8 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups.


## Strengths

Although Hispanics experience disparities in numerous health outcomes, this population also has a lower burden for some health indicators:

- During 2018-2020, Hispanics had the second lowest age-adjusted suicide mortality rate (4.6 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City (4.3 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (5.1 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, Hispanics had the second lowest age-adjusted chronic lower respiratory disease mortality ( 15.6 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City $(16.1$ per 100,000$)$ compared to New York State outside of New York City (14.6 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, Hispanics had the second lowest age-adjusted diseases of the heart mortality rate ( 144.6 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( 153.6 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (118.1 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Chautauqua County had the highest rate ( 212.3 per 100,000 ) and Ulster County had the lowest rate ( 82.2 per 100,000 ).
- During 2017-2019, Hispanics had the lowest age-adjusted lung cancer incidence rate (31.9 per 100,000) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City ( 30.9 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (35.1 per 100,000).
- During 2017-2019, Hispanics had the lowest age-adjusted colorectal cancer incidence rate $(31.5$ per 100,000$)$ among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City ( 31.2 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 32.8 per 100,000 ).
- During 2017-2019, Hispanics had the lowest age-adjusted female late-stage breast cancer incidence rate ( 31.3 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City ( 30.3 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 34.0 per 100,000).


## Challenges

Because a high percentage of Hispanics live below the poverty level, this population fared worse on numerous health indicators than other racial and ethnic groups in New York State. Challenges for this population include:

- During 2018-2020, the teen pregnancy rate for Hispanic females under 18 years of age was the second highest ( 6.6 per 1,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and more than four times the rate of White non-Hispanics. The rate was slightly higher in New York City ( 6.7 per 1,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 6.4 per 1,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Albany County had the highest rate (13.1 per 1,000 ) and Westchester County had the lowest rate ( 4.4 per 1,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted poisoning hospitalizations rate among Hispanics was the second highest ( 8.8 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( 10.0 per 10,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 6.3 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Chautauqua County had the highest rate ( 18.3 per 10,000 ) and Westchester County had the lowest rate ( 3.2 per $10,000)$.
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted asthma hospitalizations rate for Hispanics was the second highest ( 13.4 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and more than four times the rate of White non-Hispanics ( 3.0 per 10,000). The rate was higher in New York City $(16.4$ per 10,000$)$ compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 7.6 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Bronx County had the highest rate $(28.2$ per 10,000$)$ and Westchester County had the lowest rate ( 3.9 per 10,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, the asthma hospitalizations rate for Hispanics 0-17 years of age was the second highest ( 19.6 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and
about four times the rate of White non-Hispanics ( 5.0 per 10,000). The rate was higher in New York City ( 25.0 per 10,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (11.6 per 10,000).
- In 2021, Hispanics had the second lowest percentage of fee-for-service Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination ( 36.0 percent) among all racial and ethnic groups.
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate for Hispanics was the second highest ( 21.1 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( 22.2 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (18.4 per 100,000).
- During 2017-2019, the age-adjusted cervical cancer incidence rate for Hispanics was the second highest $(8.8$ per 100,000$)$ among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( 9.1 per 100,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 7.9 per 100,000 ).
- In 2021, Hispanics had the second lowest percentage of fee-for-service Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 who received an annual mammography screening (34.0 percent) among all racial and ethnic groups.


## Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic New York Residents

## Socio-demographics

- The Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic population was estimated to be about 1.8 million residents and accounted for 9.2 percent of New York State's population in 2018. The majority (71.6 percent) of Asian/Pacific Islander residents lived in New York City.
- Among counties outside of New York City, Nassau County had the largest number of Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic residents $(145,971)$ in 2018. Nassau County also had the highest percentage of Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic residents (10.8 percent).
- During 2017-2021, 11.3 percent of Asian ${ }^{*}$ families in New York State were living in poverty, which is almost double that of White non-Hispanics ( 5.7 percent). In New

[^8]York City, where the majority of this population resided, 12.9 percent were living in poverty.

- Among counties outside New York City with a population of at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic residents and a stable estimate of percentage poverty (defined as having a relative standard error of less than 30 percent), Nassau ( 3.8 percent), Westchester ( 4.7 percent) and Suffolk ( 4.8 percent) counties had the lowest percentages of Asian ${ }^{*}$ families living in poverty. Counties with the highest percentage of Asian* families living in poverty were Erie (24.9 percent) and Oneida (18.8 percent).
- Median household income for New York State Asian* residents was $\$ 83,399$ during 2017-2021. This was just below the median household income for White nonHispanics $(\$ 85,520)$ and considerably higher than the median household income for Blacks** $(\$ 53,697)$ and Hispanics $(\$ 55,621)$.
- New York City Asian* residents had a median household income of $\$ 76,832$ during 2017-2021. Among counties with a population of at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics and a stable estimate of median income (defined as having a relative standard error of less than 30 percent), Nassau and Rockland counties had the highest median income for Asian ${ }^{*}$ residents (greater than $\$ 150,000$ ). The counties with the lowest median household incomes for Asian* residents were Broome County $(\$ 45,325)$ and Tompkins County $(\$ 46,682)$.
- During 2017-2021, Asian* residents had the second highest percentage of population with no health insurance ( 6.5 percent) among all racial and ethnic groups and was almost twice that of White non-Hispanics ( 3.3 percent). The percentage was higher in New York City (7.1 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City (4.9 percent).


## General Health

- In New York State during 2018-2020, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics had the lowest age-adjusted total mortality rate ( 398.1 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups but had a 21.0 percent increase from 2017-2019 ( 329.0 per 100,000). The rate was higher in New York City $(411.4$ per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 356.7 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics, Schenectady County had the highest rate (536.3 per 100,000 ) and Tompkins County had the lowest rate ( 228.0 per 100,000).

[^9]- In New York State during 2018-2020, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics had the second lowest percentage of premature deaths or deaths before the age of 75 (42.6 percent). The only group with a lower percentage of premature deaths were White non-Hispanics ( 35.5 percent). The percentage was lower in New York City (42.0 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City (44.9 percent). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics, Schenectady County had the highest percentage ( 63.4 percent), and New York County had the lowest percentage ( 27.1 percent).
- In New York State during 2018-2020, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics had the lowest age-adjusted years of potential life lost rate ( $2,613.9$ per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( $2,715.9$ per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (2,347.4 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics, Schenectady County had the highest rate ( $5,318.0$ per 100,000 ) and Tompkins County had the lowest rate ( $1,017.2$ per 100,000).


## Strengths

Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics tend to experience lesser health burdens than other racial and ethnic groups. The following are some areas where Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics had the least burden for health outcomes:

- During 2018-2020, the teen pregnancy rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic females under 18 years of age was the lowest ( 0.9 per 1,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City ( 1.0 per 1,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 0.7 per 1,000 ). Due to the small number of teen pregnancies in this population, comparisons among counties may not be meaningful. Rates derived from a small number of occurrences can fluctuate widely because of one or two events.
- During 2018-2020, the infant mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 1.6 per 1,000 live births) among all racial and ethnic groups and had a 20.0 percent decrease since 2017-2019 ( 2.0 per 1,000 live births). The rate was nearly identical in New York City ( 1.6 per 1,000 live births) compared to New York State outside of New York City (1.7 per 1,000 live births). Due to the small number of infant mortalities in this population, comparisons among counties may not be meaningful. Rates derived from a small number of occurrences can fluctuate widely because of one or two events.
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted unintentional injury mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest (11.0 per 100,000) among all
racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City (10.6 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (12.1 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted unintentional injury hospitalization rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 26.5 per 10,000) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was slightly higher in New York City ( 26.6 per 10,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 26.2 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics, Oneida County had the highest rate ( 35.9 per 10,000 ) and Broome County had the lowest rate ( 7.2 per 10,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, the opioid burden for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest $(20.8$ per 100,000$)$ among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City (21.4 per 100,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City (19.7 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted asthma hospitalizations rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the second lowest ( 3.5 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and had a 25.5 percent decrease since 2017-2019 (4.7 per 10,000). The rate was slightly higher in New York City ( 3.8 per 10,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 2.9 per 10,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Bronx County had the highest rate ( 8.5 per 10,000 ) and Westchester County had the lowest rate ( 1.6 per 10,000 ).
- During 2018-2020, the asthma hospitalizations rate for Asian/Pacific Islander nonHispanics between $0-17$ years of age was the second lowest ( 8.2 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and had a 28.7 percent decrease from 2017-2019 (11.5 per 10,000 ). The rate was higher in New York City ( 9.0 per 10,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 6.4 per 10,000).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalization rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 6.9 per 10,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups and had a 25.0 percent decrease from 2017-2019 ( 9.2 per 10,000). The rate was higher in New York City ( 7.3 per 10,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 5.7 per 10,000).
- In 2021, the percentage of Asian ${ }^{*}$ fee-for-service Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination was the second highest ( 50.0 percent) among all racial and ethnic groups.
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted diseases of the heart mortality for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 104.3 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was higher in New York City (110.2 per 100,000) compared to New

[^10]York State outside of New York City (84.3 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Richmond County had the highest rate ( 139.5 per 100,000 ) and Monroe County had the lowest rate ( 57.8 per 100,000).

- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 17.2 per 100,000) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City $(16.5$ per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (19.4 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted coronary heart disease mortality for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 93.2 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups but had a 12.6 percent increase from 2017-2019 ( 82.8 per 100,000 ). The rate was higher in New York City ( 100.3 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 69.3 per 100,000). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics and a stable rate (defined as numerator of 10 or more cases), Richmond County had the highest rate (129.4 per 100,000 ) and Monroe County had the lowest rate ( 36.5 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest (13.3 per 100,000) among all racial and ethnic groups but had a 14.7 percent increase from 2017-2019 (11.6 per 100,000). The rate was lower in New York City (13.0 per 100,000) compared to New York State outside of New York City (14.2 per 100,000).
- During 2017-2019, the age-adjusted colorectal cancer mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 8.0 per 100,000 ) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was lower in New York City ( 7.9 per 100,000 ) compared to New York State outside of New York City (8.4 per 100,000).
- During 2017-2019, the age-adjusted female breast cancer mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the lowest ( 9.7 per 100,000) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rate was identical in New York City ( 9.7 per 100,000) and nearly identical in New York State outside of New York City ( 9.8 per 100,000).


## Challenges

Even though Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic health outcomes were generally better than those of other racial and ethnic groups in New York State, there were health indicators where this group faced challenges:

- Infants born weighing less than 2,500 grams are considered low birth weight and are at risk for developing health-related problems during their first year of life. Among

Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics, 8.7 percent of infants born during 2018-2020 were low birth weight, the second highest among all racial and ethnic groups. The percentages were higher in New York City ( 8.9 percent) compared to New York State outside of New York City ( 8.3 percent). Among counties with at least 5,000 Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics, Bronx County had the highest percentage (10.8 percent), and Tompkins County had the lowest percent (4.8 percent).

- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted suicide mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics was the second highest ( 5.3 per 100,000) among all racial and ethnic groups. The rates were similar in New York City ( 5.6 per 100,000) and New York State outside of New York City (4.6 per 100,000).
- During 2018-2020, the age-adjusted diabetes mortality rate for Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanics increased by 14.7 percent (13.3 per 100,000) since 2017-2019 (11.6 per 100,000 ).


## Format of the Report

The New York State Health Equity Report: County Edition - 2023 contains information at the state and county levels on health-related indicators, as well as information on population estimates, household income, education, and families living in poverty. Many of the report's indicators are also used to measure progress toward achieving the state's Prevention Agenda 2024 objectives and represent some of the most prominent disparities in New York State.

Most indicators in this report are presented by county for the following racial and ethnic groups: White non-Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic, and Hispanic. A few exceptions exist within sociodemographic indicators - median household income, the percentage of families below poverty, the percentage of children below poverty, the percentage of the population unemployed, the percentage of population with no health insurance, the percentage of the population with a bachelor's degree of higher, the percentage of the population in single parent families, the percentage of the population with a disability, and the percentage of the population that speaks English less than very well - are presented by county for White nonHispanic, Black, Asian, and Hispanic race/ethnic groups. For these indicators, the Black and Asian groups include Hispanics, while the Asian group excludes Pacific Islanders. Two indicators - the percentage of fee-for-service Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination and the percentage of female fee-for-service Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who received an annual mammography screening - are presented by county for White nonHispanic, Black, Asian/Pacific Islander, and Hispanic race/ethnic groups. For these indicators, the Black and Asian groups include Hispanics.

Population data are presented for the year 2018. Poverty, education, income, and other sociodemographic indicators are presented for the five-year period 2017-2021, unless otherwise noted. All birth, mortality, hospitalization, and general health-based indicators are presented for the three-year period (2018-2020). Cancer-related indicators are presented for the three-year period (2017-2019).

Hospitalization-based indicators use primary diagnosis unless otherwise specified. Mortality indicators are based on underlying causes of death.

Misclassification of race and ethnicity information on birth, death and especially hospital records can occur during the data collection process. Please use caution when interpreting these data. The following table presents indicators used in this report with a description of data sources and definitions.

## About Minority Health Data and Statistics

| Health Indicator | Description and Definition | Data Source and <br> Program Contact <br> Information |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Percentage of <br> population with a <br> disability | The percentage of the population with a disability includes 1. people of any age with hearing <br> or vision difficulty, and 2. people aged 5 or older who had serious difficulty concentrating, <br> remembering, or making decisions due to physical, mental, or emotional condition, or who <br> had serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs, or who had difficulty dressing or bathing, and <br> 3. people aged 15 or older who, due to a physical, mental, or emotional condition, had <br> difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping. | U.S Bureau <br> Explore Census Data <br> (American Community |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Survey) ${ }^{\text {b Table S1810 }}$ |  |  |


| Number of births per <br> year (3-year average) | The number of births per year includes the number of births, averaged over the latest 3-year <br> period, for each race/ethnicity group. The average total births for the county includes "Other" <br> and Unknown races. | Vital Statistics Unit e <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Phone: (518) 473-8144 |  |  |


|  |  |  | Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fertility per 1,000 <br> females aged 15-44 <br> years | The number of live births per 1,000 females aged 15-44. |  |  |


|  | (last updated 1/12/2017). For further ICD-10-CM information, visit Injury Data and Resources. <br> - As of October 1, 2015, medical data coded using the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinic Modification (ICD-10-CM) requires coders to assign unintentional intent when the intent is not stated in the medical record. This may lead to an overcount of unintentional injuries and an undercount of intentional injuries, such as assaults and self-harm. | Data Contact: SPARCS Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opioid Burden per 10,000 population | Opioid burden includes opioid overdose deaths, non-fatal outpatient ED visits and hospital discharges involving opioid abuse, poisoning, dependence and unspecified use. <br> - Underlying cause of death, determined from the field designated as such, or, where missing or unknown, from the first listed multiple cause of death field: X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14 AND Any opioid in all other causes of death: T40.0, T40.1, T40.2, T40.3, T40.4, T40.6 ICD-10-CM: Opioid abuse (Principal Diagnosis: F1110, F11120, F11121, F11122, F11129, F1114, F11150, F11151, F11159, F11181, F11182, F11188, F1119); Opioid dependence and unspecified use (Principal Diagnosis: F1120, F11220, F11221, F11222, F11229, F1123, F1124, F11250, F11251, F11259, F11281, F11282, F11288, F1129, F1190, F11920, F11921, F11922, F11929, F1193, F1194, F11950, F11951, F11959, F11981, F11982, F11988, F1199); Opioid poisoning (Principal Diagnosis: T40.0, T40.1, T40.2, T40.3, T40.4, T40.6 (Excludes 'adverse effect' or 'underdosing' as indicated by the values of 5 and 6 in the 6th character; and 'sequela' as indicated by the value of ' S ' in the 7th character; e.g. T400X5S, T400X6S) | Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS) ${ }^{\ddagger}$ <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: SPARCS <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 <br> Vital Statistics Unit e <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 <br> population, age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of: X60-X84, Y87.0. | Vital Statistics Unit e <br> Bureau of Health Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Respiratory Disease Related Indicators |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years and total, age-adjusted | The number of hospitalizations per 10,000 population aged 0-17 and total. The ICD-10-CM code used for asthma is: J45. | Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS) ${ }^{\ddagger}$ <br> Bureau of Health Informatics <br> Division of Information and Statistics <br> Office of Quality and Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: SPARCS <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease (CLRD) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | The number of hospitalizations due to CLRD per 10,000. The ICD-10-CM codes used for CLRD are: J40-J47. | Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS) ${ }^{\ddagger}$ <br> Bureau of Health Informatics <br> Division of Information and Statistics <br> Office of Quality and Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: SPARCS <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |


| Chronic lower respiratory disease (CLRD) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of: J40-J47. | Vital Statistics Unit ${ }^{\text {e }}$ <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of fee-forservice (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination | Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination. <br> According to the FAQ's page on the Mapping Medicare Disparities by Population website, "Race and ethnicity: A Medicare beneficiary's race and ethnicity is based on the variable imputed race definition created by the Research Triangle Institute (RTI). RTI's race definition improves on the SSA classification of a beneficiary's race and ethnicity which is designated at birth. The RTI race variable imputes race for Hispanic and Asian/Pacific Islander classifications based on Census surname lists for Hispanic and Asian/Pacific Islander origin, as well as geography." | Centers for Medicare \& Medicaid Services, Mapping Medicare Disparities by Population ${ }^{9}$ |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Related Indicators |  |  |
| Disease of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of: IO0-I09, I11, I13, and I20-I51. | Vital Statistics Unit e <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Disease of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | The number of hospitalizations per 10,000 population. The ICD-10-CM codes used for diseases of the heart are: I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51. | Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS) ${ }^{\ddagger}$ <br> Bureau of Health Informatics <br> Division of Information and Statistics <br> Office of Quality and Patient Safety Data Contact: SPARCS Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of: 160-I69. | Vital Statistics Unit ${ }^{\text {e }}$ <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: Vital <br> Statistics Unit <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | The number of hospitalizations per 10,000 population. The ICD-10-CM codes used for cerebrovascular disease are: I60-I69. | Statewide Planning and <br> Research Cooperative System (SPARCS) $\ddagger$ <br> Bureau of Health Informatic <br> Division of Information and <br> Statistics <br> Office of Quality and <br> Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: SPARCS <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |


| Coronary heart disease <br> mortality per 100,000 <br> population, age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code <br> of: I11, I20-I25. | Vital Statistics Unit e <br> Bureau of Health <br> Informatics |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Division of Information and |  |  |
| Statistics |  |  |
| Office of Quality and |  |  |
| Patient Safety |  |  |
| Data Contact: Vital |  |  |
| Statistics Unit |  |  |


| 10,000 population, ageadjusted |  | Bureau of Health Informatics Division of Information and Statistics Office of Quality and Patient Safety Data Contact: SPARCS Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | The number of potentially preventable hospitalizations of diabetes with short-term complications per 10,000 population among adults aged 18 years and older. This is a Prevention Quality Indicator (PQI) developed by AHRQ (version 2019). For more information, visit the AHRQ PQI resources page | Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS) $\ddagger$ <br> Bureau of Health Informatics <br> Division of Information and Statistics <br> Office of Quality and Patient Safety <br> Data Contact: SPARCS <br> Phone: (518) 473-8144 |
| Cancer Related Indicators |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted <br> Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted <br> Cervix uteri cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted | Incidence data are based on reports from hospitals and other health facilities that diagnose and treat cancer patients. All primary tumors receive an ICD-O-3 code indicating the anatomic site of origin. Standard Site Analysis categories for cancer data analysis are available on the SEER Incidence Site Recode web page ${ }^{1}$. These data include only invasive malignant tumors. | Contact: New York State Cancer Registry at (518) 474-2255. |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of C18-C21, C26.0i. | Contact: New York State Cancer Registry at (518) 474-2255 |
| Breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 female population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of C50. | Contact: New York State Cancer Registry at (518) 474-2255. |
| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population ageadjusted | The number of deaths per 100,000 population, with a primary cause of death ICD-10 code of C53i. | Contact: New York State Cancer Registry at (518) 474-2255. |
| Late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population ageadjusted | Incidence data are based on reports from hospitals and other health facilities that diagnose and treat cancer patients. Late stage is defined as regional or distant stage at diagnosis (SEER summary stage), available at SEER web page i. | Contact: New York State Cancer Registry at (518) 474-2255. |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees ages 65-74 who received an annual mammography screening. | Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees ages 65-74 who received an annual mammography screening. <br> According to the FAQ's page on the Mapping Medicare Disparities by Population website, "Race and ethnicity: A Medicare beneficiary's race and ethnicity is based on the variable imputed race definition created by the Research Triangle Institute (RTI). RTI's race definition improves on the SSA classification of a beneficiary's race and ethnicity which is designated at birth. The RTI race variable imputes race for Hispanic and Asian/Pacific Islander classifications based on Census surname lists for Hispanic and Asian/Pacific Islander origin, as well as geography." |  <br> Medicaid Services, <br> Mapping Medicare <br> Disparities by Population ${ }^{9}$ |

## Data Notes:

Standard population used for age-adjustment using the 2000 projected U.S. population. Klein RJ, Schoenborn CA. Healthy People Statistical Notes, no. 20. Hyattsville, Maryland: National Center for Health Statistics. January 2001.

## ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics

U.S. Census Populations With Bridged Race Categories. NCHS Vintage Bridged-race postcensal population estimates single year of age ( 0 to $85+$ years) released annually for the previous year.

## ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Explore Census Data. U.S. Census Bureau

Explore Census Data has tables from the American Community Survey (ACS), an ongoing survey of households in the USA. Tables at the Census website show data at the national level, and by state, county, and place, among other geographies. The Census tables used for CHIRE present data by race/ethnic groups including White non-Hispanic, Black or African American, Asian, and Hispanic (of any race). In the Census tables used for CHIRE, the categories of people who are Black or African American, or Asian, also include people who are Hispanic, and category of people who are Hispanic also include people who are White, Black or African American, or Asian. The race/ethnic categories are not mutually exclusive.

## ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Graduation Rate Database, NYS Department of Education, Downloads

This database contains annual graduation, and dropout data for the state as well as by county. The data are reported by school year.

## ${ }^{\text {d Adult Arrests by Age, Race/Ethnicity and Sex by County and Region, NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services }}$

Police departments report arrests to DCJS that require fingerprints, the criteria for which are defined in state law. Arrests are reported to the state by the police department that made the arrest.
These are not rates of the number of different people who were arrested within the time period. Rather, these are rates of the number of arrests within the time period.

## ${ }^{e}$ Vital Records (Vital Statistics)

Vital Event Registration: New York State consists of two registration areas, New York City and New York State Exclusive of New York City (also referred as Rest of State). New York City (NYC) includes the five counties of Bronx, Kings (Brooklyn), New York (Manhattan), Queens and Richmond (Staten Island); the remaining 57 counties comprise New York State Exclusive of New York City. The Bureau of Vital Records, New York State Department of Health (the Department), processes data from live birth, death, fetal death and marriage certificates recorded in New York State Exclusive of New York City. Through a cooperative agreement, the New York State Department of Health receives data on live births, deaths, fetal deaths and marriages recorded in New York City from the New York City Department of Health and on live births and deaths recorded outside of New York State to residents of New York State from other states and Canada.

Vital Event indicators for NYC geographical areas reported by the Department and DOHMH are different since the former may include all NYC residents' events regardless of where they occurred and the latter reports only events to NYC residents that occurred in NYC. The indicators may also differ due to timing and/or completeness of data.
The counts of births and deaths may be influenced by specific reporting issues each year. The specific issues are reported in the technical notes of the Vital Statistics reports, in the Report Measures section.
All the vital statistics presented in this report are based on the county/borough of residence.
${ }^{\mathrm{f}}$ Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS)
Information about hospitalizations is collected through the hospital inpatient discharge data system. Each hospitalization receives an ICD-10 code at discharge that indicates the primary reason for the hospitalization. There are also up to 24 other diagnosis codes recorded to further describe the hospitalization. Statistics presented in these tables are based on the primary diagnosis unless otherwise noted. This data system does not include information about events that did not result in a hospitalization, such as cases that were only treated in a hospital emergency room. Numbers and rates are based on the number of hospitalizations that occurred and not on the number of individuals who were hospitalized.

## ${ }^{\mathrm{g}}$ Centers for Medicare \& Medicaid (CMS)

The CMS's Services Mapping Medicare Disparities by Population is an interactive tool that contains health outcome measures for disease prevalence, costs, hospitalization for 60 specific chronic conditions, emergency department utilization, readmissions rates, mortality, preventable hospitalizations, and preventive services. The race/ethnic categories used in the CMS tables follow the Census race/ethnic categories, except that in the CMS tables, Asian include Pacific Islanders.

## ${ }^{h}$ APNCU

APNCU Index: The APNCU Index is an adequacy of prenatal care index that takes into account the number of prenatal care visits received and number of expected by age of gestation at delivery, and incorporates a category that distinguishes women who have had more prenatal visits than would be expected (Adequacy Plus Category)
${ }^{\text {i }}$ National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) Program
The SEER Site Recode: http://seer.cancer.gov/siterecode/
The SEER Cause of Death Recode: http://seer.cancer.gov/codrecode/

## Unstable Estimates:

For indicators from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS), the relative standard error, a measure of variation, is large compared to estimate, over 30 percent of the estimate. Therefore, percentage is unstable.
For all other indicators except the first three population indicators, and arrest rate and drop out rate, fewer than 10 events in the numerator, therefore, the rate or percentage is unstable.

## New York State Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 11,013,650 | 2,941,357 | 1,788,621 | 3,728,743 | 19,544,098 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 56.4\% | 15.0\% | 9.2\% | 19.1\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.3\% | 13.4\% | 12.6\% | 9.8\% | 16.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 85,520 | 53,697 | 83,399 | 55,621 | 75,157 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.7\% | 16.5\% | 11.3\% | 17.6\% | 9.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 12.1\% | 28.0\% | 16.7\% | 25.9\% | 18.4\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 9.2\% | 5.7\% | 8.3\% | 6.2\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.3\% | 6.0\% | 6.5\% | 10.1\% | 5.3\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 44.7\% | 25.2\% | 48.3\% | 21.0\% | 38.1\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 9.9\% | 32.6\% | 7.7\% | 28.1\% | 16.0\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 12.1\% | 12.8\% | 6.9\% | 11.4\% | 11.6\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 4.5\% | 6.2\% | 41.3\% | 32.9\% | 6.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.0\% | 9.8\% | 4.0\% | 12.2\% | 7.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 11.2 | 49.5 | 6.7 | 25.2 | 19.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 678.3 | 807.8 | 398.1 | 609.2 | 686.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 35.5\% | 56.2\% | 42.6\% | 53.5\% | 41.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,415.3 | 8,735.1 | 2,613.9 | 5,585.4 | 5,904.5 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 90.8 | 200.1 | 45.1 | 124.8 | 117.6 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 106,880 | 31,062 | 23,143 | 50,132 | 217,763 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 82.0\% | 65.8\% | 78.5\% | 70.0\% | 76.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 79.6\% | 67.7\% | 77.4\% | 69.8\% | 75.1\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.6\% | 13.1\% | 8.4\% | 10.0\% | 9.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.2\% | 13.1\% | 8.7\% | 8.5\% | 8.1\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.5 | 7.7 | 0.9 | 6.6 | 4.2 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 62.7 | 86.2 | 61.2 | 82.1 | 76.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 53.5 | 48.7 | 55.0 | 60.4 | 55.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.2 | 8.4 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 4.2 |
| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.8\% | 33.3\% | 28.5\% | 29.2\% | 28.5\% |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |


| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.5 | 5.1 | 2.5 | 4.7 | 5.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 39.8 | 35.0 | 11.0 | 33.2 | 36.1 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.3 | 61.2 | 26.5 | 52.3 | 66.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 205.0 | 100.6 | 87.0 | 121.0 | 192.6 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.6 | 13.2 | 2.3 | 8.8 | 10.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.3 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 8.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 247.1 | 269.4 | 20.8 | 253.3 | 254.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.0 | 18.1 | 3.5 | 13.4 | 8.5 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.0 | 32.8 | 8.2 | 19.6 | 15.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.4 | 21.2 | 8.8 | 15.6 | 27.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 14.1 | 34.1 | 6.9 | 24.0 | 20.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 52\% | 33\% | 50\% | 36\% | 49\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 170.5 | 224.2 | 104.3 | 144.6 | 174.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 68.1 | 96.2 | 37.6 | 67.3 | 79.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.4 | 28.3 | 17.2 | 22.5 | 24.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 16.6 | 29.0 | 12.4 | 17.1 | 20.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 128.5 | 190.4 | 93.2 | 123.5 | 137.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.7 | 20.6 | 15.5 | 20.3 | 23.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.3 | 7.8 | 2.6 | 5.6 | 10.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 35.9 | 59.0 | 12.9 | 27.2 | 39.5 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.4 | 35.9 | 13.3 | 21.1 | 19.2 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.9 | 36.6 | 5.6 | 23.2 | 18.7 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 149.0 | 324.1 | 118.5 | 249.5 | 210.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.5 | 14.9 | 1.4 | 7.4 | 7.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 64.3 | 47.1 | 46.6 | 31.9 | 56.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.8 | 14.3 | 8.0 | 9.4 | 11.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.0 | 39.1 | 33.3 | 31.5 | 37.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 18.2 | 24.8 | 9.7 | 13.5 | 18.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 42.2 | 51.9 | 32.4 | 31.3 | 41.4 |
| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 1.6 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 |


| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> $2019)$ | 6.6 | 9.8 | 8.4 | 8.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years <br> who received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $34 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

New York City Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 2,767,463 | 1,892,407 | 1,280,423 | 2,428,508 | 8,396,614 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 33.0\% | 22.5\% | 15.2\% | 28.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.1\% | 14.7\% | 13.2\% | 11.3\% | 14.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 102,960 | 53,075 | 76,832 | 49,275 | 70,663 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.8\% | 16.6\% | 12.9\% | 19.9\% | 13.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 15.6\% | 27.6\% | 18.5\% | 29.8\% | 23.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.3\% | 9.7\% | 6.1\% | 9.3\% | 7.5\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.7\% | 6.5\% | 7.1\% | 10.7\% | 6.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 61.2\% | 25.3\% | 44.0\% | 20.1\% | 39.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.3\% | 31.8\% | 7.8\% | 30.0\% | 19.1\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 10.1\% | 12.7\% | 7.1\% | 12.6\% | 10.9\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021) ~ | 11.4\% | 6.9\% | 46.0\% | 36.0\% | 11.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.9\% | 10.0\% | 4.9\% | 12.3\% | 9.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 7.2 | 45.4 | 7.7 | 25.8 | 21.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 575.3 | 796.3 | 411.4 | 624.5 | 645.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 32.9\% | 54.7\% | 42.0\% | 51.7\% | 44.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,186.8 | 8,486.8 | 2,715.9 | 5,746.5 | 5,706.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 70.6 | 190.9 | 46.0 | 133.0 | 125.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 33,906 | 19,279 | 16,731 | 29,644 | 102,324 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 82.1\% | 63.6\% | 78.7\% | 68.0\% | 73.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 77.7\% | 66.4\% | 77.4\% | 68.4\% | 72.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 6.4\% | 12.9\% | 8.4\% | 9.9\% | 9.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.7\% | 12.7\% | 8.9\% | 8.6\% | 8.5\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.9 | 7.8 | 1.0 | 6.7 | 5.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 68.9 | 88.0 | 63.8 | 79.5 | 82.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 57.5 | 46.8 | 55.9 | 54.7 | 55.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.1 | 7.0 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 3.7 |
| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 24.2\% | 33.1\% | 27.5\% | 28.9\% | 27.7\% |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |


| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.5 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.1 | 30.7 | 10.6 | 32.3 | 28.4 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 50.9 | 57.5 | 26.6 | 53.4 | 61.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 192.2 | 97.0 | 90.6 | 119.8 | 166.1 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.2 | 13.1 | 2.1 | 10.0 | 10.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.8 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 5.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 246.5 | 292.6 | 21.4 | 301.2 | 277.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | 20.3 | 3.8 | 16.4 | 12.8 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.6 | 39.7 | 9.0 | 25.0 | 24.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.8 | 19.7 | 9.4 | 16.1 | 17.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 10.3 | 35.2 | 7.3 | 27.9 | 24.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 183.5 | 234.3 | 110.2 | 153.6 | 187.9 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 56.4 | 91.8 | 37.7 | 69.3 | 79.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.1 | 26.0 | 16.5 | 21.4 | 20.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 12.6 | 26.8 | 12.6 | 17.1 | 21.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 164.3 | 208.3 | 100.3 | 135.1 | 167.4 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.7 | 19.3 | 15.5 | 20.6 | 23.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.1 | 5.8 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 5.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 28.6 | 59.7 | 13.8 | 31.3 | 39.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.5 | 35.9 | 13.0 | 22.2 | 20.7 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.1 | 34.9 | 5.7 | 25.6 | 22.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 122.5 | 308.2 | 120.6 | 265.5 | 241.2 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 2.4 | 13.5 | 1.4 | 7.9 | 7.5 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 52.4 | 43.1 | 52.0 | 30.9 | 45.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.2 | 14.3 | 7.9 | 9.9 | 11.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.6 | 37.7 | 34.1 | 31.2 | 36.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 18.7 | 25.0 | 9.7 | 13.6 | 18.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 45.9 | 53.1 | 32.3 | 30.4 | 42.1 |
| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 1.3 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 |


| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> $2019)$ | 7.1 | 10.7 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.0 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years <br> who received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

New York State (Excluding NYC) Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 20182020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 8,246,187 | 1,048,950 | 508,198 | 1,300,235 | 11,147,484 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 74.0\% | 9.4\% | 4.6\% | 11.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.7\% | 11.0\% | 10.9\% | 6.9\% | 17.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.0\% | 28.8\% | 12.9\% | 20.0\% | 14.7\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.1\% | 4.9\% | 4.9\% | 9.0\% | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 38.9\% | 24.9\% | 60.7\% | 22.9\% | 37.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 10.7\% | 34.3\% | 7.2\% | 24.1\% | 13.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 12.8\% | 13.1\% | 6.3\% | 9.1\% | 12.1\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021) ~ | 2.1\% | 4.7\% | 29.7\% | 27.0\% | 2.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.9\% | 9.4\% | 2.3\% | 12.0\% | 6.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 12.5 | 57.4 | 4.0 | 24.0 | 17.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 714.0 | 834.2 | 356.7 | 570.1 | 714.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 36.2\% | 59.5\% | 44.9\% | 58.8\% | 39.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,927.9 | 9,160.3 | 2,347.4 | 5,212.7 | 6,139.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 97.8 | 220.6 | 42.5 | 106.2 | 112.5 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 72,974 | 11,783 | 6,412 | 20,488 | 115,439 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 81.9\% | 69.6\% | 78.0\% | 72.8\% | 78.4\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 80.6\% | 70.0\% | 77.6\% | 71.9\% | 77.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.2\% | 13.5\% | 8.6\% | 10.2\% | 9.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.5\% | 13.7\% | 8.3\% | 8.4\% | 7.7\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.6 | 7.7 | 0.7 | 6.4 | 3.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 60.0 | 83.0 | 54.7 | 87.0 | 70.8 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 51.8 | 52.1 | 52.9 | 71.2 | 56.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.7 | 10.7 | 1.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 28.2\% | 33.5\% | 31.6\% | 29.6\% | 29.2\% |

Injury-Related Indicators

| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.6 | 8.2 | 2.7 | 7.4 | 6.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 44.6 | 43.3 | 12.1 | 35.3 | 42.6 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.1 | 68.8 | 26.2 | 51.5 | 69.4 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 209.0 | 109.3 | 75.9 | 124.5 | 209.4 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.7 | 13.0 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 10.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.3 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 9.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 242.3 | 227.0 | 19.7 | 167.7 | 234.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.2 | 14.4 | 2.9 | 7.6 | 5.4 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.2 | 22.5 | 6.4 | 11.6 | 9.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.3 | 25.2 | 6.6 | 14.6 | 33.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 15.4 | 33.2 | 5.7 | 16.2 | 18.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 166.4 | 199.3 | 84.3 | 118.1 | 166.2 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 71.9 | 106.4 | 37.4 | 63.2 | 79.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.1 | 34.2 | 19.4 | 25.8 | 27.0 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 17.8 | 33.7 | 11.7 | 17.6 | 20.7 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 116.8 | 147.6 | 69.3 | 89.6 | 117.5 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 23.3 | 15.8 | 19.5 | 23.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.6 | 12.9 | 4.1 | 8.5 | 14.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 38.4 | 57.7 | 10.3 | 18.9 | 39.2 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.6 | 36.0 | 14.2 | 18.4 | 18.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.0 | 39.5 | 5.1 | 17.4 | 16.4 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 158.0 | 358.6 | 112.3 | 211.8 | 190.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.2 | 17.6 | 1.3 | 6.3 | 6.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 67.8 | 56.2 | 30.3 | 35.1 | 64.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.0 | 14.5 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 11.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.9 | 42.3 | 30.8 | 32.8 | 37.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 18.2 | 24.0 | 9.8 | 13.2 | 18.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 41.2 | 49.6 | 32.9 | 34.0 | 40.9 |
| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- | 1.7 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.8 |


| 2019$)$ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> $2019)$ | 6.5 | 7.8 | 5.5 | 7.9 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years <br> who received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Albany County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 223,571 | 41,690 | 21,907 | 18,943 | 306,691 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 72.9\% | 13.6\% | 7.1\% | 6.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.2\% | 9.6\% | 6.6\% | 5.9\% | 16.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 81,843 | 42,050 | 84,393 | 53,944 | 73,810 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 3.7\% | 21.8\% | 10.1\% | 15.5\% | 6.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.2\% | 29.4\% | 15.6\% | 26.6\% | 14.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.6\% | 10.5\% | 4.0\% | 8.0\% | 4.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 2.3\% | 5.0\% | 2.5\% | 6.1\% | 3.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 46.7\% | 24.7\% | 61.3\% | 32.4\% | 44.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.2\% | 49.6\% | 6.5\% | 36.9\% | 17.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 11.2\% | 14.8\% | 6.2\% | 11.9\% | 11.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.5\% | 3.0\% | 36.1\% | 14.9\% | 1.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.2\% | 10.6\% | 2.8\% | 14.2\% | 6.5\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 12.4 | 69.1 | 3.3 | 34.4 | 20.4 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 705.2 | 901.9 | 403.6 | 528.5 | 724.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 35.6\% | 71.1\% | 44.2\% | 69.0\% | 40.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,710.3 | 11,577.4 | 2,267.8 | 6,306.0 | 6,486.5 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 87.9 | 251.6 | 28.0 | 75.3 | 107.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,662 | 524 | 326 | 275 | 2,935 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 83.8\% | 68.0\% | 75.6\% | 69.4\% | 78.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 85.7\% | 70.8\% | 80.8\% | 72.5\% | 80.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.3\% | 13.2\% | 8.6\% | 11.3\% | 9.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.3\% | 12.2\% | 8.6\% | 10.7\% | 8.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.0 | 15.6 | 0.3* | 13.1 | 5.9 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 48.2 | 97.9 | 54.5 | 79.1 | 62.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 37.8 | 49.8 | 51.1 | 54.2 | 44.4 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.6 | 12.1 | 1.0* | 9.7* | 5.9 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.7\% | 33.8\% | 28.9\% | 25.5\% | 27.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.2 | 11.8 | 1.5* | 6.0* | 5.3 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.4 | 46.4 | 15.4* | 40.8 | 31.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 69.1 | 86.2 | 22.5 | 49.6 | 74.2 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 245.9 | 138.9 | 71.5 | 89.6 | 238.1 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.5 | 17.4 | 3.6 | 11.0 | 11.6 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.5 | 3.5* | 5.6* | $5.4^{*}$ | 9.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 289.4 | 306.2 | 22.8 | 160.1 | 288.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.0 | 20.5 | 2.3 | 7.3 | 6.5 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.4 | 27.5 | 7.5 | 15.9 | 12.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.7 | 41.4 | 13.7* | 18.7* | 30.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.9 | 49.4 | 3.1 | 17.1 | 18.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 58\% | 36\% | 52\% | 40\% | 56\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 160.6 | 216.3 | 95.4 | 108.4 | 165.8 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 67.7 | 119.7 | 27.9 | 33.4 | 75.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.3 | 38.0 | 34.4 | 13.0* | 25.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.1 | 40.5 | 13.4 | 15.5 | 23.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 98.1 | 141.4 | 73.4 | 41.1 | 101.9 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.2 | 27.1 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 18.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.4 | 18.0 | 3.5* | 12.1* | 16.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 35.1 | 53.6 | 5.0 | 8.0 | 35.1 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.0 | 44.1 | 17.9* | 54.9 | 19.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.6 | 49.8 | 2.0 | 12.4 | 16.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 164.2 | 463.8 | 78.7 | 165.2 | 202.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.5 | 18.3 | S | 4.5 | 6.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 70.8 | 86.4 | 28.1 | 28.7* | 70.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.7 | 9.5* | 22.5* | S | 9.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 35.9 | 41.7 | 30.7 | 30.0* | 35.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 19.4 | 27.3 | S | S | 19.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 40.9 | 68.0 | 39.7 | S | 42.0 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $1.3^{\star}$ | s | s | $0.0^{\star}$ | $1.6^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 6.6 | s | s | s | 6.5 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Allegany County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 44,007 | 744 | 623 | 793 | 46,286 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.1\% | 1.6\% | 1.3\% | 1.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.5\% | 5.1\% | 6.1\% | 7.8\% | 18.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 54,315 | NA | 84,063 | 55,385* | 54,375 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.0\% | 3.7\%* | 0.0\% | 58.5\%* | 10.2\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021) ~ | 25.6\% | 73.1\% | 38.6\% | 40.9\% | 25.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.6\% | 10.4\%* | 9.7\%* | 3.1\%* | 6.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 6.1\% | 3.9\%* | 6.7\%* | 10.3\%* | 6.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 22.0\% | 16.4\%* | 42.9\% | 43.8\% | 22.4\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.9\% | 0.0\% | 8.3\% | 73.2\% | 13.0\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.2\% | 10.5\%* | 7.8\%* | 14.7\% | 16.1\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.3\% | 5.1\% | 26.4\% | 4.1\% | 0.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 20.0\% | 5.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 17.6 | 62.8 | 4.0 | 31.7 | 18.5 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 830.3 | 209.4* | 132.5* | 484.6* | 819.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 41.0\% | 66.7\%* | 100.0\%* | 37.5\%* | 41.0\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,159.3 | 3,552.7 | 1,318.8 | 2,985.0 | 6,934.6 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 126.1 | 65.2* | S | 167.7 | 125.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 426 | 1 | 6 | 28 | 469 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 72.7\% | S | S | 46.8\% | 71.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 73.5\% | S | S | 39.0\% | 72.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.6\% | S | s | 4.4\%* | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.7\% | S | S | 6.4\%* | 6.7\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 1.3* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 62.0 | 28.6 | 32.3 | 170.3 | 64.1 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 53.4 | 6.7* | 27.9 | 152.3 | 54.4 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.9* | S | S | 0.0* | 3.6* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 22.6\% | S | S | s | 23.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 42.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 40.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.3 | S | S | 39.4* | 63.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 160.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 163.2 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 7.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.9 | 51.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 124.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 122.4 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 2.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 2.8* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 59.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 58.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 22.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 42\% | NA | NA | NA | 42\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 165.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 141.5* | 162.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 80.0 | S | S | 105.8 | 82.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.6 | 93.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 19.4 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 97.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 141.5* | 95.9 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.1 | S | 0.0* | S | 21.3 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 42.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 47.0* | 41.8 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 76.5* | 34.6 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.0 | S | S | S | 13.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 179.9 | 185.6 | 48.4* | 201.8 | 184.6 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 69.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 68.7 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 20.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.8 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 54.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 53.3 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 33.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Bronx County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 135,930 | 428,514 | 60,073 | 802,667 | 1,432,316 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 9.5\% | 29.9\% | 4.2\% | 56.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 26.9\% | 12.9\% | 12.2\% | 10.5\% | 12.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 70,622 | 44,064 | 64,650 | 38,223 | 43,726 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.8\% | 21.7\% | 17.0\% | 26.4\% | 22.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 17.7\% | 35.2\% | 28.6\% | 37.8\% | 35.4\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 8.0\% | 11.9\% | 7.1\% | 11.6\% | 11.2\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.2\% | 7.2\% | 5.0\% | 8.9\% | 7.8\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 41.5\% | 21.3\% | 37.7\% | 15.0\% | 20.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 9.5\% | 37.7\% | 11.4\% | 38.1\% | 33.7\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 17.5\% | 14.9\% | 10.2\% | 15.9\% | 15.6\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 11.0\% | 10.6\% | 42.9\% | 36.8\% | 14.6\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 8.0\% | 12.9\% | 3.6\% | 15.0\% | 13.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 10.7 | 46.2 | 10.3 | 26.5 | 30.3 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 803.0 | 884.8 | 397.1 | 699.5 | 794.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 34.2\% | 59.4\% | 51.4\% | 54.9\% | 52.6\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8,050.9 | 9,930.4 | 3,074.3 | 6,647.8 | 8,034.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 115.1 | 229.7 | 67.4 | 193.9 | 210.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,211 | 5,347 | 1,005 | 10,786 | 18,731 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 67.9\% | 55.7\% | 60.2\% | 60.3\% | 59.4\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 65.5\% | 58.5\% | 67.3\% | 62.0\% | 61.4\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.5\% | 11.7\% | 8.9\% | 10.0\% | 10.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.0\% | 12.4\% | 10.8\% | 9.3\% | 10.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.9 | 8.2 | 1.0* | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 76.5 | 100.8 | 82.7 | 88.9 | 98.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.1 | 58.3 | 73.8 | 58.3 | 59.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.3 | 6.9 | 1.3* | 3.6 | 4.9 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.4\% | 32.6\% | 29.6\% | 28.8\% | 29.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.7 | 3.0 | 1.7* | 2.6 | 3.1 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.0 | 40.5 | 10.8 | 39.2 | 42.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 78.3 | 78.7 | 26.6 | 70.4 | 87.6 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 209.1 | 131.0 | 69.3 | 156.2 | 190.4 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.9 | 22.0 | 2.6 | 16.7 | 20.6 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.9 | 5.0 | 4.2* | 4.1 | 5.0 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 858.5 | 402.9 | 36.1 | 386.4 | 476.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.0 | 27.2 | 8.5 | 28.2 | 28.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 9.4 | 45.2 | 18.3 | 37.2 | 43.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 32.7 | 24.5 | 10.0 | 21.7 | 25.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 24.4 | 47.5 | 15.4 | 46.5 | 48.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 48\% | 31\% | 45\% | $32 \%$ | 37\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 227.9 | 243.9 | 100.4 | 162.1 | 208.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 64.1 | 101.5 | 44.3 | 88.1 | 103.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.3 | 30.7 | 16.5 | 26.0 | 27.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 17.0 | 30.3 | 12.1 | 20.6 | 27.3 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 204.1 | 214.9 | 94.3 | 140.8 | 182.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.2 | 20.9 | 21.2 | 24.6 | 28.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.8 | 5.5 | 1.2* | 4.9 | 5.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.5 | 61.8 | 16.7 | 40.4 | 52.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.0 | 33.4 | 17.8 | 26.9 | 28.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.8 | 42.7 | 8.4 | 35.5 | 39.7 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 188.2 | 386.0 | 173.0 | 369.1 | 395.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.2 | 14.5 | 1.4 | 10.2 | 12.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 57.0 | 52.3 | 39.3 | 37.5 | 45.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.6 | 13.3 | 6.1 | 10.9 | 12.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.6 | 39.4 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 36.1 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 20.9 | 26.6 | S | 15.7 | 19.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 47.8 | 51.8 | 44.7 | 32.1 | 40.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> 2019) | $3.3^{*}$ | 3.4 | $0.0^{*}$ | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.7 | 11.6 | $7.3^{*}$ | 9.2 | 9.9 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $40 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $35 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Broome County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 162,157 | 12,237 | 8,925 | 8,468 | 192,222 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 84.4\% | 6.4\% | 4.6\% | 4.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.4\% | 6.2\% | 7.8\% | 5.1\% | 19.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 56,927 | 32,288 | 45,325 | 43,958 | 53,982 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.5\% | 38.7\% | 14.4\% | 26.0\% | 11.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 20.6\% | 47.9\% | 23.4\% | 38.7\% | 24.5\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.5\% | 20.3\% | 7.5\% | 12.2\% | 7.5\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.5\% | 4.1\% | 5.9\% | 9.3\% | 3.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 29.1\% | 15.6\% | 50.6\% | 24.0\% | 28.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.8\% | 53.3\% | 12.3\% | 35.4\% | 17.2\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.5\% | 15.6\% | 6.5\% | 13.5\% | 15.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.0\% | 2.4\% | 37.0\% | 12.3\% | 1.4\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.1\% | 16.7\% | 2.2\% | 20.2\% | 7.8\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 21.4 | 137.0 | 7.2 | 47.6 | 28.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 779.9 | 906.9 | 354.7 | 587.1 | 782.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 36.9\% | 76.7\% | 38.0\% | 79.5\% | 38.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,175.0 | 11,504.2 | 3,169.6 | 8,376.3 | 7,449.8 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 129.5 | 324.4 | 8.0* | 113.4 | 138.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,428 | 153 | 77 | 128 | 1,870 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 73.9\% | 56.0\% | 67.8\% | 61.6\% | 70.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 82.6\% | 66.9\% | 79.6\% | 71.6\% | 80.1\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.7\% | 11.6\% | 9.1\% | 11.8\% | 9.4\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.1\% | 12.7\% | 7.8\% | 8.1\% | 7.9\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.6 | 13.9 | 0.0* | 10.9 | 5.8 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 62.7 | 94.4 | 32.0 | 80.8 | 68.7 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 49.5 | 49.0 | 27.4 | 58.6 | 50.5 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.0 | 15.3* | 8.7* | 7.8* | 5.5 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.1\% | 27.1\% | 25.5\% | 30.4\% | 26.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.8 | 0.0* | 5.0* | 5.8* | 5.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 56.2 | 62.0 | 13.3* | 57.2 | 55.1 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 75.6 | 76.2 | 7.2 | 33.2 | 76.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 251.5 | 70.2 | S | 101.0 | 246.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.0 | 24.4 | S | 6.2 | 14.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | 4.6* | 0.0* | 3.6* | 10.0 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 296.6 | 392.3 | 0.0* | 251.9 | 298.8 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.8 | 17.6 | 0.0* | 5.0 | 5.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 9.5 | 17.3 | 0.0* | 9.1* | 10.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 46.1 | 45.4 | 0.0* | 18.8* | 45.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.6 | 43.3 | 0.0* | 14.4 | 19.9 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 56\% | 40\% | 49\% | 38\% | 55\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 163.3 | 207.0 | 68.1 | 108.8 | 164.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 80.4 | 121.5 | 9.6 | 64.8 | 83.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.4 | 27.4* | 24.1* | 40.2* | 31.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.4 | 40.0 | S | 19.4 | 22.5 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 102.1 | 150.0 | 43.6* | 43.2* | 102.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.4 | 36.6 | 4.1 * | 19.1 | 25.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.4 | 7.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 47.1 | 46.1 | S | 15.7 | 44.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.5 | 31.8* | 15.2* | 5.8* | 22.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.4 | 69.2 | S | 18.3 | 20.7 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 200.7 | 480.8 | 33.4 | 265.8 | 219.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.8 | 32.2 | S | 7.2 | 8.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 61.4 | 77.3 | S | 51.0* | 61.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.5 | S | S | S | 12.8 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 36.8 | 21.7* | S | S | 36.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 13.9 | S | 0.0* | S | 13.5 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.4 | S | S | S | 36.6 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $1.9^{\star}$ | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $1.9^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 8.7 | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | 9.1 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Cattaraugus County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 70,140 | 1,562 | 675 | 1,661 | 76,748 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 91.4\% | 2.0\% | 0.9\% | 2.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.1\% | 6.8\% | 9.3\% | 4.5\% | 19.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 54,358 | 36,431 | 49,896* | 34,375 | 53,537 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.8\% | 14.4\%* | 5.5\%* | 23.8\%* | 11.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 23.9\% | 15.4\% | 12.5\% | 26.6\% | 24.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 24.6\%* | 3.9\%* | 6.5\%* | 6.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 6.2\% | 3.9\%* | 2.0\%* | 2.3\%* | 6.3\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 20.4\% | 10.9\%* | 41.5\% | 2.4\%* | 20.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 16.5\% | 21.6\% | 3.6\% | 25.2\% | 17.5\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.4\% | 18.3\% | 1.4\%* | 16.8\% | 16.3\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.1\% | 6.0\% | 28.6\% | 14.3\% | 0.6\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.0\% | 23.5\% | 6.7\% | 11.5\% | 8.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 21.7 | 138.5 | 6.1 | 42.5 | 26.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 836.3 | 836.8 | 105.1* | 652.6 | 847.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 44.4\% | 59.1\% | 50.0\%* | 78.6\% | 45.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,824.9 | 7,068.2 | 1,844.4 | 5,515.3 | 8,142.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 129.3 | 361.4 | 56.8* | 120.7 | 135.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 658 | 6 | 6 | 108 | 841 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 74.5\% | S | s | 71.7\% | 73.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 77.0\% | S | S | 76.5\% | 75.3\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.1\% | S | S | 10.5\%* | 8.4\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.6\% | s | $s$ | 10.5\%* | 7.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.9 | 3.1* | 0.0* | 5.2* | 3.2 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 63.3 | 40.5 | 26.4 | 307.8 | 73.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 56.0 | 21.4 | 35.8 | 295.9 | 64.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.5* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.0 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.5\% | s | s | s | 26.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.5 | 21.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.2 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 44.6 | 21.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 47.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 57.2 | 86.6 | 0.0* | 29.7* | 60.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 150.8 | 188.7* | 0.0* | s | 154.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 18.8* | s | s | 11.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.6 | 0.0* | $31.2 *$ | 0.0* | 17.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 190.6 | 170.7* | s | 260.9 | 208.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.1 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.1 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.6 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 50.1 | 105.0* | 0.0 * | 0.0* | 49.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.0 | 45.6 | s | s | 22.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 43\% | 39\% | 23\% | 28\% | 42\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 213.1 | 167.9* | 0.0* | 149.4* | 212.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 83.0 | 99.9 | s | 99.2 | 85.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 23.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.3 | 39.5* | s | s | 19.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 147.5 | 83.9* | 0.0 * | 149.4* | 146.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.5 | s | s | s | 25.3 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.8 | 33.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 45.2 | 63.3 | s | 34.0 | 45.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 27.1 | 71.2* | 73.8* | 0.0* | 28.4 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.2 | 73.6 | 0.0* | 17.4* | 21.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 190.4 | 428.2 | 88.2 | 141.6 | 207.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.5 | 63.3 | 0.0* | s | 9.7 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 71.7 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 71.5 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.6 | s | $0.0 *$ | 0.0* | 15.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 36.1 | 0.0* | s | 0.0* | 36.0 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 17.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted $(2017-2019)$ | 37.8 | 0.0* | s | s | 37.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $5.1^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $4.9^{\star}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $43 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $42 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Cayuga County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 70,190 | 3,663 | 612 | 2,359 | 77,121 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 91.0\% | 4.7\% | 0.8\% | 3.1\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.3\% | 5.0\% | 12.6\% | 5.3\% | 19.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 60,720 | 42,959 | 107,669 | 39,815 | 59,602 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.7\% | 3.2\%* | 0.0\% | 27.2\%* | 8.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 18.2\% | 25.6\% | 6.7\% | 19.5\% | 18.7\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.0\% | 10.5\%* | 8.4\%* | 9.6\%* | 4.5\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.1\% | 4.3\%* | 0.4\%* | 8.5\%* | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 23.6\% | 3.0\%* | 31.9\% | 11.0\% | 22.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 18.6\% | 58.4\% | 0.0\% | 36.2\% | 19.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.5\% | 18.7\% | 12.3\%* | 12.7\% | 14.6\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.5\% | 1.1\% | 39.2\% | 18.9\% | 0.5\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 8.4\% | 12.1\% | s | 26.1\% | 9.7\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 15.9 | 80.7 | 5.0 | 28.6 | 19.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 743.6 | 777.7 | 49.8* | 280.5 | 736.9 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 42.9\% | 71.1\% | 0.0\%* | 70.0\%* | 43.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,953.2 | 9,234.5 | 0.0* | 2,422.4 | 6,940.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 139.7 | 243.7 | 40.6* | 108.3 | 142.5 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 635 | 26 | 6 | 31 | 726 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 77.0\% | 62.0\% | S | 58.9\% | 75.1\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 83.6\% | 73.3\% | S | 69.4\% | 82.1\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.6\% | 13.9\% | S | 5.6\%* | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.3\% | 10.1\%* | S | 3.3\%* | 7.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.6 | 11.4* | 0.0* | 4.6* | 3.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 60.2 | 75.0 | 35.1 | 101.6 | 65.9 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 54.1 | 58.6 | 33.1 | 81.0 | 56.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.7* | 50.6* | S | 0.0* | 6.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.4\% | S | S | 20.0\%* | 25.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 48.2 | 77.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 47.4 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.5 | 65.2 | 46.9* | 45.4 | 67.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 183.9 | 126.8* | S | S | 185.0 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.4 | 18.8 | 0.0* | 18.3 | 15.8 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.3* | 14.6 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 175.2 | 100.1 | 0.0* | 84.8* | 169.4 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.9 | 13.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.4 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.2 | 76.1* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 43.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.0 | 41.7 | S | S | 23.9 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 54\% | 31\% | NA | 38\% | 54\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 183.9 | 205.7 | 0.0* | 60.3* | 183.5 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 79.5 | 74.6 | s | 44.4 | 80.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 32.1 | 19.7* | 0.0 * | 23.5* | 31.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.5 | 28.5 | S | S | 21.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 134.9 | 123.5* | 0.0* | 60.3* | 134.4 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.1 | 17.4 | s | s | 23.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.6 | 27.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 47.5 | 25.7 | 0.0* | s | 45.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.7 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.8 | 63.9 | s | 18.0* | 22.0 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 184.7 | 371.6 | 80.2 | 170.2 | 193.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 9.6 | 25.7 | S | S | 10.5 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 78.6 | S | s | 0.0* | 77.2 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.4 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 32.6 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 32.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 29.1 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $4.4^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $4.2^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $7.3^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $6.9^{\star}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $53 \%$ | $36 \%$ | NA | NA | $53 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Chautauqua County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 112,474 | 3,578 | 923 | 9,886 | 127,516 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 88.2\% | 2.8\% | 0.7\% | 7.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.9\% | 8.0\% | 10.0\% | 5.3\% | 20.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 53,176 | 22,736 | 47,386 | 25,158 | 50,408 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.4\% | 46.2\% | 5.6\%* | 31.1\% | 11.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 20.0\% | 68.7\% | 12.2\% | 43.2\% | 24.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.2\% | 9.1\%* | 1.1\%* | 5.8\%* | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 5.2\% | 7.5\%* | 3.9\%* | 4.5\% | 5.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 24.1\% | 5.1\%* | 56.6\% | 13.1\% | 23.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 15.3\% | 63.7\% | 6.8\% | 37.2\% | 17.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 17.3\% | 18.8\% | 4.1\%* | 17.7\% | 17.2\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.1\% | 4.8\% | 26.3\% | 26.4\% | 1.2\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.8\% | 16.2\% | 0.0\% | 21.2\% | 9.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 27.3 | 177.2 | 7.2 | 70.6 | 34.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 798.4 | 1,117.6 | 110.2* | 881.3 | 810.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.3\% | 62.8\% | 50.0\%* | 75.0\% | 41.0\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,504.7 | 11,490.2 | 207.8* | 9,960.9 | 7,792.7 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 81.8 | 181.7 | S | 169.5 | 88.6 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,031 | 14 | 12 | 197 | 1,296 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 70.6\% | 65.9\% | 61.8\% | 64.5\% | 69.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 72.0\% | 75.7\% | 68.8\% | 66.7\% | 71.2\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.0\% | 14.6\%* | 0.0\%* | 10.7\% | 9.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.9\% | 17.1\%* | 0.0\%* | 11.3\% | 8.4\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 4.2 | 4.3* | 0.0* | 7.2 | 5.2 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.4 | 27.5 | 42.8 | 96.3 | 65.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 54.6 | 19.8 | 45.4 | 89.5 | 58.4 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.2 | 24.4* | 0.0* | 11.8* | 5.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 31.6\% | s | s | 39.4\% | 32.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.4 | 13.0* | 0.0* | 9.3* | 6.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.7 | 59.6* | 0.0* | 98.7 | 55.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.6 | 37.2 | 39.7* | 32.6 | 41.4 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 115.3 | 93.6* | S | 50.8* | 120.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 17.9 | 0.0* | 18.3 | 11.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.1 | 4.9* | 0.0* | 2.9* | 11.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population++ | 451.4 | 531.0 | S | 1,014.9 | 508.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.4 | S | 0.0* | 9.3 | 2.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.7 | S | 0.0* | 5.6* | 4.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.8 | 13.0* | 0.0* | 57.4* | 43.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.0 | 18.6 | 0.0* | 26.3 | 13.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 52\% | 34\% | 47\% | 43\% | 51\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 188.1 | 184.8 | 35.5* | 212.3 | 190.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 39.4 | 73.3 | S | 58.8 | 43.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 30.9 | 12.5* | 0.0* | 19.7* | 30.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.0 | 25.5 | 0.0* | 19.5 | 12.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 129.7 | 166.5 | 35.5* | 135.5 | 132.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.0 | 8.0* | 0.0* | 14.7 | 9.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.9* | 13.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 29.4 | 39.2 | S | 26.4 | 30.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.7 | 86.8* | 0.0* | 33.1* | 28.2 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.2 | 27.8 | 0.0* | 44.5 | 15.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 119.8 | 283.9 | 66.4 | 319.4 | 139.9 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.6 | 20.9 | 0.0* | 33.3 | 9.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 71.1 | S | S | 92.6 | 71.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 12.3 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 32.9 | S | 0.0* | S | 32.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 12.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 13.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 33.7 | S | S | S | 33.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $2.5^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $2.3^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.1 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 9.0 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | $34 \%$ | NA | $31 \%$ | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| ++ | The 2018 ED data for this county may be incomplete and subject to change. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Chemung County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 73,584 | 6,125 | 1,345 | 2,731 | 84,033 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 87.6\% | 7.3\% | 1.6\% | 3.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.5\% | 8.6\% | 11.9\% | 5.4\% | 19.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 60,065 | 30,440 | NA | 40,913* | 58,175 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.7\% | 18.2\%* | 5.5\%* | 39.5\% | 10.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 14.5\% | 31.9\% | 5.7\% | 53.2\% | 19.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 6.1\%* | 0.0\% | 11.0\%* | 6.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 3.9\% | 12.1\% | 5.6\%* | 5.8\%* | 4.3\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 24.9\% | 10.4\% | 42.0\% | 20.9\% | 23.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 17.7\% | 32.9\% | 0.3\% | 51.3\% | 19.5\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.0\% | 15.3\% | 5.8\%* | 14.7\% | 15.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 34.9\% | 3.0\% | 0.4\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 10.4\% | 17.6\% | S | 29.6\% | 11.7\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 24.4 | 99.7 | 8.0 | 44.6 | 29.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 890.8 | 966.0 | 340.6 | 473.2 | 884.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 41.5\% | 61.6\% | 50.0\%* | 68.2\% | 42.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8,376.7 | 10,091.8 | 3,062.8 | 5,914.3 | 8,432.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 110.8 | 169.3 | 30.3* | 114.9 | 138.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 710 | 51 | 20 | 40 | 857 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 81.2\% | 74.7\% | 73.3\% | 80.5\% | 80.4\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 87.8\% | 80.3\% | 88.2\% | 81.7\% | 86.9\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.8\% | 10.4\% | 13.3\%* | 15.8\% | 8.4\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.1\% | 9.8\% | 11.7\%* | 18.3\% | 7.9\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.5 | 12.1 | 0.0* | 7.6* | 4.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 68.6 | 99.4 | 67.5 | 94.7 | 74.4 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.7 | 55.3 | 64.3 | 80.0 | 58.9 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.7 | 6.5* | 0.0* | 16.7* | 5.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 22.3\% | 32.1\% | s | 19.4\%* | 23.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.8* | 6.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 56.3 | 64.5 | 48.8* | 26.1* | 56.0 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 51.5 | 42.8 | 16.2* | 43.7 | 62.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 169.4 | 70.0 | S | s | 201.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 16.2 | S | 20.7 | 17.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.6 | 4.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 235.1 | 299.3 | 173.5* | 329.5 | 307.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.2 | 10.3 | 0.0* | S | 4.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.6 | S | 0.0* | S | 5.0 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 46.1 | 32.3* | 0.0* | 23.5* | 44.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.6 | 25.6 | S | 16.0* | 24.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 41\% | 45\% | 25\% | 49\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 205.1 | 303.7 | 115.7* | 56.2* | 207.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.4 | 75.8 | 14.6* | 63.9 | 77.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.1 | 40.3* | 0.0* | 20.2* | 35.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.7 | 30.9 | S | 17.9* | 23.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 143.7 | 227.4 | 69.8* | 56.2* | 145.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.4 | 26.5 | S | 24.9* | 24.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.8 | 6.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 37.3 | 29.3 | S | 11.3* | 42.8 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | 12.4* | 23.0* | 16.8* | 15.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.8 | 35.3 | 0.0* | 20.4 | 18.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 173.9 | 327.8 | 48.4 | 206.4 | 224.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.8 | 17.3 | 0.0* | 11.3* | 10.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 78.2 | 72.7 | S | S | 76.4 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.2 | S | 0.0* | S | 10.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 27.8 | S | S | S | 28.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 19.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 50.5 | S | S | 0.0* | 48.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $45 \%$ | NA | $49 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Chenango County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 45,319 | 592 | 317 | 1,107 | 47,502 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.4\% | 1.2\% | 0.7\% | 2.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.8\% | 9.5\% | 13.9\% | 9.4\% | 20.4\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 55,630 | NA | 50,735* | NA | 55,690 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.9\%* | 7.7\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 16.1\% | 43.6\% | 0.0\% | 6.1\% | 16.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 7.1\% | 9.9\%* | 0.0\% | 2.5\%* | 7.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.3\% | 12.6\%* | 6.2\%* | 2.1\%* | 3.3\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 18.1\% | 12.0\%* | 46.1\% | 17.8\% | 18.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.6\% | 43.5\% | 3.6\% | 22.8\% | 15.1\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 18.8\% | 13.7\%* | 18.2\%* | 19.8\% | 18.6\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.4\% | 0.9\% | 31.0\% | 9.8\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8.3\% | 5.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 20.0 | 83.5 | 5.3 | 29.5 | 20.8 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 894.5 | 366.0* | 426.1* | 677.8 | 882.9 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 40.8\% | 83.3\%* | 33.3\%* | 65.0\% | 41.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8,656.3 | 4,274.5 | 477.2* | 11,993.5 | 8,594.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 117.7 | 123.1 | S | 59.3 | 118.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 432 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 455 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 71.6\% | s | S | S | 71.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 81.9\% | S | S | S | 81.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.0\% | S | S | S | 8.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.4\% | S | S | S | 7.6\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 4.8 | 6.8* | S | 5.4* | 4.9 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 69.6 | 37.7 | 44.4* | 78.8 | 71.9 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.0 | 18.9* | 44.4* | 69.6 | 59.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 10.0 | S | S | 0.0* | 9.5 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 20.5\% | S | S | S | 21.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 53.1* | 11.8 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 47.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 53.1* | 46.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 62.2 | 78.3 | S | 32.4 | 63.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 158.6 | S | s | s | 160.6 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.0 | s | 0.0* | S | 7.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 31.8* | 15.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 153.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 154.4 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.9 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.0* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 60.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 17.2 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 47\% | 28\% | NA | 47\% | 47\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 239.4 | 41.5* | 344.6* | 111.7* | 235.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 85.7 | 80.0* | 0.0* | 36.2 | 87.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.8 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 20.6 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 187.5 | 41.5* | 172.3* | 71.6* | 183.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.8 | S | 0.0* | 21.7* | 27.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.1 | S | 0.0* | s | 39.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 25.7* | 28.1 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.1 | 41.2* | 0.0* | S | 19.8 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 199.2 | 208.8 | S | 138.3 | 201.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.7 | S | 0.0* | s | 8.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 71.9 | S | 0.0* | s | 71.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 43.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 42.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 10.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.8 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 45.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $6.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $5.9^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $11.2^{\star}$ | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | 11.5 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $47 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Clinton County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 73,190 | 3,503 | 1,243 | 2,401 | 80,675 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 90.7\% | 4.3\% | 1.5\% | 3.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 18.2\% | 3.8\% | 10.3\% | 5.1\% | 17.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 62,719 | 51,852 | 61,033 | 50,521* | 62,470 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.8\% | 21.3\%* | 5.9\%* | 8.5\%* | 7.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 15.7\% | 61.6\% | 2.7\% | 37.5\% | 16.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.9\% | 15.1\%* | 2.8\%* | 16.8\%* | 4.3\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.2\% | 2.9\%* | 1.8\%* | 2.2\%* | 3.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 26.2\% | 5.5\% | 52.7\% | 15.0\% | 25.4\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.8\% | 23.6\% | 6.8\% | 1.9\% | 14.9\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.3\% | 10.9\%* | 6.7\%* | 16.4\% | 16.2\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.6\% | 2.1\% | 14.4\% | 14.8\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.2\% | 17.4\% | 9.1\% | 10.0\% | 7.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 20.0 | 57.5 | 6.1 | 20.6 | 21.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 766.3 | 775.0 | 270.1* | 511.9 | 758.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 43.3\% | 69.7\% | 57.1\%* | 52.9\%* | 43.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,391.5 | 7,919.4 | 2,623.4 | 2,834.1 | 6,305.9 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 150.7 | 124.5 | 44.6* | 64.3 | 147.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 646 | 9 | 7 | 19 | 693 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 80.1\% | s | S | 57.4\% | 78.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 82.5\% | S | S | 63.0\% | 81.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.7\% | S | S | 6.7\%* | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 8.2\% | s | s | 8.9\%* | 8.1\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 53.5 | 30.0 | 11.8 | 44.4 | 53.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.6 | 19.0 | 13.1 | 38.8 | 45.9 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 6.2 | s | S | 0.0* | 6.3 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.2\% | S | S | S | 27.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.1 | 5.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.0 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.4 | 64.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 35.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.7 | 44.7 | 29.5* | 33.1 | 61.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 250.9 | s | 156.3* | S | 246.4 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.3 | 5.9* | 0.0* | 10.9* | 12.8 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.4 | 5.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 112.0 | 76.1* | 0.0* | S | 108.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.4 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 47.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 46.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.4 | S | S | 0.0* | 24.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 48\% | 36\% | 48\% | 28\% | 47\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 166.6 | 194.2* | 69.9* | 94.1* | 165.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 85.7 | 111.5 | s | 24.2 | 85.0 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.5 | 75.4* | 51.5* | 39.8* | 36.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 41.9 | S | S | 13.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 107.9 | 121.9* | 69.9* | 94.1* | 107.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.5 | 32.0 | s | s | 22.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 54.2 | 14.8 | S | s | 50.1 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 9.8* | 0.0* | 57.6* | 21.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.9 | 13.6 | 0.0* | 24.4 | 22.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 217.8 | 311.1 | 69.2 | 140.3 | 218.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 12.4 | 9.5* | 0.0* | 17.0 | 12.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 102.7 | S | S | S | 102.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.1 | S | 0.0* | S | 14.1 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.7 | s | 0.0* | S | 41.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 13.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 44.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 44.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $5.4^{\star}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $54 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $31 \%$ | NA | $53 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Columbia County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 52,351 | 3,213 | 1,238 | 2,930 | 59,852 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 87.5\% | 5.4\% | 2.1\% | 4.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 25.9\% | 11.5\% | 10.7\% | 7.7\% | 23.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 75,502 | 33,500 | 99,792* | 53,828* | 73,065 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.5\% | 29.1\%* | 12.2\%* | 3.3\%* | 7.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 13.2\% | 18.1\% | 15.9\% | 22.1\% | 13.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.7\% | 10.1\%* | 7.9\%* | 3.5\%* | 5.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 3.7\% | 9.3\%* | 3.8\%* | 8.4\% | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 36.4\% | 16.7\% | 33.6\% | 18.9\% | 34.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.1\% | 39.2\% | 2.9\% | 20.8\% | 13.4\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.3\% | 11.5\%* | 5.6\%* | 13.8\% | 14.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.8\% | 6.3\% | 32.3\% | 27.0\% | 1.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.2\% | 9.8\% | 0.0\% | 9.3\% | 7.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 15.6 | 90.5 | 8.6 | 45.1 | 20.3 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 676.9 | 835.1 | 270.3* | 469.1 | 682.5 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.6\% | 59.5\% | 77.8\%* | 76.7\% | 40.0\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,212.8 | 10,074.6 | 3,358.0 | 5,503.7 | 6,440.6 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 107.5 | 228.8 | 24.4* | 119.4 | 116.2 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 356 | 20 | 18 | 53 | 472 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 77.2\% | 59.6\% | 66.0\% | 65.0\% | 73.5\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 76.1\% | 68.6\% | 77.6\% | 73.9\% | 75.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.9\% | 13.3\%* | 3.6\%* | 3.8\%* | 9.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.6\% | 10.0\%* | 14.5\%* | 4.4\%* | 6.9\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.3 | 4.0* | 0.0* | 5.4* | 3.0 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 52.8 | 58.0 | 49.8 | 111.5 | 59.8 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 45.7 | 35.1 | 57.1 | 99.1 | 51.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | $3.7 *$ | 0.0* | 0.0* | $6.3^{*}$ | 3.5* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.6\% | s | s | 30.6\% | 27.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 15.7* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.8 | 15.7* | 0.0* | 25.6* | 37.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 64.9 | 78.0 | 21.4* | 45.1 | 69.2 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 178.5 | 90.1 | S | 132.7* | 184.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.9 | 10.0* | 0.0* | 11.0* | 14.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.5 | 10.3* | 0.0* | 35.0* | 14.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 266.8 | 311.2 | S | 147.9 | 275.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.5 | 24.3 | 0.0* | S | 5.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 2.9* | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 36.0 | 43.4* | 0.0* | 16.1* | 35.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.3 | 81.4 | 0.0* | 19.4 | 27.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 53\% | 40\% | 46\% | 46\% | 53\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 163.4 | 184.2 | 79.0* | 134.3* | 163.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 66.3 | 65.3 | 24.6* | 83.1 | 70.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.8 | 13.5* | 25.8* | 17.8* | 19.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.3 | 18.0 | s | 13.0* | 16.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 119.0 | 111.2 | 22.9* | 118.2* | 118.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.7 | 12.5 | S | 13.0* | 18.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.6 | 11.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 36.4 | 38.4 | S | 27.7 | 37.4 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.9 | 71.2* | 27.5* | 0.0* | 22.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.3 | 38.9 | S | 17.0 | 15.3 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 156.4 | 366.9 | 60.8 | 228.9 | 174.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.2 | 22.1 | S | 12.1* | 5.6 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 73.0 | 75.2* | S | s | 71.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.9 | S | S | 0.0* | 14.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 35.8 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 33.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 47.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 45.9 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $8.1^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $7.2^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $43 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $43 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Cortland County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 44,604 | 1,069 | 583 | 1,325 | 47,721 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 93.5\% | 2.2\% | 1.2\% | 2.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 17.1\% | 5.7\% | 9.6\% | 5.0\% | 16.4\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 63,339 | 27,442 | 53,555 | 40,795 | 62,163 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.2\% | 9.9\%* | 14.0\%* | 44.3\%* | 6.7\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 13.6\% | 0.0\% | 14.0\% | 30.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.9\% | 6.6\%* | 12.4\%* | 2.2\%* | 5.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 3.7\% | 2.0\%* | 2.2\%* | 2.2\%* | 3.5\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 28.1\% | 7.4\%* | 47.1\%* | 25.9\%* | 28.1\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 16.3\% | 98.0\% | 14.0\% | 31.6\% | 17.2\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.4\% | 8.0\%* | 2.8\%* | 10.3\%* | 13.1\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.0\% | 3.3\% | 24.7\% | 3.8\% | 0.5\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.1\% | 8.3\% | S | 33.3\% | 7.2\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 21.5 | 138.7 | 6.7 | 40.4 | 24.3 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 809.5 | 528.3* | 291.0* | 625.9 | 805.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 42.4\% | 57.1\%* | 50.0\%* | 92.3\% | 43.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,748.5 | 5,131.8 | 1,331.1 | 9,324.0 | 6,819.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 147.3 | 124.1 | S | 59.2* | 146.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 406 | 9 | 3 | 26 | 457 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 80.1\% | s | s | 66.0\% | 80.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.3\% | S | S | 63.4\% | 83.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.9\% | S | S | 6.3\%* | 8.9\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.4\% | s | S | 6.3\%* | 7.5\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.2 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 2.2 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 49.0 | 42.0 | 21.6 | 73.4 | 51.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 42.3 | 34.6 | 19.6 | 66.5 | 43.7 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.3* | S | S | 0.0* | 3.6* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.3\% | S | S | S | 21.7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 38.2* | 8.1 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 110.7* | 46.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 79.4 | 43.5 | s | s | 80.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 200.1 | s | 0.0* | S | 198.6 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.7 | S | s | s | 17.8 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 207.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 203.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.9 | S | 0.0* | S | 5.1 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 6.3 | S | 0.0* | s | 7.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 44.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 43.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.2 | 35.9* | 0.0* | S | 23.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 31\% | 73\% | NA | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 165.7 | 218.2* | 0.0* | 46.9* | 165.3 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 91.5 | 73.4 | 0.0* | 48.6* | 92.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 51.2* | 26.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.7 | 44.5* | S | s | 23.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 115.8 | 127.8* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 114.6 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.9 | S | 0.0* | s | 25.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.1 | 40.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 38.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.6 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.9 | 25.8* | 0.0* | S | 18.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 217.0 | 142.4 | S | 123.4 | 220.0 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 8.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 84.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 82.5 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 14.3 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.6 | 0.0* | s | s | 45.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 25.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 51.5 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 50.5 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $12.1^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $11.4^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $55 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $55 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Delaware County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 41,348 | 900 | 448 | 1,800 | 44,624 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 92.7\% | 2.0\% | 1.0\% | 4.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 25.7\% | 14.2\% | 15.0\% | 9.3\% | 24.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 53,686 | NA | 38,304* | 42,153 | 52,757 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.8\% | 44.0\%* | 10.4\%* | 26.6\%* | 11.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 24.5\% | 21.3\% | 0.0\% | 33.0\% | 25.7\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.5\% | 0.6\%* | 0.0\% | 9.0\%* | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.7\% | 6.6\%* | 7.3\%* | 10.5\% | 4.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher $(2017-2021) \sim$ | 23.0\% | 27.2\% | 33.9\% | 17.5\% | 23.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.3\% | 56.0\% | 33.3\% | 51.7\% | 15.1\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 18.7\% | 11.3\%* | 5.7\%* | 14.2\% | 18.3\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.7\% | 3.3\% | 18.4\% | 17.1\% | 0.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.1\% | S | s | 9.1\% | 5.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 17.1 | 61.0 | 11.2 | 30.3 | 18.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 763.5 | 400.3 | 485.5* | 568.9 | 758.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 40.1\% | 50.0\%* | 66.7\%* | 41.7\% | 40.5\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,928.8 | 5,066.0 | 6,496.4 | 5,291.1 | 8,055.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 85.2 | 61.2 | S | 49.3 | 84.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 333 | 7 | 7 | 19 | 372 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 66.8\% | S | S | 59.3\% | 65.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 81.5\% | S | S | 75.5\% | 79.9\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.8\% | S | S | 8.9\%* | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.3\% | S | S | 5.4\%* | 7.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.5 | 0.0* | S | 11.9* | 4.1 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 63.4 | 73.7 | 35.6 | 70.7 | 65.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 53.6 | 36.8 | 50.9 | 47.4 | 53.5 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.0* | S | s | 17.5* | 6.3* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.3\% | s | S | S | 21.5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 58.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.6* | 55.3 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.5 | S | S | 36.1 | 57.6 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 159.3 | S | S | 138.9* | 165.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 7.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 162.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 159.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | s | S | s | 3.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | s | 0.0* | s | 3.6* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.2* | 42.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.1 | S | S | S | 16.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 48\% | 31\% | 22\% | 44\% | 47\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 198.9 | 112.3* | 51.9* | 138.3* | 195.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 75.5 | 104.0 | s | 32.8 | 78.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.7 | 56.9* | 129.2* | 24.2* | 32.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | 26.8* | 34.9* | s | 17.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 130.8 | 28.7* | 51.9* | 89.2* | 128.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.4 | 33.5* | s | S | 24.1 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 32.5* | 18.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 30.7 | S | 0.0* | s | 29.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.6* | 20.7 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.0 | S | 0.0* | 15.6* | 13.3 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 167.3 | 188.6 | 41.4* | 103.1 | 171.2 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 2.6 | S | 0.0* | s | 3.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 59.3 | S | S | 0.0* | 57.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.5 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 11.8 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.9 | S | S | s | 36.1 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 14.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 44.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 41.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $13.5^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $12.5^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $38 \%$ | NA | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Dutchess County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 212,104 | 32,761 | 11,475 | 36,890 | 293,814 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 72.2\% | 11.2\% | 3.9\% | 12.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.8\% | 10.5\% | 14.8\% | 6.6\% | 17.6\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 94,113 | 55,194 | 113,864 | 63,202 | 87,112 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021) ~ | 4.0\% | 12.7\% | 6.3\% | 13.6\% | 5.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.9\% | 24.2\% | 6.4\% | 18.3\% | 11.0\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.8\% | 7.3\% | 5.2\%* | 6.2\% | 5.2\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.1\% | 4.7\% | 6.9\% | 10.4\% | 4.4\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 40.9\% | 23.8\% | 61.4\% | 22.3\% | 37.7\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 8.3\% | 29.8\% | 7.2\% | 20.6\% | 11.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 12.7\% | 15.5\% | 6.6\% | 9.8\% | 12.3\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.3\% | 1.5\% | 25.9\% | 21.4\% | 2.1\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.3\% | 16.0\% | 0.9\% | 12.0\% | 7.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 11.0 | 40.5 | 3.0 | 20.9 | 15.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 700.8 | 727.3 | 256.5 | 570.5 | 690.7 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.7\% | 57.8\% | 39.3\% | 53.3\% | 41.1\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,320.1 | 7,518.4 | 1,461.9 | 4,702.1 | 6,212.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 89.7 | 57.3 | 26.0 | 68.6 | 100.6 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,565 | 306 | 97 | 536 | 2,601 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 88.1\% | 77.2\% | 80.6\% | 78.2\% | 84.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 83.2\% | 72.6\% | 77.1\% | 73.8\% | 79.4\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.4\% | 12.2\% | 8.3\% | 9.2\% | 9.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.4\% | 13.0\% | 7.9\% | 7.4\% | 7.3\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.6 | 6.4 | 0.5* | 5.7 | 3.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 51.6 | 81.8 | 38.1 | 83.9 | 62.5 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 42.7 | 45.9 | 37.1 | 66.0 | 48.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.6 | 8.7* | 0.0* | 4.4* | 4.2 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 31.1\% | 38.7\% | 36.3\% | 31.9\% | 31.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.7 | 10.2 | 0.0* | 6.6* | 8.9 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 56.8 | 43.4 | 11.6* | 55.1 | 52.0 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.1 | 32.3 | 11.1 | 35.2 | 68.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 203.9 | 33.1 | 37.2 | 88.5 | 202.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.7 | 8.3 | 3.5 | 5.8 | 11.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.9 | 2.8* | $2.7 *$ | 2.5* | 11.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 419.1 | 307.3 | 52.3 | 166.3 | 382.4 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.9 | 4.3 | S | 7.6 | 7.8 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 10.0 | 8.7 | 0.0* | 14.9 | 17.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 32.7 | 29.4 | 2.1* | 17.0 | 31.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.8 | 8.6 | 2.3* | 14.7 | 20.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 52\% | 42\% | 55\% | 45\% | 52\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 172.6 | 191.9 | 64.2 | 124.8 | 170.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.9 | 25.2 | 15.7 | 41.2 | 70.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.3 | 27.4 | 19.0* | 26.5 | 22.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.8 | 10.3 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 20.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 127.3 | 137.8 | 57.1 | 92.8 | 126.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.7 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 13.5 | 19.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.3 | 19.0 | 2.9* | $6.4 *$ | 15.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 33.1 | 12.2 | 5.5 | 8.9 | 34.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.1 | 21.2 | 9.5* | 13.6 | 13.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.4 | 12.2 | 2.6* | 13.0 | 13.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 144.1 | 118.3 | 51.4 | 158.7 | 174.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.7 | 3.8 | S | 5.2 | 5.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 61.7 | 69.1 | S | 38.7 | 58.8 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.5 | 20.6 | S | S | 10.1 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.8 | 32.8 | 24.6* | 32.7 | 34.3 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 21.2 | 33.7 | S | S | 21.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 40.3 | 50.0 | 34.6* | 28.4 | 39.3 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | s | $1.1^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 6.8 | s | s | s | 6.7 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $44 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Erie County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 699,654 | 125,737 | 35,673 | 53,013 | 919,941 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 76.1\% | 13.7\% | 3.9\% | 5.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.5\% | 11.7\% | 6.7\% | 6.3\% | 17.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 69,994 | 37,011 | 48,734 | 35,031 | 62,578 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.4\% | 21.9\% | 24.9\% | 31.5\% | 9.5\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.2\% | 39.2\% | 39.4\% | 41.0\% | 19.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.2\% | 10.2\% | 4.6\% | 7.5\% | 5.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.6\% | 4.1\% | 3.6\% | 4.4\% | 2.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 38.5\% | 19.1\% | 49.6\% | 24.4\% | 35.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 11.6\% | 42.1\% | 9.0\% | 43.2\% | 16.9\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.1\% | 16.9\% | 7.0\% | 14.7\% | 13.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.3\% | 3.3\% | 39.6\% | 18.0\% | 1.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.1\% | 11.7\% | 6.5\% | 14.0\% | 6.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 11.6 | 63.4 | 5.1 | 33.8 | 19.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 770.1 | 1,072.5 | 371.8 | 725.4 | 804.9 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 36.0\% | 61.4\% | 50.0\% | 68.6\% | 40.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,208.3 | 12,654.3 | 2,433.0 | 8,544.6 | 7,238.8 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 82.6 | 269.5 | 55.0 | 151.1 | 107.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 5,851 | 1,869 | 623 | 780 | 9,639 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 85.9\% | 72.1\% | 72.3\% | 77.9\% | 80.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 82.0\% | 69.9\% | 71.7\% | 74.9\% | 77.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.1\% | 13.6\% | 8.6\% | 13.4\% | 10.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.0\% | 14.0\% | 7.7\% | 11.8\% | 8.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.4 | 12.2 | 1.0* | 7.9 | 5.1 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.0 | 95.1 | 67.3 | 78.8 | 75.5 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.1 | 66.8 | 63.9 | 59.7 | 54.7 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.7 | 11.2 | 0.5* | 11.1 | 6.5 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 30.3\% | 30.7\% | 30.5\% | 22.9\% | 29.7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.6 | 8.1 | 1.7* | 6.2* | 5.1 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 41.6 | 58.3 | 5.7* | 53.9 | 43.4 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.0 | 76.0 | 17.9 | 46.2 | 59.4 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 190.6 | 128.3 | 44.5 | 111.2 | 184.5 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.8 | 18.4 | 1.9 | 9.5 | 11.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.4 | 5.1 | 2.3* | 7.4 | 10.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 225.7 | 196.4 | 10.3 | 267.9 | 230.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.8 | 14.9 | 5.3 | 13.8 | 5.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 6.0 | 27.6 | 10.1 | 23.5 | 12.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 36.6 | 32.9 | 4.8* | 23.9 | 35.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.2 | 41.4 | 10.6 | 27.2 | 18.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 47\% | 30\% | 45\% | 36\% | 45\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 166.4 | 208.9 | 72.9 | 134.0 | 170.3 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 70.5 | 137.7 | 43.0 | 93.5 | 80.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.7 | 49.7 | 35.4 | 38.5 | 35.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.0 | 46.0 | 19.5 | 24.6 | 25.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 110.7 | 136.8 | 56.2 | 90.3 | 113.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 27.6 | 18.9 | 28.1 | 22.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.7 | 17.3 | 4.4* | 9.1* | 16.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 31.8 | 85.9 | 9.3 | 30.3 | 38.4 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.5 | 55.6 | 14.7* | 38.9 | 24.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.5 | 47.6 | 6.3 | 28.8 | 17.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 142.4 | 406.5 | 117.4 | 297.9 | 182.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.6 | 26.9 | 3.0 | 12.6 | 8.7 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 68.4 | 74.9 | 28.8 | 46.4 | 68.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.5 | 17.3 | S | 9.0* | 12.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 36.3 | 49.8 | 33.6 | 42.3 | 38.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 20.6 | 32.9 | S | 13.3* | 22.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.3 | 54.2 | 17.3* | 40.0 | 41.9 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 2.0 | $3.4^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 2.1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.4 | 9.5 | s | s | 7.3 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $44 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Essex County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 34,740 | 982 | 317 | 1,134 | 37,309 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 93.1\% | 2.6\% | 0.8\% | 3.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 24.7\% | 5.0\% | 11.7\% | 6.4\% | 23.4\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 62,267 | NA | NA | 78,365 | 61,563 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.8\% | 83.3\%* | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 6.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.7\% | 50.0\% | 100.0\% | 28.9\% | 12.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.2\% | 18.6\%* | 0.0\% | 15.4\%* | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.0\% | 15.3\%* | 0.0\% | 11.3\%* | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 32.1\% | 4.4\%* | 38.2\%* | 6.5\%* | 30.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 17.8\% | 83.3\% | 0.0\% | 8.6\% | 18.2\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) ~ | 16.7\% | 11.7\%* | 2.4\%* | 11.9\%* | 16.6\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.7\% | 1.5\% | 45.1\% | 21.4\% | 0.4\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.0\% | s | NA | s | 5.9\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 18.3 | 15.3 | 10.7 | 9.6 | 17.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 743.5 | 718.9* | 213.5* | 300.5* | 728.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.1\% | 37.5\%* | 0.0\%* | 50.0\%* | 38.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,526.5 | 1,764.1 | 0.0* | 2,398.6 | 6,132.2 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 71.9 | s | 0.0* | S | 71.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 280 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 299 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 77.8\% | s | s | s | 77.1\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 81.8\% | S | S | S | 81.2\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.1\% | S | S | S | 8.9\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.5\% | S | S | S | 7.3\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years\# | 1.2* | S | S | 0.0* | 1.3* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years\# | 58.7 | 26.0* | 34.5* | 67.5 | 59.7 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 53.9 | 21.9* | 48.9 | 64.9 | 54.4 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.6* | S | s | S | 3.3* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.5\% | S | S | S | 24.5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.1* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.6* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 33.0 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.0 | S | S | S | 40.2 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 135.0 | 0.0* | S | S | 141.0 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.2 | 0.0* | s | 0.0* | 6.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.8* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.9* |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 87.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 90.2 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 0.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.5* |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.5 | 73.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 44.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.6 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 49\% | 52\% | NA | 25\% | 49\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 153.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 103.4* | 149.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.0 | 43.7* | s | 30.3* | 46.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 27.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 27.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.6 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 103.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 51.7* | 100.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.6 | S | s | S | 12.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 51.7* | 9.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 27.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 26.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 30.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.4 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 9.0 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 99.9 | S | S | 74.4 | 103.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 67.0 | S | 0.0* | s | 66.2 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 15.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.4 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 40.0 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 14.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 30.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\#$ | Essex and Hamilton County data are combined for confidentiality. |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Franklin County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 41,468 | 2,958 | 261 | 1,825 | 50,325 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 82.4\% | 5.9\% | 0.5\% | 3.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.0\% | 1.6\% | 11.5\% | 4.1\% | 17.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 57,649 | 68,705 | 108,750* | NA | 55,279 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.9\% | 0.0\% | 1.9\%* | 21.1\%* | 14.7\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 25.5\% | 80.0\% | 0.0\% | 35.7\% | 27.1\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 10.0\%* | 6.5\%* | 5.3\%* | 6.6\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 12.1\%* | 0.4\%* | 4.3\%* | 6.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 23.0\% | 2.6\%* | 42.5\%* | 8.8\%* | 21.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 15.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 6.7\% | 18.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.0\% | 14.1\%* | 22.1\%* | 26.6\% | 15.9\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.6\% | 2.3\% | 24.6\% | 30.5\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.2\% | S | S | S | 5.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 22.2 | 20.2 | 16.3 | 11.4 | 22.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 775.6 | 677.0* | 0.0* | 535.9* | 750.2 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 44.3\% | 57.1\%* | NA | 28.6\%* | 45.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,020.4 | 1,273.6 | 0.0* | 808.1 | 6,572.7 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 105.7 | 143.7 | 0.0* | S | 111.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 381 | 2 | 1 | 14 | 441 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 74.1\% | S | S | 54.5\% | 72.4\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 77.5\% | S | S | S | 75.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.3\% | S | S | S | 8.5\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.6\% | s | S | 2.6\%* | 6.7\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.7 | S | S | 0.0* | 3.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 62.9 | 44.1* | 16.4* | 82.9 | 63.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 56.6 | 24.5* | 16.4* | 80.9 | 56.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.4* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.5* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.6\% | S | S | S | 28.7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.8 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 39.1 | 27.0* | s | 20.7* | 43.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 122.9 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 128.5 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 8.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 94.9 | S | S | S | 122.5 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.5 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 48.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 106.8* | 46.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 18.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 47\% | 54\% | NA | 32\% | 46\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 158.1 | 72.8* | 0.0* | 106.8* | 158.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 68.0 | 45.9 | 0.0* | 25.5 | 71.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 23.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.2 | 20.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.6 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 99.5 | 9.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 98.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.5 | S | 0.0* | s | 21.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.4 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 36.4 | 11.8 | 0.0* | s | 34.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 25.2 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 13.3 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 154.0 | 195.9 | S | 51.2 | 171.0 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.7 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 92.1 | S | 0.0* | S | 87.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 15.9 | S | 0.0* | S | 17.1 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 47.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 45.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 15.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 39.9 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $6.7^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $56 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $54 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Fulton County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 50,007 | 1,293 | 421 | 1,801 | 53,654 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 93.2\% | 2.4\% | 0.8\% | 3.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.4\% | 7.2\% | 13.1\% | 4.7\% | 19.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 55,833 | 17,434* | 103,750* | NA | 55,240 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.0\% | 48.5\%* | 0.0\% | 22.7\%* | 11.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 20.9\% | 100.0\% | 0.0\% | 23.0\% | 20.7\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 0.0\% | 11.9\%* | 6.4\%* | 5.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 9.4\%* | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 18.2\% | 19.5\%* | 65.4\% | 11.1\%* | 18.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 16.6\% | 48.5\% | 0.0\% | 31.9\% | 18.2\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.8\% | 31.5\% | 6.8\%* | 11.9\% | 16.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.2\% | 1.5\% | 18.0\% | 7.0\% | 0.2\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 11.3\% | 13.3\% | S | 8.3\% | 11.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 18.2 | 81.9 | 7.0 | 33.1 | 20.0 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 852.4 | 907.9 | 684.3* | 743.1 | 850.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 42.8\% | 62.5\% | 66.7\%* | 46.7\%* | 43.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8,013.6 | 7,256.5 | 4,126.0 | 2,985.2 | 7,854.7 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 110.1 | 127.6 | 121.2* | 46.0 | 111.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 451 | 7 | 4 | 19 | 492 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 80.4\% | s | S | 74.1\% | 79.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.9\% | s | s | 84.9\% | 84.2\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.0\% | S | S | 8.6\%* | 9.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births ( $<2.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) | 8.8\% | S | S | 5.2\%* | 8.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 4.8 | 0.0* | s | 2.5* | 5.0 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 65.4 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 71.1 | 66.4 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 53.9 | 31.6 | 43.7 | 53.6 | 54.4 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.2* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.7* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 23.7\% | S | S | S | 24.5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.6 | 26.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.1 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.5 | 75.8* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 38.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 58.7 | 47.3 | s | 25.0* | 62.9 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 167.6 | S | s | S | 175.3 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.9 | S | s | 12.3* | 13.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.0 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 207.3 | 464.0 | S | S | 213.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 1.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 51.0 | 82.1* | 0.0* | 40.0* | 50.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.4 | 21.6* | s | 0.0* | 13.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 46\% | 60\% | NA | 52\% | 46\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 191.8 | 93.1* | 0.0* | 25.3* | 190.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 71.1 | 52.6 | S | 62.6 | 74.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 30.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.4 | S | s | S | 22.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 110.2 | 93.1* | 0.0* | 25.3* | 109.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.7 | s | S | 39.1 | 25.1 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 39.8 | 30.8* | 0.0* | S | 40.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.4 | 26.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 23.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.3 | 30.9 | 43.9* | s | 20.6 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 182.9 | 219.1 | 215.2 | 145.2 | 196.0 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.5 | 20.6* | S | S | 9.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 80.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 79.5 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.6 | S | 0.0* | S | 13.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.1 | s | 0.0* | S | 41.1 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 17.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.1 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 32.1 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 32.0 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $10.7^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 11.5 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $40 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $39 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Genesee County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 52,473 | 1,938 | 470 | 1,988 | 57,509 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 91.2\% | 3.4\% | 0.8\% | 3.5\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.7\% | 7.6\% | 10.9\% | 4.4\% | 18.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 65,794 | 36,384* | NA | 52,333 | 63,734 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.6\% | 3.3\%* | 36.8\% | 11.5\%* | 6.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.4\% | 28.0\% | 12.3\% | 30.2\% | 11.1\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.6\% | 8.0\%* | 0.0\% | 13.7\%* | 4.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 2.7\% | 6.3\%* | 9.6\%* | 10.0\% | 3.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 22.4\% | 8.1\%* | 23.8\%* | 18.6\% | 22.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 11.5\% | 35.8\% | 6.8\% | 24.4\% | 12.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.9\% | 22.4\% | 10.0\%* | 16.3\% | 15.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.2\% | 1.1\% | 41.9\% | 20.7\% | 0.4\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.5\% | 2.2\% | 0.0\% | 18.2\% | 4.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 17.9 | 142.4 | 5.6 | 37.0 | 22.3 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 822.5 | 1,266.4 | 0.0* | 575.2 | 825.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths ( $<75$ years) | 37.1\% | 57.1\% | NA | 68.8\% | 38.1\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,267.7 | 12,749.7 | 0.0* | 5,719.7 | 7,550.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 103.0 | 216.7 | S | 108.6 | 110.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 491 | 10 | 4 | 30 | 560 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 84.2\% | S | S | 61.7\% | 82.1\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 81.8\% | S | S | 73.8\% | 81.2\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.8\% | S | S | 14.6\% | 9.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.5\% | s | S | 8.9\%* | 6.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.6 | 0.0* | s | 6.8* | 2.1 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 61.5 | 36.3 | 25.9* | 92.4 | 65.7 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 56.3 | 25.0 | 35.6 | 77.7 | 57.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.4* | S | s | 0.0* | 6.5 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.7\% | s | s | s | 28.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 26.0* | 11.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 67.2 | 14.8* | 0.0* | 94.6* | 69.6 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 70.7 | 77.9 | S | 52.6 | 74.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 180.5 | s | s | S | 185.3 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.9 | 19.9 | 0.0* | S | 12.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 235.7 | 378.4 | 0.0* | 167.7 | 253.9 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.5 | 9.9* | 0.0* | S | 2.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.5 | S | 0.0* | s | 4.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.7 | 68.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 44.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.2 | 50.1 | 0.0* | 24.0* | 17.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 45\% | 36\% | NA | 25\% | 45\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 174.2 | 212.6* | 0.0* | 42.3* | 172.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 81.6 | 73.8 | S | 28.6 | 84.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.0 | 157.5* | 0.0* | 42.3* | 26.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.7 | 50.7 | S | 35.7 | 19.7 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 121.0 | 163.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 118.8 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.0 | 12.8* | 0.0* | 16.5* | 24.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.7 | 32.8 | S | S | 41.8 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.3 | 81.7* | 0.0* | 25.0* | 37.1 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.0 | 43.1 | 0.0* | 21.6* | 17.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 185.6 | 434.8 | 97.6 | 250.1 | 203.7 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 6.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 72.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 71.5 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.1 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.5 | S | S | S | 43.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 17.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 34.6 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | $0 \%$ | NA | NA | $48 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Greene County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 40,791 | 2,954 | 571 | 2,917 | 47,401 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 86.1\% | 6.2\% | 1.2\% | 6.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 24.6\% | 6.6\% | 9.1\% | 7.0\% | 22.2\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 63,420 | 24,570* | 55,231 | 60,500 | 62,810 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 15.6\%* | 0.0\% | 20.2\%* | 6.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.7\% | 65.2\% | 0.0\% | 9.5\% | 12.7\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.5\%* | 3.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.4\% | 8.4\%* | 8.9\%* | 7.0\%* | 4.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 26.6\% | 3.7\%* | 49.9\% | 29.0\% | 25.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 8.4\% | 20.8\% | 0.0\% | 26.7\% | 9.5\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.0\% | 11.2\%* | 13.2\%* | 9.5\%* | 13.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.7\% | 6.1\% | 15.1\% | 17.1\% | 1.1\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.0\% | 10.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.5\% | 5.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 26.1 | 63.2 | 17.6 | 43.0 | 29.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 745.7 | 808.8 | 611.7* | 436.0 | 736.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 43.7\% | 73.3\% | 88.9\%* | 56.5\% | 44.9\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8,289.6 | 8,565.4 | 6,633.1 | 3,948.4 | 7,851.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 127.9 | 195.6 | 95.5* | 90.6 | 133.6 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 334 | 12 | 6 | 33 | 398 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 72.1\% | 64.7\% | S | 66.7\% | 71.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 75.6\% | 64.5\% | S | 78.0\% | 75.0\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.3\% | 8.6\%* | S | 14.4\% | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.1\% | 8.3\%* | S | 10.1\% | 6.5\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.9* | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 1.6* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 61.6 | 56.1 | 51.5 | 76.9 | 64.7 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 54.0 | 41.2 | 51.5 | 67.5 | 55.9 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 6.0* | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 5.0* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 30.3\% | S | S | S | 29.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.2 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 54.8 | 0.0* | 56.4* | 45.3* | 50.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 76.8 | 55.3 | 58.5* | 67.5 | 81.2 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 184.4 | s | s | 180.6 | 196.0 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.7 | 31.8 | S | 9.3* | 17.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.3 | 4.6* | 0.0* | 32.7* | 16.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 389.8 | 112.8 | S | 160.0 | 374.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.6 | S | 0.0* | 21.4 | 5.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 9.4 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 36.6 | 19.5* | 54.9* | 0.0* | 35.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.0 | 20.7 | s | 28.8 | 26.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 43\% | 32\% | 71\% | 42\% | 43\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 194.5 | 242.8 | 0.0* | 96.2* | 192.3 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 78.8 | 91.7 | s | 50.6 | 83.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 53.0* | 0.0* | 28.2* | 21.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.2 | 28.6 | s | S | 21.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 143.3 | 165.0* | 0.0* | 96.2* | 141.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.2 | 16.7 | s | 15.6 | 21.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.9 | 39.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 51.3 | 37.2 | S | S | 48.0 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 39.9* | 13.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.1 | 38.7 | S | 11.4* | 19.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 194.0 | 307.9 | 144.7 | 159.9 | 206.9 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.1 | S | S | S | 7.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 81.4 | 105.7* | 0.0* | s | 80.8 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 10.3 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 47.7 | s | S | 0.0* | 45.0 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 31.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 29.5 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 28.5 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 28.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $36 \%$ | $43 \%$ | NA | $39 \%$ | $36 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Hamilton County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 4,250 | 71 | 41 | 79 | 4,453 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.4\% | 1.6\% | 0.9\% | 1.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 32.2\% | 12.7\% | 19.5\% | 13.9\% | 31.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 62,614 | NA | NA | NA | 62,841 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 1.3\%* | NA | NA | 0.0\% | 1.2\%* |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 5.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 2.9\%* | 0.0\% | NA | 0.0\% | 2.7\%* |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 19.4\% | 4.8\%* | 0.0\% | 3.0\%* | 20.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.2\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 21.6\% | 15.4\%* | 100.0\%* | 25.8\%* | 21.1\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 18.5\% | 0.2\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | S | S | NA | S | 6.7\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 11.1 | 12.1 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 11.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 709.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 489.2* | 693.9 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.5\% | NA | NA | 100.0\%* | 39.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,981.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2,863.2 | 4,769.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 74.6 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 76.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 90.0\% | s | NA | S | 88.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 95.5\% | S | NA | S | 95.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 4.3\%* | S | NA | S | 4.2\%* |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 4.3\%* | S | NA | S | 4.2\%* |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years\# | 1.2* | S | s | 0.0* | 1.3* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years\# | 58.7 | 26.0* | 34.5* | 67.5 | 59.7 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 46.2 | S | s | s | 43.9 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 0.0* | S | NA | S | 0.0* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 13.5\%* | NA | NA | s | 13.2\%* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.0* |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 49.7 | S | s | 0.0* | 55.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 119.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 123.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 7.8 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 172.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 164.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 25.8* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 45\% | NA | NA | NA | 45\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 167.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 244.6* | 165.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 55.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.6* |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 85.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 244.6* | 86.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 21.9 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.7* |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 45.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 45.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.4* |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.4 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 111.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 115.9 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 12.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 68.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 66.5 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 57.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 55.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $54 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $54 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\#$ | Essex and Hamilton County data are combined for confidentiality. |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Herkimer County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 58,746 | 1,036 | 413 | 1,402 | 61,760 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.1\% | 1.7\% | 0.7\% | 2.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.2\% | 7.8\% | 15.3\% | 5.5\% | 20.6\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 61,437 | 20,359 | NA | 78,396 | 60,561 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.4\% | 0.0\% | 51.2\%* | 33.1\%* | 8.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 17.9\% | 31.9\% | 38.3\% | 36.6\% | 19.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 10.7\%* | 6.7\%* | 12.1\%* | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 4.7\% | 7.0\%* | 2.8\%* | 5.3\%* | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 21.7\% | 2.6\%* | 38.6\%* | 10.5\%* | 21.4\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.1\% | 74.1\% | 0.0\% | 36.9\% | 14.1\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.6\% | 14.3\% | 6.5\%* | 19.7\% | 15.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.9\% | 1.1\% | 48.7\% | 8.5\% | 0.5\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 26.3\% | 7.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 15.9 | 102.3 | 19.7 | 35.8 | 17.5 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 747.3 | 1,628.9 | 288.6* | 676.5 | 749.2 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 40.8\% | 74.1\% | 50.0\%* | 60.0\%* | 41.4\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,549.1 | 19,873.8 | 4,806.0 | 5,268.2 | 6,662.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 122.3 | 285.0 | S | 460.4 | 129.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 579 | 4 | 2 | 17 | 610 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 64.4\% | S | S | 47.8\% | 63.8\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 77.3\% | S | S | 64.3\% | 76.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.6\% | S | S | 6.7\%* | 7.5\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.2\% | S | S | 10.9\%* | 6.4\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.2 | 4.2* | 0.0* | 9.8* | 5.2 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 63.5 | 23.2 | 17.2* | 74.2 | 69.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.5 | 17.8 | 24.1* | 63.3 | 58.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.0* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.4* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.8\% | s | s | s | 27.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.3 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 28.0* | 30.4 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 57.1 | 67.7 | S | 189.3 | 62.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 176.5 | 0.0* | S | 735.9 | 188.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.8 | S | S | S | 9.5 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.8 | 32.7* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 86.8 | S | S | S | 88.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 2.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.7 | S | 0.0* | s | 4.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.2 | 48.5* | 0.0* | 16.9* | 43.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.9 | 51.3 | S | 35.9* | 24.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 45\% | 22\% | NA | 59\% | 45\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 182.3 | 277.9* | 80.8* | 155.7* | 181.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 76.6 | 133.6 | 0.0* | 315.7 | 84.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 39.8* | 22.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.3 | S | S | 32.1* | 20.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 125.4 | 238.6* | 80.8* | 127.7* | 124.9 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.1 | 30.5* | 0.0* | 95.1 | 26.8 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.7 | 44.1* | 0.0* | 52.8 | 42.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.0 | 0.0* | 57.4* | 0.0* | 22.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.1 | 33.9* | S | 52.6 | 17.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 204.9 | 384.2 | 66.7* | 704.9 | 219.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 4.3 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 68.2 | S | S | S | 67.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 16.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.5 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 38.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 27.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 26.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $49 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Jefferson County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 92,568 | 7,887 | 2,266 | 8,910 | 112,266 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 82.5\% | 7.0\% | 2.0\% | 7.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 16.0\% | 1.9\% | 5.3\% | 1.4\% | 13.6\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 59,837 | 55,408 | 72,024 | 48,387 | 58,271 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.5\% | 10.5\%* | 16.8\%* | 8.6\% | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 14.5\% | 33.7\% | 26.0\% | 25.0\% | 17.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.1\% | 4.6\%* | 10.2\%* | 5.5\% | 6.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 3.6\%* | 9.5\%* | 3.8\% | 4.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 24.4\% | 23.6\% | 49.3\% | 17.0\% | 24.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.0\% | 20.7\% | 8.1\% | 20.8\% | 14.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.3\% | 11.6\% | 5.3\%* | 8.2\% | 14.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.9\% | 5.6\% | 26.8\% | 13.0\% | 0.5\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.1\% | 11.9\% | 8.3\% | 5.3\% | 7.4\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 20.5 | 48.8 | 5.1 | 18.0 | 22.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 832.0 | 512.2 | 310.4 | 568.9 | 813.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 43.1\% | 94.7\% | 80.0\%* | 85.3\% | 44.5\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,409.9 | 6,346.7 | 2,845.3 | 4,613.6 | 7,075.5 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 136.2 | 150.7 | S | 75.5 | 138.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,338 | 146 | 55 | 215 | 1,818 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 79.0\% | 69.9\% | 72.4\% | 73.0\% | 77.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 83.2\% | 80.4\% | 82.0\% | 76.8\% | 82.1\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.2\% | 13.2\% | 11.0\% | 8.8\% | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.8\% | 14.1\% | 9.1\% | 5.7\% | 7.3\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.8 | 2.8* | 0.0* | 2.7* | 3.8 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 89.3 | 106.4 | 61.0 | 116.2 | 99.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 79.2 | 84.3 | 97.1 | 105.1 | 85.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.5 | 15.9* | 6.1 * | 9.3* | 6.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 22.4\% | 27.6\% | 18.0\% | 21.7\% | 22.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.8 | 25.3* | 0.0* | 6.4* | 11.2 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 52.0 | 45.7* | 19.0* | 33.2* | 49.1 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 63.6 | 59.9 | 18.9 | 37.1 | 63.7 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 159.6 | S | 0.0* | S | 159.6 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.8 | 14.2 | S | 3.6 | 11.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.8 | 0.0* | 8.0* | 8.5* | 13.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 210.7 | 93.0 | S | 33.7* | 196.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.7 | 7.6 | 0.0* | S | 4.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.9 | S | 0.0* | S | 5.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 44.0 | 12.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 42.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.8 | 13.3 | 0.0* | 20.4 | 21.5 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 52\% | 28\% | 44\% | 27\% | 52\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 188.5 | 141.7* | 29.7* | 174.1* | 185.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 88.7 | 77.6 | 26.1* | 39.9 | 90.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 41.4 | 44.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 40.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.3 | 22.1 | S | 28.1 | 25.5 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 130.8 | 49.0* | 29.7* | 87.1* | 128.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.4 | 13.3 | S | 11.0* | 23.9 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.2* | 13.7 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.4 | 14.5 | 0.0* | 4.0* | 36.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 27.4 | 36.1* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 26.6 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.9 | 38.3 | 0.0* | 12.2 | 19.7 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 237.5 | 310.3 | 94.3 | 148.2 | 244.5 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.6 | 15.1 | 0.0* | S | 7.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 86.7 | S | S | S | 85.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.2 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 46.0 | S | S | S | 46.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 15.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 40.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 39.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.1 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 8.7 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $48 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $47 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Kings County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 966,675 | 785,624 | 334,237 | 486,466 | 2,580,088 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 37.5\% | 30.4\% | 13.0\% | 18.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 15.4\% | 15.2\% | 11.6\% | 10.9\% | 14.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 91,965 | 53,405 | 75,002 | 49,927 | 67,753 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021) ~ | 10.8\% | 15.8\% | 16.1\% | 21.2\% | 14.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 24.5\% | 26.7\% | 24.5\% | 30.8\% | 25.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.4\% | 8.7\% | 6.7\% | 8.1\% | 7.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.4\% | 6.5\% | 5.7\% | 11.3\% | 6.6\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 59.2\% | 25.2\% | 37.2\% | 21.9\% | 39.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.6\% | 31.0\% | 7.8\% | 29.6\% | 18.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 9.6\% | 11.3\% | 6.6\% | 11.1\% | 9.9\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 19.4\% | 5.6\% | 52.0\% | 33.3\% | 11.2\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.4\% | 9.3\% | 4.9\% | 12.6\% | 9.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 6.7 | 35.6 | 6.2 | 24.3 | 19.0 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 590.8 | 763.8 | 424.0 | 695.0 | 668.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 33.3\% | 54.5\% | 44.0\% | 53.6\% | 45.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,120.4 | 8,166.1 | 2,790.4 | 6,195.8 | 5,838.2 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 77.6 | 186.5 | 37.9 | 125.8 | 129.2 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 17,082 | 7,742 | 4,799 | 6,014 | 36,519 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 79.3\% | 66.4\% | 83.6\% | 74.6\% | 76.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 74.9\% | 69.6\% | 82.1\% | 73.6\% | 74.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 5.7\% | 13.6\% | 8.2\% | 10.1\% | 8.5\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.2\% | 12.8\% | 8.2\% | 8.2\% | 7.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.5 | 7.9 | 0.7 | 6.8 | 4.7 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 88.8 | 83.1 | 67.3 | 77.0 | 87.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 79.2 | 44.3 | 61.0 | 55.0 | 63.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 1.8 | 6.8 | 1.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.2\% | 33.2\% | 27.0\% | 28.5\% | 25.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.9 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.8 | 25.2 | 9.1 | 30.7 | 24.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.8 | 48.2 | 21.7 | 45.9 | 53.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 160.3 | 80.2 | 70.7 | 98.7 | 137.2 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.4 | 9.8 | 1.9 | 8.2 | 8.7 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.2 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 245.5 | 210.8 | 17.9 | 339.5 | 259.2 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.3 | 19.9 | 2.2 | 11.4 | 10.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.4 | 44.0 | 4.2 | 15.7 | 21.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.0 | 17.4 | 10.9 | 18.6 | 16.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 9.2 | 33.1 | 5.8 | 23.1 | 22.2 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 40\% | 27\% | 46\% | $34 \%$ | 37\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 205.5 | 232.2 | 117.6 | 189.6 | 210.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 56.2 | 86.9 | 26.4 | 69.4 | 80.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.5 | 23.1 | 16.1 | 22.5 | 18.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 12.7 | 26.5 | 12.1 | 15.9 | 21.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 187.2 | 206.6 | 108.6 | 169.5 | 189.9 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.7 | 17.4 | 10.0 | 22.2 | 22.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.1 | 5.4 | 1.7 | 4.9 | 5.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 29.4 | 61.2 | 9.0 | 30.6 | 43.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.5 | 41.1 | 12.3 | 28.8 | 24.6 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 32.8 | 3.9 | 24.7 | 22.7 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 132.5 | 281.1 | 94.3 | 256.2 | 239.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 2.1 | 13.4 | 1.0 | 8.1 | 7.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 48.7 | 37.4 | 61.7 | 31.4 | 44.0 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.6 | 14.0 | 10.1 | 11.0 | 12.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.5 | 36.6 | 40.0 | 31.6 | 38.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 21.5 | 24.7 | 9.8 | 14.4 | 20.4 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 49.5 | 53.8 | 29.9 | 29.9 | 45.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> 2019) | 1.6 | 2.8 | $1.6^{*}$ | 3.5 | 2.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.9 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 9.5 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $36 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $35 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Lewis County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 25,575 | 246 | 143 | 468 | 26,503 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 96.5\% | 0.9\% | 0.5\% | 1.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 18.9\% | 7.7\% | 11.9\% | 3.0\% | 18.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 59,827 | NA | NA | NA | 60,049 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 42.9\%* | 9.2\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 16.4\% | 75.5\% | 0.0\% | 96.9\% | 18.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 16.1\%* | 12.5\%* | 4.6\%* | 5.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.8\% | 4.4\%* | 0.0\% | 12.9\%* | 4.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 18.8\% | 6.9\%* | 33.0\%* | 21.1\%* | 18.8\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 11.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 42.9\% | 11.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) ~ | 14.1\% | 5.8\%* | 18.5\%* | 24.0\% | 14.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 49.0\% | 14.5\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.4\% | S | S | 16.7\% | 4.5\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.5 | 29.2 | 12.1 | 13.3 | 14.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 707.8 | 276.8* | 258.5* | 65.3* | 707.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (< 75 years) | 38.2\% | 100.0\%* | 50.0\%* | 100.0\%* | 38.5\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,130.8 | 7,339.2 | 0.0 | 2,467.3 | 6,290.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 126.1 | s | S | S | 126.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 290 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 303 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 78.3\% | S | S | S | 77.6\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 81.7\% | S | S | S | 81.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.3\% | S | S | S | 7.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.3\% | S | S | S | 6.1\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.9* | S | S | S | 1.8* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 75.1 | 22.2* | 8.5* | 84.4 | 76.8 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 68.8 | 16.7* | 42.7* | 75.9 | 68.7 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 6.9* | s | S | S | 7.7* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 24.6\% | s | s | s | 24.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 7.3* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 40.7 | 107.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 42.3 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 62.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 63.4 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 183.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 187.3 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 9.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 22.5 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 108.2 | S | S | 0.0* | 114.5 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 3.1 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 5.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 32.8 | 0.0* | 258.5* | 0.0* | 33.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.6 | S | 0.0* | S | 20.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 51\% | NA | NA | NA | 51\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 150.3 | 169.3* | 0.0* | 65.3* | 151.5 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 76.7 | S | 0.0* | 135.3* | 81.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 32.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 16.3 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 103.4 | 169.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 103.4 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 26.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 38.8 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 38.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 16.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 198.2 | S | S | 272.2* | 203.9 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 59.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 58.7 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 24.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 23.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 51.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 50.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 21.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 20.8 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 39.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 42.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $57 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $57 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Livingston County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 57,924 | 1,786 | 972 | 2,417 | 63,281 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 91.5\% | 2.8\% | 1.5\% | 3.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.0\% | 6.2\% | 6.8\% | 3.8\% | 17.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 65,711 | 32,188* | NA | 48,438 | 64,467 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.6\% | 15.8\%* | 0.0\% | 22.5\%* | 6.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 12.6\% | 34.4\% | 0.0\% | 42.3\% | 14.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.8\% | 3.6\%* | 0.0\% | 9.6\%* | 4.8\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.9\% | 4.7\%* | 0.0\% | 9.3\%* | 3.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 29.9\% | 7.2\%* | 78.7\% | 10.1\% | 28.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 11.8\% | 36.7\% | 32.2\% | 14.0\% | 12.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 12.6\% | 24.1\% | 2.4\%* | 12.5\% | 12.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.5\% | 3.4\% | 39.5\% | 16.9\% | 0.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 10.0\% | 4.4\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 15.8 | 59.8 | 4.5 | 31.3 | 17.5 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 716.5 | 696.3 | 67.6* | 719.9 | 709.5 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.7\% | 47.6\% | 100.0\%* | 50.0\%* | 40.0\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,948.9 | 3,996.6 | 1,115.6 | 3,663.5 | 5,786.9 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 99.0 | 160.2 | S | 119.3 | 100.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 468 | 5 | 5 | 31 | 519 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 80.0\% | S | S | 67.5\% | 78.8\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 64.9\% | S | S | 51.4\% | 64.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.5\% | S | S | 6.2\%* | 7.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.0\% | S | S | 7.3\%* | 7.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.7* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.6* | 1.1* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.3 | 24.9 | 14.7 | 68.3 | 49.2 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 42.8 | 20.5 | 14.7 | 58.9 | 43.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.3* | s | S | 0.0* | 4.5* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 23.0\% | s | S | S | 23.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.9 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 54.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 49.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 69.6 | 59.9 | S | 57.3 | 72.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 156.3 | S | s | S | 157.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.7 | 15.2* | 0.0* | 15.8 | 8.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.7* | 14.5 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 157.1 | 112.0* | 0.0* | 151.7 | 155.9 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.4 | s | 0.0* | s | 2.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.3 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 42.2 | 21.2* | 0.0* | 43.1* | 41.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.5 | 28.3 | 0.0* | 33.7 | 18.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 39\% | NA | 20\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 147.2 | 154.6* | 0.0* | 319.6* | 147.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 64.4 | 121.4 | s | 43.7 | 67.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.6 | 47.0* | 0.0* | 78.7* | 26.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.4 | 18.3* | s | s | 16.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 78.1 | 68.2* | 0.0* | 240.9* | 78.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.7 | 24.4 | s | S | 18.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 78.7* | 26.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 35.0 | 36.2 | S | 11.7* | 34.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.1 | 21.2* | 0.0* | 15.2* | 18.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.5 | 15.0* | 0.0* | 12.2 | 12.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 153.1 | 208.8 | 49.1* | 219.1 | 159.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.5* | 6.5 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 66.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 65.7 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 15.3 | 0.0* | 0.0 * | S | 15.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 35.5 | 0.0* | s | s | 35.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 16.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.6 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted $(2017-2019)$ | 32.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 32.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $49 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Madison County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 66,830 | 1,493 | 771 | 1,652 | 71,180 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 93.9\% | 2.1\% | 1.1\% | 2.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.0\% | 5.1\% | 8.2\% | 5.4\% | 18.3\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 63,047 | 42,951 | 104,625 | 79,643 | 63,312 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 16.3\%* | 6.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.9\% | 32.7\% | 0.0\% | 19.7\% | 10.5\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.3\% | 13.0\%* | 0.0\% | 0.7\%* | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.9\% | 1.0\%* | 4.1\%* | 4.8\%* | 3.8\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 25.9\% | 15.3\%* | 83.2\% | 43.4\% | 26.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 23.3\% | 13.0\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) | 12.5\% | 16.6\%* | 1.5\%* | 6.2\%* | 12.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.1\% | 5.0\% | 24.3\% | 7.8\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.5\% | 16.7\% | s | 20.0\% | 6.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 16.5 | 81.3 | 9.3 | 27.4 | 18.3 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 684.1 | 634.8 | 218.9* | 220.7* | 679.7 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.6\% | 78.6\% | 75.0\%* | 66.7\%* | 40.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,361.8 | 8,021.7 | 2,841.7 | 2,740.0 | 5,351.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 89.6 | 131.4 | S | 80.9 | 91.6 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 555 | 3 | 5 | 30 | 609 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 83.4\% | S | S | 68.8\% | 82.5\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 87.2\% | S | S | 75.6\% | 86.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.9\% | S | S | 2.1\%* | 9.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.6\% | S | S | 0.0\%* | 7.4\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 48.1 | 10.1 | 18.4 | 62.0 | 51.8 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 45.8 | 6.7 | 21.3 | 61.3 | 45.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.0* | S | S | 0.0* | 3.3* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 23.4\% | S | s | S | 23.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.2 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.1* | 43.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 49.1 | 61.9 | s | 24.4* | 49.9 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 146.7 | s | S | s | 147.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.1 | S | s | S | 8.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.4* | 11.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 128.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 129.2 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.0 | s | s | s | 2.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.7 | S | s | 0.0* | 4.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 44.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.4 | 53.6 | S | S | 14.2 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 46\% | 60\% | 47\% | 49\% | 46\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 135.3 | 356.2* | 0.0* | 40.8* | 136.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 60.1 | 66.5 | s | 51.7 | 63.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.2 | 93.7* | 53.7* | 0.0* | 29.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 16.9 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 86.8 | 130.0* | 0.0* | 40.8* | 87.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.3 | S | 0.0* | 27.0* | 18.1 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.1 | 57.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 31.1 | S | S | S | 31.0 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.9 | 0.0* | 51.7* | 0.0* | 16.7 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 15.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 145.2 | 291.5 | 114.5 | 129.7 | 152.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.3 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 65.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 63.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.8 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 37.4 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 12.6 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 13.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 39.9 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $50 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Monroe County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 530,385 | 114,548 | 28,910 | 68,379 | 744,239 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 71.3\% | 15.4\% | 3.9\% | 9.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.7\% | 10.1\% | 9.1\% | 6.6\% | 17.3\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 75,666 | 36,168 | 64,700 | 39,124 | 66,317 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.2\% | 27.3\% | 11.4\% | 25.4\% | 9.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.6\% | 46.0\% | 18.2\% | 35.0\% | 20.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.9\% | 10.6\% | 3.6\% | 10.5\% | 5.3\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.4\% | 4.6\% | 4.6\% | 5.3\% | 3.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 45.5\% | 16.0\% | 52.7\% | 18.5\% | 40.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 11.3\% | 47.3\% | 14.1\% | 41.3\% | 18.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.1\% | 17.8\% | 9.2\% | 16.9\% | 14.0\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.8\% | 4.2\% | 35.8\% | 23.7\% | 2.4\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.5\% | 14.7\% | 5.4\% | 15.7\% | 8.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 8.4 | 64.7 | 5.3 | 28.8 | 17.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 682.0 | 1,014.2 | 358.0 | 699.1 | 726.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 33.6\% | 64.9\% | 51.6\% | 62.3\% | 39.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,438.2 | 12,444.8 | 2,665.7 | 7,163.5 | 6,760.9 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 92.9 | 309.5 | 52.1 | 215.2 | 130.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 4,372 | 1,667 | 368 | 1,013 | 7,734 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 88.0\% | 66.8\% | 75.9\% | 72.4\% | 80.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 72.6\% | 67.3\% | 70.9\% | 70.6\% | 70.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.9\% | 14.0\% | 7.7\% | 12.6\% | 10.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.1\% | 15.3\% | 6.2\% | 11.9\% | 9.1\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.1 | 9.1 | 1.6* | 8.1 | 4.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 52.7 | 96.9 | 54.4 | 77.5 | 69.9 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 45.7 | 62.5 | 49.5 | 60.9 | 52.7 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.8 | 15.2 | 2.7* | 6.6 | 7.0 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.2\% | 23.8\% | 28.2\% | 26.0\% | 25.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.3 | 7.9 | 1.3* | 8.2 | 6.1 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.7 | 69.3 | 10.5* | 72.2 | 58.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 69.7 | 108.5 | 26.9 | 85.9 | 81.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 199.6 | 112.7 | 54.3 | 135.7 | 196.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.1 | 17.8 | 3.4 | 16.3 | 12.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | 7.4 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 243.1 | 273.5 | 25.4 | 476.3 | 270.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.6 | 20.8 | 3.4 | 20.4 | 7.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.1 | 33.6 | 6.2 | 27.9 | 15.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.3 | 23.8 | 4.2* | 16.1 | 24.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.1 | 50.6 | 6.2 | 36.8 | 21.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 52\% | 36\% | 51\% | 38\% | 49\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 123.9 | 193.7 | 57.8 | 107.0 | 132.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.8 | 140.6 | 37.3 | 104.5 | 79.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 27.3 | 42.0 | 32.2 | 43.8 | 29.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.5 | 39.4 | 14.6 | 29.4 | 21.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 80.4 | 126.4 | 36.5 | 68.7 | 85.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.0 | 22.4 | 9.2 | 24.4 | 18.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.8 | 26.9 | 13.3* | 11.5 | 19.5 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 41.8 | 91.5 | 14.3 | 42.8 | 49.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.8 | 44.9 | 18.9 | 23.7 | 16.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.7 | 55.0 | 4.9 | 41.4 | 21.4 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 157.1 | 489.4 | 116.7 | 431.7 | 220.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.5 | 26.2 | 1.7 | 20.1 | 10.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 62.4 | 77.2 | 34.3 | 52.7 | 62.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.4 | 15.3 | 10.9* | 8.6 | 12.1 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 35.5 | 46.9 | 36.1 | 25.8 | 36.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 17.8 | 22.9 | S | 21.0 | 18.5 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 40.7 | 48.3 | 26.3 | 39.9 | 41.3 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 1.5 | $5.0^{*}$ | $s$ | $s$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 4.3 | 6.4 | s | $7.9^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $36 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Montgomery County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 40,273 | 1,272 | 449 | 7,370 | 49,502 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 81.4\% | 2.6\% | 0.9\% | 14.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.1\% | 6.3\% | 14.3\% | 6.9\% | 18.6\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 56,963 | 30,667 | 37,031 | 35,773 | 53,533 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.2\% | 39.6\%* | 35.4\%* | 33.2\% | 13.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 19.9\% | 49.1\% | 75.8\% | 39.9\% | 26.0\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 6.7\%* | 1.7\%* | 12.2\% | 6.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 6.6\% | 3.9\%* | 12.3\%* | 3.7\% | 6.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 20.2\% | 7.7\%* | 41.4\%* | 11.3\% | 19.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.8\% | 35.4\% | 52.5\% | 44.6\% | 18.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.2\% | 11.8\% | 11.6\%* | 13.9\% | 15.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.5\% | 1.1\% | 33.5\% | 18.2\% | 1.9\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.9\% | 6.3\% | s | 15.7\% | 8.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 21.5 | 139.5 | 19.2 | 49.7 | 27.8 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 847.1 | 811.3 | 932.4 | 747.1 | 842.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 37.7\% | 75.0\% | 40.0\%* | 66.0\% | 39.9\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,927.2 | 8,536.2 | 5,407.0 | 7,339.8 | 7,765.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 146.4 | 219.9 | 67.5* | 151.0 | 151.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 441 | 12 | 5 | 125 | 598 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 63.2\% | 66.7\% | S | 65.2\% | 64.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 69.4\% | 48.4\% | S | 69.9\% | 69.3\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.5\% | 11.1\%* | S | 10.4\% | 9.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.0\% | 13.9\%* | S | 10.2\% | 8.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.8 | 8.3* | S | 10.2 | 5.0 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 80.7 | 74.1 | 39.4 | 92.0 | 85.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 65.9 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 74.3 | 68.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 6.8* | 27.8* | S | 2.7* | 6.7 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 24.0\% | S | S | 21.9\% | 24.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.4 | 19.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.0 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.0 | 51.1* | 0.0* | 38.4* | 44.3 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 75.0 | 48.9 | S | 52.2 | 81.8 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 230.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 125.2 | 252.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.6 | s | 0.0* | 7.1 | 12.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.5 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 221.8 | 157.2* | S | 217.1 | 247.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.2 | S | 0.0* | 7.2 | 3.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | S | 0.0* | 7.5* | 4.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 36.0 | 26.4* | 249.1* | 32.8* | 37.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.4 | S | S | 18.6 | 19.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 45\% | 28\% | 44\% | 38\% | 44\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 196.7 | 52.9* | 208.0* | 147.7 | 193.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 97.1 | 97.2 | 42.3* | 88.8 | 104.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.4* | 28.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.5 | S | s | 25.0 | 27.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 103.2 | 26.4* | 0.0* | 60.0* | 99.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.0 | S | 35.8* | 29.0 | 33.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.6 | 0.0* | 208.0* | 38.4* | 29.8 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 61.0 | 38.8 | S | 36.2 | 62.0 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.5 | 0.0* | 249.1* | 42.3* | 21.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.8 | 26.8* | S | 29.3 | 24.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 210.6 | 226.9 | 53.6 | 304.9 | 240.7 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.9 | S | 0.0* | 11.4 | 7.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 93.3 | s | s | 45.3* | 89.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 11.6 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 46.8 | S | S | S | 45.8 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 22.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 22.6 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 50.6 | 0.0* | S | s | 53.2 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $41 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $39 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Nassau County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 815,851 | 162,349 | 145,971 | 231,042 | 1,357,423 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 60.1\% | 12.0\% | 10.8\% | 17.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 22.5\% | 13.2\% | 12.3\% | 8.0\% | 17.8\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 132,464 | 107,795 | 151,093 | 103,873 | 126,576 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 2.3\% | 5.3\% | 3.8\% | 8.0\% | 3.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 2.7\% | 8.8\% | 5.0\% | 12.8\% | 6.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.2\% | 6.6\% | 4.0\% | 4.4\% | 4.5\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.0\% | 4.3\% | 5.4\% | 9.9\% | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 52.7\% | 33.9\% | 65.0\% | 25.2\% | 47.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 21.9\% | 5.5\% | 20.4\% | 9.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) ~ | 10.1\% | 7.4\% | 5.5\% | 5.8\% | 8.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 2.5\% | 5.3\% | 28.0\% | 33.2\% | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 0.6\% | 2.4\% | 0.7\% | 9.8\% | 3.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 6.1 | 34.2 | 4.4 | 18.4 | 11.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 617.2 | 695.9 | 373.6 | 536.0 | 620.2 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 28.2\% | 50.7\% | 42.9\% | 54.6\% | 33.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,287.2 | 6,765.3 | 2,200.8 | 4,553.8 | 4,566.8 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 85.8 | 195.9 | 53.4 | 104.4 | 103.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 6,425 | 1,498 | 1,952 | 3,652 | 13,794 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 92.5\% | 78.3\% | 84.9\% | 77.6\% | 85.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 88.0\% | 80.4\% | 83.3\% | 82.2\% | 84.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.6\% | 13.5\% | 8.5\% | 10.6\% | 9.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.2\% | 12.9\% | 9.1\% | 8.2\% | 7.9\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.4 | 4.4 | 0.4 | 7.6 | 2.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 57.4 | 76.4 | 67.4 | 93.1 | 71.9 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 49.6 | 43.3 | 62.9 | 74.1 | 56.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 1.5 | 7.8 | 1.4* | 2.6 | 2.6 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 32.4\% | 39.0\% | 30.7\% | 28.9\% | 32.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.7 | 7.8 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 5.3 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 37.7 | 24.4 | 13.4 | 30.0 | 32.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.4 | 55.0 | 34.6 | 53.7 | 68.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 254.7 | 111.9 | 99.9 | 125.0 | 237.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.5 | 9.9 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 8.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.8 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 5.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 197.4 | 134.9 | 16.2 | 84.3 | 157.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.9 | 16.5 | 4.3 | 9.8 | 7.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.5 | 23.3 | 9.6 | 18.6 | 12.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.1 | 13.3 | 5.5 | 11.2 | 20.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 13.3 | 30.2 | 7.6 | 16.2 | 16.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 59\% | 37\% | 53\% | 40\% | 56\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 188.8 | 218.7 | 100.6 | 135.8 | 187.5 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 81.2 | 106.2 | 53.6 | 66.4 | 87.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.4 | 24.4 | 18.0 | 23.0 | 22.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 15.3 | 31.7 | 12.6 | 16.5 | 18.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 156.7 | 188.7 | 87.5 | 112.8 | 156.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.2 | 25.6 | 24.1 | 21.5 | 26.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 43.6 | 53.8 | 14.2 | 20.1 | 40.5 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.0 | 29.3 | 11.5 | 12.7 | 12.5 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.6 | 32.6 | 6.6 | 17.8 | 14.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 142.9 | 331.3 | 156.2 | 208.0 | 187.6 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 2.5 | 9.9 | 1.2 | 5.1 | 4.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 59.1 | 36.6 | 32.3 | 28.9 | 52.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.4 | 12.7 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 10.6 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.2 | 39.2 | 30.1 | 31.9 | 36.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.1 | 22.1 | 9.0 | 12.1 | 17.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 45.8 | 50.6 | 35.2 | 29.2 | 42.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> 2019) | 1.3 | 4.2 | s | s |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 6.2 | 9.9 | 4.4 | 9.3 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $49 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $35 \%$ | Key


| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## New York County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 786,118 | 212,634 | 211,037 | 419,123 | 1,632,393 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 48.2\% | 13.0\% | 12.9\% | 25.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 18.5\% | 15.6\% | 13.8\% | 15.2\% | 16.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 136,386 | 42,341 | 94,758 | 44,456 | 93,956 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 3.0\% | 23.1\% | 13.8\% | 21.1\% | 11.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 3.1\% | 36.6\% | 15.8\% | 33.4\% | 20.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.4\% | 10.6\% | 5.5\% | 10.7\% | 6.6\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.7\% | 5.5\% | 4.9\% | 8.0\% | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 84.5\% | 31.4\% | 68.5\% | 27.9\% | 62.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.1\% | 35.1\% | 8.4\% | 28.8\% | 16.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 7.5\% | 15.7\% | 7.2\% | 15.5\% | 10.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 2.5\% | 7.0\% | 31.6\% | 32.8\% | 8.1\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.4\% | 9.9\% | 4.1\% | 11.6\% | 9.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 6.6 | 97.4 | 6.4 | 33.9 | 24.8 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 409.8 | 929.0 | 377.5 | 561.9 | 528.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths ( $<75$ years) | 30.9\% | 51.8\% | 27.1\% | 41.9\% | 38.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2,639.9 | 9,545.4 | 1,993.7 | 5,018.3 | 4,294.8 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 37.9 | 214.7 | 27.9 | 106.9 | 91.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 7,381 | 1,777 | 2,241 | 3,760 | 15,653 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 87.2\% | 62.5\% | 84.6\% | 66.4\% | 78.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.5\% | 65.3\% | 81.5\% | 68.5\% | 77.9\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 6.9\% | 12.9\% | 7.4\% | 10.9\% | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.2\% | 12.6\% | 7.9\% | 9.3\% | 8.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.6 | 9.3 | 0.7* | 6.2 | 5.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 50.8 | 84.5 | 39.9 | 62.2 | 61.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 37.5 | 37.5 | 34.7 | 40.1 | 38.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 1.7 | 6.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.7 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.9\% | 31.2\% | 27.7\% | 30.5\% | 27.7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.5 | 2.3 | 0.8* | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.6 | 48.5 | 8.8 | 35.4 | 26.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 41.9 | 77.4 | 22.2 | 45.1 | 56.9 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 161.2 | 115.2 | 99.2 | 102.0 | 164.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.9 | 22.0 | 1.7 | 8.7 | 10.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.3 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 6.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 171.7 | 658.3 | 23.9 | 385.2 | 327.8 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.9 | 25.1 | 1.6 | 12.9 | 10.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.2 | 49.2 | 4.4 | 25.1 | 23.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.4 | 28.3 | 11.4 | 14.2 | 15.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 5.2 | 41.1 | 3.7 | 21.7 | 17.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 58\% | 33\% | 50\% | 34\% | 52\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 109.4 | 249.6 | 97.1 | 130.1 | 135.3 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.5 | 100.6 | 19.6 | 63.5 | 61.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.0 | 30.9 | 16.0 | 18.2 | 17.0 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 8.8 | 27.5 | 9.6 | 15.8 | 17.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 92.5 | 217.3 | 83.3 | 111.0 | 115.6 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.8 | 21.1 | 6.2 | 18.9 | 17.1 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.0 | 6.8 | 2.8 | 5.8 | 4.8 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 12.9 | 66.3 | 7.7 | 34.0 | 29.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.0 | 37.2 | 9.5 | 18.8 | 14.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.0 | 41.4 | 3.6 | 22.6 | 16.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.8 | 340.2 | 67.0 | 223.5 | 167.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 1.4 | 15.3 | 1.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 43.1 | 61.4 | 54.3 | 30.5 | 44.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.1 | 16.0 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 9.2 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 29.7 | 37.2 | 32.8 | 30.9 | 31.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 14.9 | 30.0 | 8.6 | 12.2 | 16.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 41.3 | 53.3 | 29.0 | 32.4 | 39.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> 2019) | 1.0 | 4.1 | $2.0^{*}$ | 1.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 5.7 | 12.5 | 6.6 | 6.4 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years <br> who received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $32 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Niagara County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 181,802 | 16,572 | 2,726 | 6,780 | 210,300 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 86.4\% | 7.9\% | 1.3\% | 3.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.6\% | 9.9\% | 11.0\% | 5.6\% | 19.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 65,157 | 29,864 | 50,114 | 40,396 | 60,834 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.0\% | 27.7\% | 29.4\%* | 21.4\% | 9.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.5\% | 35.1\% | 47.6\% | 31.7\% | 16.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 6.7\% | 11.1\%* | 6.3\%* | 5.8\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.6\% | 4.3\% | 6.5\%* | 2.2\%* | 2.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 27.2\% | 13.4\% | 44.3\% | 21.7\% | 26.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.4\% | 50.4\% | 19.5\% | 29.6\% | 16.4\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) ~ | 14.6\% | 17.3\% | 9.5\% | 17.0\% | 14.9\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.9\% | 0.4\% | 34.2\% | 17.8\% | 0.9\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.6\% | 22.1\% | 2.2\% | 16.3\% | 10.2\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 16.1 | 112.8 | 6.8 | 46.1 | 23.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 817.4 | 1,197.7 | 348.2 | 889.9 | 846.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.5\% | 69.5\% | 47.6\% | 58.4\% | 42.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,992.5 | 15,634.8 | 1,786.6 | 7,257.3 | 7,866.9 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 119.5 | 310.5 | 52.3 | 108.4 | 132.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,583 | 215 | 34 | 110 | 2,051 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 76.3\% | 58.9\% | 71.7\% | 66.2\% | 73.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 74.8\% | 63.3\% | 73.5\% | 68.6\% | 72.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.4\% | 12.3\% | 10.9\% | 9.8\% | 10.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.4\% | 11.8\% | 4.0\%* | 9.5\% | 8.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.4 | 11.2 | 0.0* | 6.0* | 4.2 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 60.2 | 95.0 | 51.2 | 89.6 | 70.2 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 51.1 | 59.1 | 52.8 | 73.1 | 55.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.8 | 14.0* | 0.0* | 6.0* | 5.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 33.3\% | 33.7\% | 43.6\% | 40.0\% | 33.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.8 | 19.3 | 0.0* | 18.5* | 8.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.2 | 81.8 | 0.0* | 68.0* | 50.1 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 59.9 | 76.5 | 11.2* | 41.6 | 62.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 191.7 | 119.9 | s | 141.5 | 189.0 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 16.4 | S | 12.2 | 11.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.7 | 8.3* | 0.0* | 8.3* | 12.0 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 294.3 | 400.3 | S | 299.9 | 307.5 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.5 | 8.9 | 10.1* | 7.2 | 4.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 8.5 | 9.2 | 29.6* | 11.3* | 9.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.2 | 43.8 | 18.5* | 37.9* | 45.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.6 | 39.4 | 14.3 | 20.3 | 22.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 41\% | 30\% | 45\% | 26\% | 40\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 204.6 | 328.2 | 159.1 | 176.8 | 213.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 85.0 | 168.4 | 42.5 | 77.1 | 91.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 34.3 | 49.5 | 26.7* | 38.4* | 35.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.1 | 50.1 | 9.4* | 11.3 | 23.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 125.5 | 235.1 | 103.7* | 99.1 | 132.5 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.8 | 39.1 | 11.8 | 27.4 | 27.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 46.6 | 31.9 | 8.4* | 24.3* | 45.7 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 44.0 | 91.6 | 19.5 | 14.5 | 46.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.7 | 63.1 | 0.0* | 54.9* | 22.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.4 | 58.3 | 9.9* | 28.0 | 21.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 185.2 | 464.7 | 133.7 | 235.4 | 207.6 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.5 | 30.4 | S | 18.6 | 10.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 72.8 | 56.0 | S | 72.6* | 71.8 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.8 | 19.8* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.6 | 58.5 | 0.0* | S | 45.8 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 18.6 | 27.4* | S | 0.0* | 19.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.5 | 49.0 | S | S | 42.3 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $1.7^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $1.6^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.7 | s | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 11.6 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $42 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $42 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Oneida County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 189,344 | 15,714 | 9,616 | 14,175 | 229,431 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 82.5\% | 6.8\% | 4.2\% | 6.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.3\% | 7.4\% | 6.6\% | 5.3\% | 18.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 65,570 | 30,250 | 52,155 | 47,665 | 61,733 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.5\% | 44.3\% | 18.8\% | 26.3\% | 10.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 12.1\% | 65.8\% | 40.1\% | 33.5\% | 21.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.2\% | 9.9\% | 2.5\%* | 9.6\% | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.6\% | 5.3\%* | 6.5\% | 5.9\% | 3.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 27.8\% | 8.9\% | 28.0\% | 16.0\% | 26.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.6\% | 62.9\% | 15.6\% | 41.2\% | 17.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.1\% | 14.0\% | 11.6\% | 10.1\% | 13.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 2.4\% | 4.3\% | 46.4\% | 17.5\% | 2.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.2\% | 18.0\% | 13.9\% | 13.1\% | 8.4\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 15.8 | 103.5 | 9.9 | 36.8 | 22.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 800.2 | 1,033.0 | 533.9 | 648.9 | 812.2 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 37.7\% | 74.8\% | 62.8\% | 68.0\% | 40.4\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,164.8 | 12,859.7 | 4,067.3 | 6,841.1 | 7,675.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 118.0 | 289.0 | 94.0 | 321.7 | 136.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,744 | 232 | 162 | 226 | 2,466 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 76.7\% | 53.0\% | 47.0\% | 61.6\% | 70.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 82.0\% | 65.6\% | 68.3\% | 73.9\% | 78.2\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.8\% | 13.5\% | 11.3\% | 12.0\% | 9.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births ( $<2.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) | 6.7\% | 14.7\% | 8.6\% | 9.3\% | 7.9\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.2 | 10.7 | 4.4* | 7.2 | 6.0 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.3 | 85.6 | 70.1 | 79.7 | 78.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 54.9 | 77.4 | 68.7 | 75.0 | 61.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.4 | 14.4 | 2.1* | 10.3* | 7.6 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 32.7\% | 36.5\% | 32.0\% | 24.0\% | 32.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.7 | 6.0* | 0.0* | 10.2* | 7.7 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 49.1 | 92.4 | 13.6* | 48.8 | 51.6 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 63.3 | 69.7 | 35.9 | 120.4 | 70.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 208.4 | 60.4 | 125.8 | 423.4 | 224.3 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.6 | 14.9 | 4.2 | 15.3 | 12.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.1 | 6.9* | 8.4* | 4.7* | 14.0 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 133.4 | 173.9 | S | 136.4 | 136.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | 7.3 | 3.1* | 10.5 | 4.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.2 | 11.9 | s | 14.2 | 6.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.6 | 60.1 | 0.0* | 17.8* | 45.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.9 | 36.0 | 14.6 | 47.5 | 23.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 49\% | 41\% | 43\% | 35\% | 48\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 169.1 | 208.1 | 128.3 | 153.7 | 170.2 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 76.6 | 130.1 | 41.6 | 183.5 | 87.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 30.5 | 61.4 | 33.0* | 20.7* | 31.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.5 | 31.5 | 18.4 | 56.2 | 23.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 114.9 | 135.1 | 87.3 | 109.2 | 115.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.8 | 34.2 | 18.8 | 61.4 | 27.9 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.7 | 4.1* | 9.6* | 17.3* | 11.4 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 43.2 | 55.0 | 12.6 | 39.6 | 45.4 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.1 | 37.1 | 38.4* | 59.2 | 24.7 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.1 | 61.0 | 10.2 | 58.5 | 23.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 194.7 | 441.0 | 175.0 | 615.1 | 231.7 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.1 | 35.9 | $4.7{ }^{*}$ | 27.8 | 11.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 72.4 | 54.5 | 61.7* | 58.6 | 71.4 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.4 | S | S | S | 12.2 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 36.5 | 51.9 | S | 39.5* | 36.3 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.0 | S | S | S | 17.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.1 | S | S | S | 33.3 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $1.1^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $1.1^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 4.5 | $0.0^{*}$ | s | s | 4.7 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $51 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $50 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Onondaga County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 360,024 | 55,646 | 18,581 | 23,760 | 461,890 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 77.9\% | 12.0\% | 4.0\% | 5.1\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.7\% | 8.6\% | 7.9\% | 4.9\% | 17.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 73,238 | 33,996 | 62,376 | 46,080 | 66,012 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 32.8\% | 10.0\% | 27.1\% | 9.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.4\% | 51.6\% | 18.9\% | 38.4\% | 21.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.0\% | 12.3\% | 7.9\% | 9.4\% | 5.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.1\% | 4.2\% | 3.7\% | 6.1\% | 3.4\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 39.3\% | 14.0\% | 45.0\% | 26.8\% | 36.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.8\% | 50.6\% | 9.1\% | 42.7\% | 17.9\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.5\% | 16.0\% | 9.1\% | 11.6\% | 13.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.7\% | 5.2\% | 39.0\% | 15.8\% | 1.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.5\% | 10.5\% | 4.7\% | 11.0\% | 6.2\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 13.5 | 100.2 | 5.2 | 34.1 | 23.4 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 724.8 | 1,048.6 | 360.5 | 656.6 | 752.9 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 35.9\% | 64.3\% | 37.6\% | 65.5\% | 39.4\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,884.8 | 11,965.6 | 1,556.6 | 7,101.8 | 6,725.5 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 110.0 | 296.5 | 63.1 | 161.1 | 131.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 3,141 | 911 | 272 | 397 | 5,049 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 85.6\% | 61.5\% | 67.6\% | 67.1\% | 77.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 87.9\% | 68.7\% | 75.8\% | 73.2\% | 81.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.8\% | 12.1\% | 7.7\% | 11.4\% | 9.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.1\% | 13.7\% | 6.6\% | 9.3\% | 8.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.0 | 12.6 | 1.2* | 8.5 | 5.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 54.7 | 102.6 | 56.7 | 82.5 | 72.9 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.5 | 69.9 | 53.9 | 67.5 | 55.5 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.2 | 12.1 | 0.0* | 9.2 | 5.1 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.4\% | 27.1\% | 28.3\% | 24.9\% | 26.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.0 | 8.8 | 0.0* | 12.3* | 7.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.4 | 67.6 | 9.9* | 43.3 | 54.1 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.9 | 91.2 | 30.9 | 66.0 | 72.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 214.6 | 118.1 | 79.7 | 94.5 | 208.3 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.7 | 18.1 | 3.1 | 14.9 | 12.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.2 | 8.2 | 0.0* | 7.8* | 10.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 271.2 | 285.1 | 16.1* | 371.8 | 276.9 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.9 | 15.2 | 2.2 | 13.1 | 5.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 6.3 | 25.2 | 3.9* | 23.9 | 12.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.5 | 39.7 | 18.4* | 19.6* | 33.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | 35.5 | 12.0 | 29.1 | 19.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 54\% | 38\% | 55\% | 30\% | 52\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 143.7 | 211.4 | 75.8 | 106.5 | 147.8 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 67.1 | 122.1 | 26.4 | 79.9 | 74.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.0 | 45.5 | 18.9* | 42.4 | 29.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.1 | 44.1 | 15.5 | 29.6 | 22.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 95.8 | 145.0 | 56.1 | 68.5 | 98.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.9 | 23.1 | 9.2 | 23.9 | 19.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.6 | 11.9 | 0.0* | 14.0* | 11.4 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 39.9 | 67.2 | 8.6 | 24.1 | 42.0 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.7 | 42.8 | 17.2* | 28.1* | 20.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.8 | 57.6 | 3.5 | 30.9 | 21.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 161.5 | 434.8 | 98.9 | 298.4 | 196.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.9 | 35.0 | 1.5* | 16.0 | 11.3 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 73.7 | 90.6 | 38.1 | 45.1 | 73.7 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.1 | 16.8 | 0.0* | S | 12.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.9 | 40.2 | 27.0 | 36.7 | 37.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.9 | 13.2 | S | 0.0* | 18.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 37.2 | 41.0 | S | 35.3* | 37.2 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 1.7 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | 1.5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.2 | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | 6.6 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $53 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $52 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Ontario County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 99,552 | 2,976 | 1,694 | 5,466 | 109,962 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 90.5\% | 2.7\% | 1.5\% | 5.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.3\% | 9.2\% | 9.3\% | 5.0\% | 20.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 71,990 | 52,321 | 105,789 | 58,790 | 70,694 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.7\% | 5.6\%* | 3.9\%* | 14.8\% | 5.2\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.1\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 30.2\% | 10.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.7\% | 5.5\%* | 0.0\% | 6.4\% | 4.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.7\% | 4.0\%* | 5.3\%* | 13.7\% | 3.4\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 38.1\% | 25.9\% | 54.7\% | 27.6\% | 37.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.1\% | 33.3\% | 29.1\% | 25.3\% | 14.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.3\% | 17.5\% | 9.8\%* | 14.6\% | 13.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.9\% | 5.1\% | 22.9\% | 20.5\% | 0.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 14.3\% | 5.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.0 | 152.8 | 7.2 | 48.7 | 18.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 700.2 | 788.5 | 336.8 | 748.7 | 702.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.2\% | 72.7\% | 50.0\%* | 67.2\% | 39.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,893.4 | 11,194.3 | 2,391.4 | 6,947.1 | 6,037.5 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 94.2 | 203.7 | 41.4* | 159.4 | 98.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 816 | 23 | 17 | 84 | 965 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 81.2\% | 79.7\% | 74.5\% | 66.9\% | 79.6\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 77.3\% | 77.2\% | 69.8\% | 72.1\% | 76.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.9\% | 14.3\% | 14.0\%* | 7.1\% | 9.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.7\% | 11.4\%* | 6.0\%* | 7.5\% | 7.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.6 | 6.3 * | 0.0* | 7.8* | 2.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.0 | 52.5 | 35.0 | 81.3 | 59.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 48.8 | 36.0 | 38.1 | 70.7 | 50.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 7.9* | 5.2 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.0\% | s | s | 21.0\% | 22.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.0* | 5.2 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 42.0 | 53.1* | 0.0* | 21.9* | 41.6 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 77.4 | 106.8 | 30.9 | 74.1 | 80.2 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 168.6 | 85.5* | S | 122.5 | 169.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.5 | 21.6 | s | 6.3 | 10.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.4 | 11.2* | 23.9* | 0.0* | 16.5 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 162.1 | 291.2 | S | 280.5 | 174.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.3 | s | S | s | 2.4 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 2.8 | S | s | 0.0* | 3.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.1 | 58.8* | 0.0* | 113.2* | 39.0 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.7 | 28.9 | S | 36.1 | 14.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | $34 \%$ | 57\% | 29\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 131.5 | 228.9 | 51.9* | 133.2* | 133.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 68.8 | 108.0 | S | 67.7 | 71.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.3 | 30.6* | 47.3* | 8.7* | 29.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.4 | 30.2 | S | 29.1 | 19.3 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 90.0 | 149.7 | 51.9* | 113.0* | 91.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.1 | 19.4 | S | 19.8 | 19.1 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.9 | 49.6 | S | 16.4 | 40.2 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.7 | 43.6* | 71.3* | 29.4* | 18.6 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.5 | 33.7 | S | 24.1 | 12.6 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 148.2 | 353.9 | 83.4 | 297.5 | 158.2 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.1 | 20.8 | S | 13.5 | 5.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 62.4 | 112.2* | S | S | 62.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 10.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 31.7 | S | S | 109.8* | 34.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 18.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 31.1 | S | 0.0* | S | 32.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.0 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | 6.5 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $53 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $53 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Orange County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 247,214 | 42,424 | 11,515 | 80,115 | 382,411 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 64.6\% | 11.1\% | 3.0\% | 20.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 17.4\% | 9.4\% | 10.5\% | 6.7\% | 14.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 88,025 | 74,126 | 83,023 | 87,045 | 85,640 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.5\% | 9.8\% | 12.8\%* | 9.4\% | 8.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 19.7\% | 15.0\% | 13.9\% | 14.7\% | 17.4\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.4\% | 7.1\% | 6.8\% | 7.4\% | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.4\% | 4.6\% | 10.8\% | 8.3\% | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 34.1\% | 26.3\% | 51.3\% | 22.0\% | 31.4\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 8.9\% | 25.6\% | 10.1\% | 18.6\% | 12.7\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 11.7\% | 11.8\% | 5.3\% | 10.6\% | 11.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 8.6\% | 2.8\% | 25.6\% | 20.3\% | 4.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.4\% | 9.3\% | 1.3\% | 12.3\% | 6.9\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.8 | 57.8 | 4.4 | 31.6 | 22.8 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 745.8 | 812.6 | 364.3 | 625.2 | 739.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.7\% | 61.1\% | 57.8\% | 55.5\% | 43.6\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,293.0 | 8,645.5 | 2,354.7 | 4,976.2 | 6,302.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 111.3 | 210.2 | 40.5 | 107.6 | 129.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 3,269 | 403 | 124 | 1,211 | 5,166 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 76.3\% | 64.4\% | 60.1\% | 61.8\% | 70.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 71.6\% | 57.4\% | 58.3\% | 54.5\% | 65.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 6.6\% | 14.8\% | 10.8\% | 10.0\% | 8.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.6\% | 14.2\% | 7.5\% | 8.0\% | 7.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.9 | 3.2 | 1.0* | 5.2 | 2.5 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 90.0 | 76.2 | 48.3 | 88.9 | 90.1 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 78.7 | 46.5 | 49.3 | 68.7 | 73.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.7 | 9.9 | 0.0* | 4.7 | 3.9 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.9\% | 37.6\% | 33.8\% | 32.5\% | 26.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.8 | 10.0 | 0.0* | 4.6 | 8.0 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.3 | 48.1 | 7.9* | 32.9 | 48.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 69.2 | 57.2 | 19.1 | 45.9 | 71.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 226.5 | 116.7 | 46.8 | 117.1 | 221.2 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.7 | 9.8 | 2.1 * | 7.4 | 9.9 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | 5.7* | 4.8* | 8.3 | 10.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 313.0 | 193.3 | 26.1* | 141.0 | 269.2 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.5 | 14.9 | s | 6.4 | 6.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 7.8 | 25.3 | S | 9.1 | 11.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 39.5 | 17.9 | 12.5* | 15.3 | 35.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.1 | 36.1 | 5.0 | 16.5 | 21.5 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 41\% | 49\% | 43\% | 49\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 161.8 | 180.4 | 103.2 | 117.4 | 160.2 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 75.2 | 96.8 | 30.7 | 62.3 | 86.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.4 | 33.1 | 19.7* | 25.7 | 25.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.2 | 28.9 | 11.3 | 16.4 | 22.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 110.6 | 123.3 | 86.3 | 85.1 | 110.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.3 | 26.2 | 11.6 | 22.3 | 27.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.6 | 21.6 | 9.8* | 14.8 | 16.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 32.9 | 44.1 | 8.7 | 15.5 | 32.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | 27.8 | 10.4* | 29.5 | 17.4 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.2 | 31.7 | 6.4 | 15.6 | 16.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 175.6 | 319.3 | 94.7 | 218.5 | 217.2 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.1 | 12.4 | 2.6* | 5.5 | 6.6 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 69.5 | 47.5 | S | 37.9 | 62.5 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 17.0 | 31.3 | 39.2 | 14.0 | 18.3 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.4 | 43.1 | 26.8 | 33.2 | 37.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 24.0 | 51.5 | S | 15.8 | 26.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 43.6 | 59.6 | S | 32.7 | 43.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 2.3 | $s$ | $s$ | $s$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.5 | $s$ | $s$ | $7.1^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $43 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $41 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Orleans County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 35,401 | 2,635 | 278 | 2,159 | 40,708 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 87.0\% | 6.5\% | 0.7\% | 5.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.4\% | 9.3\% | 10.4\% | 4.5\% | 17.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 55,321 | NA | 116,875 | 38,214* | 54,882 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.9\% | 0.0\% | 2.0\%* | 43.4\% | 11.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 16.9\% | 24.6\% | 0.0\% | 47.4\% | 19.4\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 18.9\%* | 8.3\%* | 24.1\% | 6.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 4.3\% | 1.9\%* | 30.1\%* | 10.9\%* | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 17.9\% | 7.2\%* | 24.3\%* | 16.9\% | 17.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 17.8\% | 17.8\% | 0.0\% | 40.9\% | 19.0\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.5\% | 32.6\% | 5.2\%* | 8.1\%* | 15.9\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.7\% | 1.2\% | 37.9\% | 29.3\% | 1.1\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.1\% | 14.3\% | S | 11.9\% | 7.4\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.4 | 47.2 | 3.1 | 27.4 | 17.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 832.3 | 691.4 | 683.4* | 733.8 | 823.5 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 45.7\% | 43.6\% | 33.3\%* | 71.4\% | 46.2\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,757.5 | 3,419.8 | 1,411.0 | 5,429.3 | 7,614.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 93.5 | 114.5 | 0.0* | 58.7 | 95.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 345 | 12 | 1 | 18 | 388 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 80.5\% | 81.8\% | s | 75.5\% | 79.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 79.0\% | S | S | 72.7\% | 78.4\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.7\% | 27.8\% | S | 3.7\%* | 9.6\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.7\% | 19.4\%* | S | 3.7\%* | 6.5\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.7 | 0.0* | S | 1.6* | 3.5 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 63.6 | 23.0 | 5.4* | 41.2 | 61.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 57.9 | 18.4 | 10.8* | 33.7 | 53.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 7.7* | 0.0* | S | 18.5* | 11.2 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.5\% | s | S | S | 26.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.3* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.1 | 18.7* | 0.0* | 10.9* | 39.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 70.9 | 55.0 | 68.2* | 60.5 | 74.7 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 150.6 | 82.0* | s | S | 161.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | S | 0.0* | 11.9* | 11.2 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | 8.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 271.2 | 202.4 | S | 123.5* | 265.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.7 | S | 0.0* | s | 1.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 4.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 50.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 70.3* | 49.0 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 13.0* | 0.0* | S | 14.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 42\% | 24\% | NA | 4\% | 41\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 190.9 | 198.0 | 298.9* | 175.3* | 191.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 78.3 | 85.4 | s | 40.1 | 82.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.6 | 24.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 28.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.1 | 35.6 | S | 19.1* | 23.6 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 137.5 | 198.0 | 298.9* | 152.0* | 139.9 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.4 | 19.9 | s | 16.3* | 24.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 38.8 | 19.6 | 0.0* | s | 37.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.4 | 51.7* | 0.0* | 47.0* | 15.1 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.4 | 32.9 | 0.0* | 26.4 | 16.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 198.0 | 334.7 | 66.0* | 281.8 | 213.0 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.0 | S | 0.0* | s | 5.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 99.4 | 106.8* | 0.0* | S | 98.0 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 15.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.5 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 48.8 | S | 0.0* | s | 47.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 13.5 | S | S | 0.0* | 15.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 44.4 | S | S | 0.0* | 45.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $43 \%$ | $25 \%$ | NA | NA | $43 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Oswego County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 111,358 | 1,548 | 963 | 3,122 | 117,520 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 94.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.8\% | 2.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 16.9\% | 5.5\% | 8.6\% | 4.1\% | 16.3\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 62,431 | 35,213* | 79,792* | 27,500 | 61,983 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.1\% | 40.1\%* | 0.0\% | 51.9\% | 12.0\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 25.9\% | 49.2\% | 4.4\% | 55.9\% | 27.1\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.7\% | 20.0\% | 4.1\%* | 18.0\% | 7.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.3\% | 1.6\%* | 4.4\%* | 3.8\%* | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 20.6\% | 12.7\%* | 47.4\% | 29.4\% | 20.8\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 19.3\% | 88.3\% | 6.3\% | 59.7\% | 20.4\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) ~ | 14.7\% | 7.7\%* | 10.9\%* | 15.8\% | 14.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 20.7\% | 7.1\% | 0.4\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 8.0\% | 18.8\% | S | 23.7\% | 8.5\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 23.2 | 144.0 | 7.8 | 56.7 | 25.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 827.1 | 767.3 | 114.2* | 588.5 | 821.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 46.2\% | 70.0\% | 33.3\%* | 56.5\% | 46.4\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,666.1 | 8,134.1 | 571.1 | 4,771.5 | 7,539.8 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 132.3 | 189.9 | s | 163.2 | 134.6 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,121 | 8 | 8 | 48 | 1,203 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 78.3\% | s | s | 65.2\% | 77.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 83.2\% | S | S | 77.6\% | 83.0\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.7\% | S | S | 11.3\% | 7.9\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.7\% | S | S | 8.1\% | 6.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.6 | 6.1* | 0.0* | 4.0* | 4.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 61.3 | 28.9 | 22.7 | 71.4 | 64.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.5 | 21.4 | 26.1 | 60.8 | 55.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.9 | S | s | 0.0* | 5.8 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 22.7\% | s | s | s | 23.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 10.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.2 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 54.4 | 32.1* | 0.0* | 70.7* | 53.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 76.1 | 52.4 | s | 62.1 | 77.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 179.1 | s | 0.0* | s | 181.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.5 | 16.6* | s | 6.5* | 14.5 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 207.7 | 150.7* | s | 202.9 | 212.4 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.5 | 17.8* | 0.0* | s | 3.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 7.9 | s | 0.0* | s | 7.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 48.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 47.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.8 | $20.2^{*}$ | 0.0* | 30.1 | 20.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 48\% | 30\% | 45\% | 30\% | 48\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 185.6 | 265.0* | 0.0* | 92.4* | 184.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 86.3 | 126.4 | 27.8* | 79.4 | 88.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.7 | 67.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.6 | s | s | s | 24.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 134.0 | 129.3* | 0.0* | 76.8* | 133.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.4 | $35.7^{*}$ | s | 27.7 | 27.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.3 | 23.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 43.7 | 38.1 | s | 13.3* | 43.1 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.6* | 28.5 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.9 | 51.0 | s | 27.7 | 21.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 216.2 | 284.0 | 67.4 | 303.9 | 221.7 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 9.9 | s | 0.0* | s | 9.9 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 105.2 | s | 0.0* | s | 103.8 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.5 | s | 0.0* | s | 11.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.3 | s | 0.0* | s | 39.1 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) 2019) | 17.4 | s | 0.0* | s | 18.1 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 36.2 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 35.2 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $3.4^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $3.2^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.3 | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | 7.7 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $48 \%$ | NA | $57 \%$ | NA | $48 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Otsego County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 55,001 | 1,447 | 941 | 2,313 | 59,828 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 91.9\% | 2.4\% | 1.6\% | 3.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 22.4\% | 6.5\% | 7.7\% | 6.9\% | 21.2\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 60,543 | 67,250 | 55,625* | 53,695 | 60,523 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.1\% | 14.6\%* | 6.0\%* | 13.9\%* | 8.2\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 15.9\% | 35.0\% | 3.6\% | 20.5\% | 17.0\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 4.6\%* | 0.0\% | 10.7\% | 5.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.8\% | 5.0\%* | 0.6\%* | 10.2\% | 5.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 33.6\% | 10.5\%* | 69.1\% | 22.1\% | 33.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.6\% | 48.3\% | 12.1\% | 27.4\% | 12.9\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.4\% | 9.7\%* | 7.1\%* | 9.0\% | 14.0\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 31.9\% | 13.2\% | 0.5\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.6\% | 5.9\% | S | 8.3\% | 6.5\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 15.3 | 65.6 | 6.9 | 21.4 | 16.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 719.5 | 774.5 | 164.9* | 566.1 | 713.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.1\% | 83.3\% | 66.7\%* | 38.1\%* | 38.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,654.0 | 11,527.0 | 912.6 | 2,584.7 | 6,487.6 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 104.2 | 158.8 | 72.7 | 89.6 | 106.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 416 | 5 | 9 | 34 | 473 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 63.2\% | S | S | 57.4\% | 63.1\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 78.3\% | S | S | 71.1\% | 77.9\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.3\% | S | S | 8.0\%* | 7.5\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.3\% | S | S | 4.0\%* | 5.6\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 2.4* | 3.1 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.6 | 24.5 | 27.7 | 61.1 | 49.4 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 39.1 | 10.7 | 28.7 | 50.8 | 39.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.6* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.9* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 20.4\% | s | s | s | 20.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.1* | 37.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.6 | 146.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 35.3 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 62.4 | 41.0 | S | 40.2 | 64.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 208.6 | S | S | 145.8* | 212.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.9 | S | S | S | 7.9 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.6 | 37.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.5 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 129.7 | 184.3* | S | S | 129.8 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 2.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.1* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 37.8 | 62.3* | 0.0* | 89.9* | 38.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.1 | s | 0.0* | 22.8* | 17.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 33\% | 49\% | 37\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 169.2 | 36.1* | 0.0* | 79.5* | 166.9 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 84.5 | 95.9 | s | 26.5 | 87.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 61.2* | 26.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.1 | S | S | S | 18.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 103.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 55.4* | 101.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.3 | S | S | S | 25.8 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 38.1 | 27.2* | 0.0* | S | 37.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.2 | 126.3* | 0.0* | 24.0* | 25.6 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.2 | 27.8* | 0.0* | 16.5* | 15.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 176.2 | 248.6 | 40.1 | 87.3 | 180.9 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 4.6 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 64.3 | 0.0* | S | S | 63.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.4 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.6 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 44.4 | S | S | S | 44.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 16.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 53.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 50.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $9.9^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $9.3^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | $80 \%$ | NA | $27 \%$ | $50 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Putnam County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 77,879 | 3,062 | 2,369 | 15,413 | 98,871 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 78.8\% | 3.1\% | 2.4\% | 15.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.1\% | 8.9\% | 11.1\% | 6.1\% | 17.4\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 113,899 | 124,940 | 99,295 | 98,192 | 111,617 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 2.8\% | 0.0\% | 21.4\% | 5.9\%* | 3.7\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.9\% | 6.2\% | 23.6\% | 7.6\% | 6.4\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.6\% | 5.7\%* | 3.6\%* | 5.4\% | 4.8\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.7\% | 2.6\%* | 10.0\% | 5.9\% | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 42.4\% | 48.4\% | 47.8\% | 31.4\% | 41.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.7\% | 11.8\% | 16.9\% | 12.9\% | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 10.1\% | 13.4\% | 6.5\% | 7.4\% | 9.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 2.4\% | 2.5\% | 33.0\% | 17.3\% | 2.0\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 2.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 11.9\% | 4.2\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 9.6 | 40.4 | 4.5 | 25.9 | 12.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 627.6 | 535.7 | 308.8 | 566.1 | 622.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 37.3\% | 66.7\% | 38.9\%* | 52.8\% | 38.8\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,790.8 | 5,192.4 | 2,662.1 | 3,905.6 | 4,644.2 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 71.5 | 52.5 | 29.5 | 47.2 | 74.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 532 | 26 | 27 | 225 | 824 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 89.8\% | 84.4\% | 77.5\% | 76.5\% | 85.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 89.9\% | 83.8\% | 83.8\% | 82.1\% | 87.3\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.2\% | 14.3\% | 10.0\%* | 9.6\% | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.0\% | 13.0\% | 5.0\%* | 7.6\% | 6.6\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.4* | 0.0* | 2.4* | 2.8* | 0.9 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.7 | 49.8 | 41.9 | 76.0 | 55.2 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 43.1 | 42.6 | 51.6 | 67.7 | 49.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.8* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.0* | 3.2* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 33.1\% | S | S | 41.3\% | 35.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.5 | 11.2* | 0.0* | 6.1* | 4.7 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.8 | 29.6* | 0.0* | 35.5 | 34.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 54.5 | 21.2 | 15.6 | 24.5 | 54.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 170.8 | S | s | 56.8 | 167.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.2 | S | S | 4.0 | 8.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.0* | 5.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 177.2 | 163.3 | 0.0* | 51.9 | 161.2 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.9 | 10.8* | 0.0* | 6.1 | 5.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 7.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.4* | 23.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.3 | 13.3 | S | 11.7 | 12.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 54\% | 38\% | 45\% | 45\% | 53\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 162.6 | 90.9* | 59.4* | 156.8 | 161.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 57.2 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 39.7 | 60.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.7 | 42.7* | 0.0* | 29.2* | 19.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.1 | 12.7 | S | 15.6 | 16.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 124.9 | 55.0* | 59.4* | 118.9 | 123.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.2 | 7.6* | S | 15.5 | 19.3 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.7* | 13.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 29.5 | 8.3* | 14.5* | 4.8 | 26.5 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.4 | 47.8* | 0.0* | 5.4* | 13.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.7 | S | S | 6.3 | 9.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 111.4 | 69.1 | 54.5 | 94.9 | 121.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.6 | S | 0.0* | 3.3 | 4.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 67.3 | S | S | S | 62.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 7.5 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 33.4 | S | s | 17.1* | 32.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 9.3 | S | S | S | 11.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.4 | S | S | 34.0* | 43.3 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $7.3^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 7.0 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $45 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Queens County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 587,235 | 418,638 | 625,870 | 632,353 | 2,275,286 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 25.8\% | 18.4\% | 27.5\% | 27.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 23.4\% | 15.6\% | 14.0\% | 10.8\% | 15.8\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 86,784 | 74,726 | 73,580 | 66,470 | 75,886 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.8\% | 8.1\% | 11.1\% | 10.2\% | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.8\% | 13.5\% | 14.9\% | 17.6\% | 14.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.1\% | 8.8\% | 6.0\% | 7.3\% | 7.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.4\% | 6.7\% | 9.0\% | 14.5\% | 8.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 47.4\% | 26.5\% | 39.9\% | 19.3\% | 33.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 6.6\% | 24.7\% | 7.1\% | 20.7\% | 13.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 12.3\% | 11.4\% | 7.2\% | 8.5\% | 9.6\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 12.3\% | 5.6\% | 48.0\% | 41.7\% | 14.6\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.0\% | 8.2\% | 5.8\% | 9.6\% | 7.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 7.0 | 33.2 | 8.8 | 20.5 | 16.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 633.3 | 701.6 | 415.0 | 536.8 | 612.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 31.1\% | 50.6\% | 45.2\% | 53.3\% | 42.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,998.1 | 7,040.4 | 2,906.8 | 4,867.1 | 5,192.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 78.9 | 147.1 | 54.0 | 87.3 | 102.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 5,705 | 3,851 | 8,096 | 7,901 | 26,368 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 83.6\% | 67.0\% | 75.8\% | 72.0\% | 74.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 78.3\% | 70.1\% | 74.3\% | 71.5\% | 73.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.3\% | 12.8\% | 8.7\% | 9.1\% | 9.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.1\% | 12.9\% | 9.5\% | 7.5\% | 8.7\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.9 | 6.4 | 1.3 | 6.1 | 4.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 64.8 | 85.0 | 71.6 | 80.7 | 85.2 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 54.1 | 44.2 | 61.2 | 59.0 | 57.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.8 | 8.1 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 3.8 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.0\% | 35.3\% | 27.8\% | 29.3\% | 29.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 3.9 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.5 | 21.5 | 12.1 | 24.0 | 24.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.7 | 42.5 | 30.0 | 43.3 | 53.9 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 224.5 | 86.8 | 99.2 | 103.4 | 167.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.8 | 6.3 | 2.4 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.5 | 4.0 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 6.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 206.4 | 147.6 | 21.0 | 108.0 | 135.5 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.2 | 11.0 | 4.9 | 8.4 | 8.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.9 | 18.9 | 12.3 | 16.7 | 16.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.4 | 14.7 | 8.1 | 9.4 | 15.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 11.8 | 22.6 | 8.6 | 14.1 | 16.6 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 48\% | 33\% | 49\% | 35\% | 44\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 202.1 | 219.1 | 110.5 | 137.0 | 182.5 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 66.9 | 84.8 | 48.2 | 51.8 | 77.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.0 | 25.1 | 16.6 | 18.1 | 20.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 12.8 | 23.0 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 19.6 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 180.9 | 197.5 | 101.5 | 123.2 | 164.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.0 | 19.6 | 20.5 | 16.0 | 25.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.2 | 6.3 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 5.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 40.9 | 51.0 | 18.4 | 20.1 | 36.4 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.8 | 27.8 | 14.4 | 13.8 | 17.1 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.3 | 27.2 | 7.0 | 16.4 | 16.7 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 143.5 | 262.1 | 145.1 | 181.8 | 215.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.0 | 11.2 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 5.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 58.0 | 35.2 | 47.5 | 22.1 | 43.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.0 | 14.7 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 10.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.4 | 37.9 | 31.6 | 29.4 | 36.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 19.9 | 22.3 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 16.7 |


| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age- <br> adjusted (2017-2019) | 46.7 | 53.5 | 33.0 | 27.3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> $2019)$ | 0.8 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.4 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 1.8 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $40 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $32 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Rensselaer County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 133,827 | 12,210 | 4,699 | 8,344 | 159,452 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 83.9\% | 7.7\% | 2.9\% | 5.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.2\% | 7.5\% | 6.0\% | 4.1\% | 17.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 79,080 | 42,726 | 91,458 | 66,583 | 76,731 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 32.8\% | 11.9\%* | 15.6\% | 7.5\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.9\% | 41.4\% | 23.9\% | 31.7\% | 16.1\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.6\% | 12.4\% | 2.2\%* | 8.6\% | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.1\% | 5.1\% | 3.7\% | 6.6\% | 3.4\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 34.6\% | 17.7\% | 70.0\% | 31.2\% | 34.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.0\% | 56.5\% | 5.6\% | 37.6\% | 17.5\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.6\% | 20.2\% | 3.2\%* | 11.8\% | 14.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 32.9\% | 9.8\% | 0.9\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.3\% | 7.6\% | S | 8.2\% | 5.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.0 | 94.5 | 4.6 | 37.2 | 20.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 744.5 | 973.0 | 296.0 | 687.6 | 758.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 41.4\% | 70.0\% | 47.6\% | 66.7\% | 43.6\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,130.3 | 11,453.1 | 1,838.3 | 6,325.0 | 6,703.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 95.7 | 257.9 | 21.1 | 120.3 | 106.8 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,158 | 189 | 69 | 126 | 1,591 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 82.6\% | 69.7\% | 74.3\% | 69.3\% | 79.4\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.4\% | 78.1\% | 76.7\% | 77.6\% | 82.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.4\% | 16.0\% | 7.2\% | 10.4\% | 10.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births ( $<2.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) | 7.3\% | 16.2\% | 8.7\% | 8.8\% | 8.6\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.7 | 12.9 | 5.5* | 9.9 | 4.8 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 60.8 | 124.4 | 58.9 | 84.2 | 71.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 48.1 | 63.7 | 54.0 | 57.9 | 52.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.2 | 17.6 | 4.8* | 13.3* | 6.1 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 24.6\% | 29.8\% | 28.1\% | 20.8\% | 25.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.4 | 10.2* | 0.0* | 17.2* | 5.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.3 | 32.0 | 0.0* | 69.4* | 26.6 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 63.1 | 73.8 | 12.1 | 34.7 | 65.6 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 208.4 | 168.1 | S | 87.5* | 212.1 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.6 | 23.1 | S | 8.2 | 12.5 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.4 | 9.3* | 0.0* | 9.1* | 11.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 288.9 | 543.3 | S | 179.8 | 312.5 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.0 | 10.2 | S | 5.6 | 3.9 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 6.6 | 15.1 | S | s | 8.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 46.9 | 38.1* | 0.0* | 26.9* | 46.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.5 | 25.8 | S | 17.0 | 14.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 53\% | 43\% | 48\% | 40\% | 52\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 171.8 | 223.5 | 76.0* | 163.8 | 174.5 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 74.0 | 121.6 | 15.3 | 54.4 | 77.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.9 | 27.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 25.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.5 | 35.2 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 21.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 105.4 | 135.5 | 41.1* | 81.9* | 105.7 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.3 | 14.0 | S | 14.5 | 17.8 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.0 | 22.8* | 0.0* | 17.4* | 16.7 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 37.0 | 61.8 | S | 20.8 | 37.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.2 | 52.4 | 16.4* | 27.1* | 20.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.1 | 56.0 | S | 18.1 | 17.4 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 179.2 | 463.9 | 68.7 | 219.0 | 198.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.8 | 33.1 | 0.0* | 6.9 | 7.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 82.8 | 81.1 | 84.1* | S | 81.4 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.8 | S | S | S | 10.3 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.5 | 46.0 | S | 75.9 | 36.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 21.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 21.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 33.9 | 48.9* | S | S | 34.5 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 5.5 | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | 5.2 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $44 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $43 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Richmond County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 291,505 | 46,997 | 49,206 | 87,899 | 476,531 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 61.2\% | 9.9\% | 10.3\% | 18.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.3\% | 10.4\% | 14.1\% | 7.4\% | 16.3\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 98,714 | 57,517 | 87,751 | 72,303 | 89,427 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.7\% | 22.7\% | 7.9\% | 14.4\% | 8.0\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.2\% | 28.5\% | 14.6\% | 19.1\% | 13.7\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 7.2\% | 5.3\% | 6.5\% | 5.5\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021) ~ | 2.6\% | 4.0\% | 5.3\% | 8.6\% | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 38.3\% | 28.2\% | 38.2\% | 22.1\% | 34.9\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.3\% | 32.1\% | 11.3\% | 25.2\% | 12.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 11.2\% | 10.8\% | 6.0\% | 8.1\% | 10.0\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 7.9\% | 1.9\% | 45.3\% | 17.2\% | 5.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.1\% | 14.8\% | 1.9\% | 11.4\% | 6.9\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 8.8 | 68.1 | 6.0 | 24.7 | 16.8 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 716.3 | 859.4 | 435.9 | 628.0 | 720.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 37.7\% | 66.5\% | 43.6\% | 58.6\% | 43.0\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,588.6 | 9,605.8 | 2,692.4 | 5,615.3 | 6,014.9 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 98.7 | 233.0 | 45.8 | 124.2 | 114.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 2,527 | 563 | 590 | 1,182 | 5,053 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 90.2\% | 80.2\% | 87.0\% | 84.1\% | 87.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 80.8\% | 74.7\% | 82.4\% | 79.1\% | 79.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.4\% | 14.4\% | 8.4\% | 11.1\% | 9.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.4\% | 13.0\% | 6.9\% | 8.9\% | 7.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.9 | 8.5 | 0.6* | 5.7 | 3.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.9 | 97.5 | 61.3 | 78.4 | 73.4 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 50.1 | 53.9 | 59.3 | 59.2 | 55.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.5 | 5.3* | 2.8* | 3.4 | 3.6 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.5\% | 26.0\% | 22.2\% | 23.8\% | 25.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | 6.7* | 1.3* | 6.0 | 3.7 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.0 | 40.5 | 9.1 | 28.3 | 37.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 77.6 | 78.6 | 30.1 | 67.5 | 78.8 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 263.5 | 132.2 | 80.2 | 169.8 | 240.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.2 | 11.9 | 2.1 | 7.3 | 9.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.0 | 3.3* | 6.2 | 2.3* | 6.6 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 388.0 | 300.7 | 17.6 | 242.3 | 329.9 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.7 | 25.8 | 3.0 | 13.5 | 8.1 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.4 | 45.5 | 3.5 | 14.7 | 13.0 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.0 | 24.1 | $3.4 *$ | 11.4 | 25.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.2 | 49.1 | 6.5 | 25.8 | 21.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 47\% | 32\% | 48\% | 39\% | 46\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 244.1 | 277.3 | 139.5 | 197.0 | 243.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 83.8 | 120.5 | 37.2 | 66.2 | 87.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.0 | 18.3 | 17.6 | 18.7 | 16.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.3 | 37.1 | 11.7 | 21.5 | 22.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 223.6 | 262.3 | 129.4 | 186.9 | 224.8 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.2 | 30.3 | 14.1 | 20.8 | 26.8 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.5 | 3.4* | $1.4 *$ | 2.8* | 4.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 41.4 | 64.8 | 14.0 | 21.5 | 39.2 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 39.8 | 11.7 | 32.9 | 24.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.3 | 45.4 | 5.7 | 24.5 | 18.9 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 193.2 | 402.6 | 123.6 | 271.8 | 228.6 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.6 | 20.5 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 6.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 70.7 | 55.9 | 54.6 | 41.4 | 65.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 14.2 | 16.6 | 4.1* | 11.2 | 13.5 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.5 | 42.1 | 39.2 | 42.1 | 41.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.9 | 14.5 | 10.1 | 17.7 | 17.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 46.1 | 47.1 | 38.0 | 31.8 | 43.2 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 1.7 | s | s | $0.0^{\star}$ | 1.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.4 | $13.8^{*}$ | $7.9^{*}$ | 9.3 | 7.6 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $41 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $40 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Rockland County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 208,535 | 37,813 | 20,769 | 57,958 | 325,656 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 64.0\% | 11.6\% | 6.4\% | 17.8\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 18.2\% | 14.3\% | 18.2\% | 6.9\% | 15.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 102,626 | 96,224 | 150,650 | 74,871 | 99,707 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.7\% | 6.8\% | 2.0\%* | 13.6\% | 10.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 31.7\% | 8.6\% | 2.2\% | 23.2\% | 26.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.7\% | 6.2\% | 3.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.4\% | 5.8\% | 3.8\% | 9.9\% | 4.3\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 46.4\% | 31.7\% | 64.9\% | 24.1\% | 42.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 21.8\% | 3.8\% | 23.4\% | 9.7\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 9.0\% | 10.9\% | 9.0\% | 6.4\% | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 14.1\% | 19.0\% | 25.5\% | 32.8\% | 8.0\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 1.5\% | 5.6\% | 0.8\% | 20.6\% | 8.7\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 5.4 | 26.7 | 2.3 | 22.2 | 10.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 641.4 | 609.0 | 320.8 | 584.2 | 637.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 31.9\% | 49.6\% | 45.4\% | 58.3\% | 36.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,776.9 | 5,360.4 | 2,543.4 | 5,627.0 | 5,039.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 73.0 | 136.1 | 42.2 | 97.9 | 86.4 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 4,030 | 339 | 191 | 1,067 | 5,718 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 77.5\% | 66.2\% | 81.1\% | 65.6\% | 74.5\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 78.4\% | 68.3\% | 79.9\% | 70.8\% | 76.2\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 5.0\% | 11.2\% | 10.1\% | 8.8\% | 6.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births ( $<2.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) | 4.5\% | 11.5\% | 10.5\% | 6.8\% | 5.6\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.3 | 1.6* | 0.0* | 6.6 | 1.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 124.4 | 54.8 | 42.2 | 93.5 | 106.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 119.0 | 43.4 | 48.1 | 85.4 | 98.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.4 | 4.9* | 0.0* | 3.7 | 2.8 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 12.5\% | 37.1\% | 28.4\% | 23.2\% | 17.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.2 | 6.9* | 1.8* | 6.1* | 4.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 40.0 | 23.6 | 9.0* | 33.6 | 35.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 70.0 | 66.4 | 26.4 | 60.7 | 72.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 196.9 | 87.0 | 62.6 | 112.0 | 178.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.3 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 4.8 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.7 | 0.8* | 5.6* | 5.0* | 6.4 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 246.2 | 89.0 | 33.7 | 158.7 | 208.6 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.8 | 8.4 | 3.0 | 5.8 | 4.1 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.7 | 14.4 | 4.9* | 4.8 | 6.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.0 | 20.1 | 7.9* | 13.0 | 25.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 15.9 | 5.6 | 14.3 | 12.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 56\% | 35\% | 55\% | 44\% | 54\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 150.1 | 149.7 | 67.7 | 119.4 | 147.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 47.3 | 68.0 | 29.2 | 48.2 | 56.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.5 | 24.9 | 19.5 | 19.0 | 22.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.6 | 22.9 | 9.3 | 17.6 | 19.2 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 110.3 | 116.9 | 58.6 | 99.6 | 110.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.2 | 14.7 | 12.9 | 15.0 | 16.5 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.2 | 9.3 | 0.0* | 4.2* | 13.6 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 23.9 | 40.4 | 13.8 | 13.3 | 25.0 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.4 | 23.5 | 9.5* | 14.2 | 13.1 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.8 | 24.5 | 5.3 | 15.1 | 11.8 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 124.3 | 269.6 | 105.7 | 205.5 | 170.1 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 2.6 | 13.8 | S | 5.6 | 4.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 55.0 | 30.3 | 25.3 | 29.8 | 48.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 10.9 | 12.4 | 0.0* | 7.4* | 10.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.7 | 32.3 | 23.6 | 35.3 | 36.3 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.3 | 15.6 | S | 10.6* | 16.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 39.0 | 45.4 | 40.7 | 36.6 | 40.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 5.3 | s | s | 14.1 | 7.0 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $45 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Saratoga County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 209,629 | 4,885 | 7,428 | 7,757 | 230,127 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 91.1\% | 2.1\% | 3.2\% | 3.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.2\% | 7.6\% | 7.5\% | 5.8\% | 18.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 90,425 | 71,025 | 129,398 | 74,271 | 90,800 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 3.6\% | 9.0\%* | 5.6\%* | 7.2\%* | 3.9\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.2\% | 38.8\% | 1.1\% | 15.1\% | 7.0\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.4\% | 5.7\%* | 3.0\%* | 7.9\%* | 3.6\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.6\% | 4.4\%* | 0.8\%* | 6.1\% | 2.7\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 42.1\% | 42.7\% | 76.5\% | 33.1\% | 42.7\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 10.0\% | 18.6\% | 11.0\% | 22.6\% | 10.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 11.7\% | 14.1\% | 1.7\%* | 10.4\% | 11.3\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.6\% | 4.7\% | 24.8\% | 13.4\% | 0.6\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.9\% | 3.4\% | 1.9\% | 12.8\% | 5.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 13.0 | 65.6 | 3.4 | 20.7 | 16.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 661.0 | 583.5 | 250.1 | 386.5 | 650.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.8\% | 55.9\% | 47.2\% | 55.1\% | 40.1\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,131.7 | 4,889.5 | 1,573.3 | 2,588.6 | 4,937.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 86.4 | 135.4 | 13.5 | 21.1 | 85.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,755 | 39 | 99 | 82 | 2,015 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 79.7\% | 66.1\% | 74.8\% | 71.8\% | 78.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 86.7\% | 78.1\% | 85.9\% | 84.0\% | 86.4\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.3\% | 13.7\% | 4.4\% | 7.5\% | 8.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.4\% | 11.1\% | 5.7\% | 8.7\% | 6.5\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.2 | 2.2* | 0.0* | 2.2* | 1.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 57.9 | 53.1 | 55.4 | 54.0 | 59.4 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 48.4 | 38.8 | 52.9 | 45.7 | 49.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.8 | 8.5* | 0.0* | 4.1* | 3.6 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.8\% | 41.2\% | 30.2\% | 32.2\% | 26.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.5 | 11.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.6 | 36.0* | 0.0* | 20.0* | 19.4 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 57.0 | 57.1 | 11.5 | 16.6 | 59.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 193.2 | 152.7 | 54.0* | 51.6* | 197.1 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.3 | 7.9 | S | 4.7 | 8.8 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.6 | 15.8* | 3.4* | 0.0* | 10.2 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 149.3 | 109.2 | 0.0* | 60.2 | 145.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.5 | 5.7* | s | s | 2.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.7 | s | S | s | 4.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 40.4 | 0.0* | 14.3* | 0.0* | 39.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.8 | 17.0 | S | 4.3* | 14.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 56\% | 42\% | 51\% | 45\% | 55\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 145.2 | 132.4 | 64.8* | 99.0 | 143.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 64.6 | 79.4 | 15.6 | 14.3 | 66.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.8 | 34.5* | 6.8* | 37.2* | 26.7 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.9 | 18.0 | 10.7 | 8.3 | 19.3 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 88.1 | 116.7 | 48.2* | 66.0* | 87.5 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.9 | 18.3 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 18.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.7* | 11.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 31.0 | 27.4 | S | S | 30.1 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.9 | 21.3* | 18.2* | 13.3* | 17.1 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 27.3 | 3.3* | 5.2 | 10.5 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 138.3 | 245.5 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 143.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.4 | 15.1 | S | S | 4.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 68.7 | S | S | S | 66.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.7 | S | S | S | 13.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 40.0 | S | S | s | 39.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- 2019) | 17.6 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.4 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 44.3 | S | 54.5* | S | 44.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 5.7 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | 5.2 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $50 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $50 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Schenectady County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 115,893 | 18,744 | 8,373 | 11,488 | 155,334 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 74.6\% | 12.1\% | 5.4\% | 7.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.6\% | 6.8\% | 8.8\% | 5.5\% | 17.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 77,343 | 40,101 | 74,432 | 41,147 | 69,891 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 32.2\% | 4.6\%* | 22.8\% | 8.2\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.5\% | 38.9\% | 9.3\% | 38.5\% | 16.5\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 11.7\% | 6.4\% | 11.7\% | 6.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.0\% | 6.6\% | 6.8\% | 6.1\% | 3.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 36.2\% | 16.2\% | 44.2\% | 22.6\% | 33.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.9\% | 36.5\% | 3.6\% | 42.1\% | 15.7\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.1\% | 11.0\% | 7.1\% | 12.0\% | 12.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.0\% | 1.6\% | 20.4\% | 14.0\% | 1.0\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.2\% | 9.4\% | 4.3\% | 15.4\% | 6.5\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 18.5 | 70.7 | 3.3 | 33.0 | 24.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 722.9 | 889.1 | 536.3 | 707.2 | 753.7 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 34.0\% | 74.0\% | 63.4\% | 68.5\% | 39.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,039.3 | 10,116.6 | 5,318.0 | 7,639.7 | 6,942.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 100.2 | 213.5 | 83.9 | 93.5 | 115.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,005 | 262 | 101 | 148 | 1,739 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 82.2\% | 65.3\% | 75.3\% | 69.6\% | 76.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.8\% | 73.4\% | 78.0\% | 75.9\% | 81.1\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.2\% | 13.6\% | 6.0\% | 13.9\% | 10.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.1\% | 14.4\% | 5.6\% | 12.8\% | 9.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.6 | 11.1 | 2.2 * | 8.9 | 6.7 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 64.2 | 114.5 | 64.7 | 90.4 | 85.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 49.0 | 62.2 | 50.6 | 56.8 | 58.9 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.6 | 11.4* | 6.6* | 11.2* | 6.9 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 24.1\% | 22.8\% | 27.1\% | 30.7\% | 24.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.1 | 13.1* | 10.6* | 11.1* | 7.0 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.3 | 25.7 | 21.8* | 21.5* | 20.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 62.8 | 62.5 | 34.6 | 30.7 | 66.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 223.0 | 122.6 | 139.6 | 47.8* | 219.6 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.4 | 17.2 | 2.2* | 11.3 | 13.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.7 | 2.7* | 7.6* | 4.0* | 7.5 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 290.8 | 227.6 | S | 185.7 | 279.6 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.3 | 10.6 | 5.6 | 7.8 | 5.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.6 | 8.0 | S | 9.4 | 6.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 36.2 | 44.4 | 0.0* | 29.7* | 35.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.0 | 23.4 | 8.3 | 15.7 | 16.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 54\% | 37\% | 43\% | 33\% | 53\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 170.8 | 202.1 | 107.3 | 163.8 | 177.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 69.3 | 95.9 | 61.7 | 52.3 | 75.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.4 | 35.2 | $4.7 *$ | 35.7* | 29.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.3 | 45.0 | 21.8 | 20.7 | 26.7 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 91.9 | 124.5 | 85.0 | 95.7 | 98.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.9 | 23.2 | 27.7 | 17.9 | 22.6 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.0 | 3.7* | 0.0* | 14.7* | 14.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 44.7 | 44.8 | 20.8 | 19.4 | 43.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.9 | 55.5 | 55.3* | 23.8* | 25.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.8 | 42.3 | 10.4 | 18.4 | 18.0 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 167.6 | 382.2 | 212.7 | 194.5 | 204.9 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.9 | 20.4 | S | 10.1 | 8.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 71.0 | 79.0 | S | 66.7 | 69.8 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 8.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.7 | 25.1 | 34.9* | 29.7* | 34.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.6 | S | S | S | 18.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.5 | 35.1 | S | S | 38.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 5.9 | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | 7.2 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $44 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Schoharie County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 29,248 | 540 | 273 | 1,057 | 31,182 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 93.8\% | 1.7\% | 0.9\% | 3.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 22.5\% | 10.9\% | 13.6\% | 11.5\% | 21.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 64,492 | 87,750 | 107,344* | 57,857* | 64,220 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.7\% | 0.0\% | 8.1\%* | 0.8\%* | 6.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 13.2\% | 0.0\% | 12.1\% | 14.4\% | 14.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 9.6\%* | 12.0\%* | 13.8\%* | 5.8\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.1\% | 1.3\%* | 8.4\%* | 2.1\%* | 4.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 22.6\% | 26.9\% | 59.2\% | 30.5\% | 23.2\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 15.1\% | 0.0\% | 13.5\% | 6.4\% | 14.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 17.3\% | 12.3\%* | 9.8\%* | 18.3\% | 17.2\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.6\% | 1.3\% | 7.4\% | 2.3\% | 0.2\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.8\% | S | S | S | 4.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 25.1 | 798.5 | 25.9 | 127.8 | 13.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 686.2 | 695.9* | 0.0* | 480.0 | 682.0 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 43.8\% | 37.5\%* | NA | 50.0\%* | 44.1\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,930.6 | 6,446.3 | 0.0* | 7,716.7 | 7,020.2 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 81.9 | 83.4* | S | 39.2* | 81.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 236 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 257 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 77.9\% | s | S | 64.5\% | 76.8\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.0\% | S | S | 86.7\% | 83.9\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.4\% | S | S | 9.4\%* | 8.5\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 4.8\% | s | S | 6.3\%* | 5.1\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.7* | S | S | 5.1* | 2.1* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.7 | 26.9 | 45.2* | 59.5 | 60.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 48.2 | 13.4* | 45.2* | 45.6 | 48.1 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.8* | S | S | 60.6* | 5.2* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.9\% | S | S | S | 22.7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 37.0* | 14.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 37.0* | 28.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.7 | S | S | s | 54.6 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 138.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 138.2 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.5 | s | 0.0* | s | 9.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.4 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 177.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 173.2 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.6 | 0.0* | s | 0.0* | 2.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 6.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 46.1 | 150.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 46.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.0 | S | S | S | 16.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 51\% | NA | 46\% | 59\% | 51\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 149.3 | 172.3* | 0.0* | 119.1* | 148.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 62.2 | S | S | 44.8 | 64.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 29.0 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 17.7 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 91.7 | 172.3* | 0.0* | 119.1* | 92.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.5 | 0.0* | s | s | 23.9 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 23.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 22.8 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.9 | 78.7* | 0.0* | 72.5* | 28.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 14.8 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 157.6 | 153.6 | S | 107.9 | 162.1 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.6 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 62.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 61.0 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 16.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 28.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 27.4 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 15.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.1 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 33.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 38.0 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $45 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Schuyler County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 17,076 | 253 | 119 | 335 | 17,842 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.7\% | 1.4\% | 0.7\% | 1.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.6\% | 8.3\% | 13.4\% | 8.4\% | 21.2\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 56,115 | NA | NA | 83,750 | 56,437 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 10.5\% | 31.6\%* | 33.3\%* | 7.7\%* | 10.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 24.9\% | 59.3\% | 37.8\% | 36.0\% | 25.5\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.9\% | 8.7\%* | 0.0\% | 5.4\%* | 5.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.7\% | 11.3\%* | 0.0\% | 2.3\%* | 4.6\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 24.2\% | 5.3\%* | 15.3\%* | 28.1\%* | 24.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 23.1\% | 12.1\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.5\% | 28.5\%* | 7.8\%* | 30.7\% | 15.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.8\% | 5.7\% | 58.3\% | 17.3\% | 0.6\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 3.1\% | S | S | S | 2.9\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 19.7 | 85.6 | 13.9 | 34.2 | 16.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 804.5 | 121.2* | 0.0* | 145.4* | 798.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.1\% | 100.0\%* | NA | 100.0\%* | 39.4\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,822.6 | 1,998.9 | 0.0* | 2,398.6 | 6,767.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 102.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 106.5 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 161 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 168 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 73.3\% | S | S | S | 73.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 78.6\% | S | S | S | 78.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 5.0\% | S | S | S | 5.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 2.9\% | S | S | S | 2.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.4* | S | S | S | 1.3* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 65.3 | 41.7* | 16.3* | 39.2 | 64.2 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 59.5 | 23.8* | 16.3* | 29.4* | 57.8 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.1* | S | S | S | 4.0* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.4\% | NA | S | S | 25.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.4* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 40.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 40.1 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 48.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 57.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 124.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 151.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.9 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 140.5 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 160.7 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 1.4* |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 61.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 59.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.4 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 47\% | NA | NA | NA | 47\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 167.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 166.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.4 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 64.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 32.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 132.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 131.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 29.1 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 145.4* | 38.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 12.3 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 144.9 | 128.9* | 0.0* | 205.0 | 179.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 9.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 82.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 80.2 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 15.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 48.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 46.7 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 14.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.1* |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 32.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 31.7 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $49 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $49 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Seneca County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 30,727 | 1,867 | 298 | 1,232 | 34,277 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 89.6\% | 5.4\% | 0.9\% | 3.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.7\% | 4.0\% | 13.4\% | 5.0\% | 19.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 60,429 | 41,429* | 54,485 | NA | 59,086 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 18.7\%* | 12.3\%* | 0.0\% | 5.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.7\% | 12.3\% | 34.8\% | 0.0\% | 11.0\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.5\% | 6.2\%* | 1.3\%* | 7.1\%* | 3.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 9.1\% | 5.7\%* | 1.5\%* | 9.2\%* | 8.9\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 22.6\% | 2.0\%* | 65.0\% | 18.3\% | 21.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.1\% | 71.5\% | 15.1\% | 2.3\% | 13.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 16.9\% | 14.4\%* | 10.8\%* | 17.2\%* | 16.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.8\% | 2.6\% | 34.8\% | 17.0\% | 0.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.9\% | 0.0\% | S | 0.0\% | 6.4\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.6 | 46.4 | 6.7 | 32.8 | 21.4 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 811.0 | 1,021.5 | 412.2* | 671.9 | 805.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 42.3\% | 65.0\% | 20.0\%* | 84.6\% | 43.1\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8,142.8 | 9,999.3 | 1,547.5 | 10,773.7 | 8,165.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 115.8 | 313.6 | S | 203.8 | 119.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 343 | 4 | 3 | 14 | 374 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 61.0\% | S | S | 52.6\% | 60.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 66.2\% | S | S | 58.3\% | 65.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.4\% | S | S | 10.3\%* | 8.4\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births ( $<2.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) | 6.3\% | S | S | 15.4\%* | 6.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.4 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 2.4 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 73.7 | 42.7 | 27.8* | 92.5 | 75.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 67.5 | 27.8 | 31.7* | 80.9 | 67.9 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.8* | S | S | 47.6* | 7.1* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 18.1\% | S | S | S | 17.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.5* | 82.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.4* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 51.4 | 91.7* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 51.3 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 77.1 | 85.2 | 126.2 | 47.0 | 78.8 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 219.2 | s | 500.0* | s | 220.6 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | S | 0.0* | S | 10.7 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 141.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 137.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 1.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | s | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | $3.4 *$ |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 48.3 | 93.4* | 0.0* | 99.6* | 48.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.5 | 121.8 | 0.0* | S | 23.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 49\% | 31\% | NA | $34 \%$ | 48\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 154.7 | 151.9* | 0.0* | 137.1* | 153.9 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 71.4 | 79.5 | s | 65.0 | 74.0 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 32.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 30.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.4 | 14.0* | s | S | 18.3 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 92.9 | 151.9* | 0.0* | 137.1* | 94.0 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.8 | S | S | s | 19.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.5 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 36.4 | 12.6* | 0.0* | 21.4* | 34.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.8 | 27.7* | 64.6* | 0.0* | 23.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.7 | 52.4 | 0.0* | 51.6 | 16.3 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 185.6 | 239.0 | 144.3 | 264.6 | 193.7 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 5.2 | S | 0.0* | 25.0* | 6.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 70.9 | S | 0.0* | s | 69.4 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.0 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.5 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.6 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 40.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 16.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 35.5 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 37.5 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{*}$ | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $47 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## St. Lawrence County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 100,690 | 2,828 | 1,303 | 2,583 | 108,534 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 92.8\% | 2.6\% | 1.2\% | 2.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 18.4\% | 2.9\% | 10.4\% | 4.9\% | 17.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 54,472 | 81,875* | 35,893* | 58,125 | 54,351 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 11.2\% | 5.0\%* | 28.1\%* | 10.1\%* | 11.4\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 26.0\% | 25.4\% | 0.9\% | 29.2\% | 26.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.2\% | 7.3\%* | 12.2\%* | 7.4\%* | 6.3\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 5.7\% | 11.0\%* | 4.3\%* | 2.5\%* | 5.6\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 23.7\% | 5.5\%* | 55.1\% | 25.6\% | 23.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 15.6\% | 40.0\% | 0.0\% | 24.4\% | 15.5\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021) ~ | 16.3\% | 10.9\% | 10.1\% | 11.9\% | 16.0\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 2.0\% | 1.9\% | 35.5\% | 11.1\% | 0.9\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.6\% | 16.7\% | 0.0\% | 12.5\% | 7.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 14.7 | 40.8 | 2.8 | 16.7 | 19.9 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 774.4 | 551.9 | 377.9 | 229.5* | 764.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 42.6\% | 94.4\% | 33.3\%* | 42.9\%* | 43.1\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,791.2 | 8,525.7 | 1,677.3 | 910.9 | 6,569.8 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 140.4 | 164.2 | S | 36.6 | 141.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 918 | 5 | 11 | 79 | 1,036 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 77.7\% | s | 87.9\% | 33.6\% | 75.7\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 77.8\% | S | 83.9\% | 59.3\% | 77.3\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.8\% | S | 9.1\%* | 0.0\%* | 8.7\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.6\% | S | 9.1\%* | 0.8\%* | 7.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.5 | 4.8* | 0.0* | 3.0* | 2.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.6 | 23.4 | 30.2 | 153.7 | 58.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 49.6 | 13.0 | 29.3 | 145.7 | 51.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 5.8 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.5 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 28.2\% | S | S | S | 29.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.4 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 34.1 | 28.5* | 34.3* | 0.0* | 33.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 57.7 | 38.7 | s | 17.5 | 58.8 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 154.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 159.3 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 8.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.4 | 5.2* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 152.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 165.8 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.3 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 49.8 | 0.0* | 30.2* | 0.0* | 49.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.4 | 25.2 | 0.0* | S | 27.7 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 48\% | 33\% | 61\% | 33\% | 48\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 184.0 | 54.3* | 95.0* | 109.5* | 181.7 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 89.0 | 65.2 | S | 21.3* | 91.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.2 | 0.0* | 32.5* | 0.0* | 27.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.6 | 48.1 | S | S | 18.4 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 138.4 | 41.5* | 64.8* | 65.5* | 136.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.2 | s | 0.0* | s | 31.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 15.5 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 41.6 | S | S | s | 41.4 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 37.6 | 0.0* | 32.5* | 0.0* | 37.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.7 | S | 0.0* | 13.2* | 18.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 211.3 | 177.6 | 30.8 | 93.8 | 219.1 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 7.7 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 75.0 | S | S | S | 73.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 15.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 37.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 36.8 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 10.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.5 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 34.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 33.6 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.0 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | 8.6 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $51 \%$ | NA | $40 \%$ | NA | $51 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Steuben County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 90,556 | 1,887 | 1,543 | 1,612 | 95,876 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 94.5\% | 2.0\% | 1.6\% | 1.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.1\% | 12.0\% | 10.0\% | 7.4\% | 19.6\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 58,663 | 33,235* | 104,066 | 63,422 | 58,652 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.7\% | 32.5\%* | 3.0\%* | 21.8\%* | 8.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 16.3\% | 51.6\% | 2.0\% | 40.6\% | 17.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.9\% | 18.4\%* | 3.2\%* | 16.6\% | 6.3\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 5.4\% | 4.4\%* | 7.5\%* | 5.4\%* | 5.5\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 24.8\% | 20.6\% | 72.6\% | 20.2\% | 25.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 15.1\% | 44.7\% | 2.3\% | 44.8\% | 15.6\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.6\% | 26.3\% | 1.2\%* | 9.7\% | 15.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.5\% | 0.9\% | 23.8\% | 12.2\% | 0.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 4.9\% | 16.1\% | 0.0\% | 21.1\% | 5.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 22.4 | 126.0 | 3.7 | 45.2 | 24.5 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 808.8 | 676.6 | 422.5 | 540.0 | 800.5 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 41.5\% | 60.5\% | 33.3\%* | 50.0\%* | 41.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,029.1 | 6,514.7 | 736.3 | 4,600.2 | 6,827.3 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 101.5 | 117.9 | S | 111.3 | 104.1 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 907 | 13 | 21 | 44 | 999 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 65.6\% | 70.3\% | 59.7\% | 45.3\% | 64.6\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 70.5\% | 74.3\% | 78.7\% | 45.2\% | 69.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.9\% | 18.4\%* | 4.8\%* | 8.7\% | 8.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births ( $<2.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) | 7.1\% | 10.5\%* | 6.5\%* | 8.5\% | 7.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.7 | 2.7* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.5 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 70.4 | 62.6 | 62.4 | 131.5 | 72.9 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 60.0 | 39.0 | 60.4 | 118.9 | 61.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 7.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.3 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 24.8\% | s | s | s | 25.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.4 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.2 | 57.7* | 0.0* | 72.8* | 42.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 52.9 | 56.1 | 25.8* | 39.8 | 56.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 145.9 | 117.5* | 129.9* | 196.1* | 152.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.4 | 15.4* | S | S | 8.9 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 14.0 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 128.1 | 282.6 | 0.0* | 124.1* | 144.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 2.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.5 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 56.0 | 36.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 55.1 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.3 | 15.9 | 0.0* | 23.2* | 18.6 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 46\% | 32\% | 61\% | 36\% | 46\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 180.7 | 193.4 | 22.7* | 139.5* | 179.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 60.7 | 82.7 | 16.7* | 73.2 | 67.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 27.4 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.4 | 15.2* | 13.6* | S | 16.5 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 126.5 | 114.3* | $22.7 *$ | 94.2* | 125.1 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.2 | 22.0 | S | 21.7* | 18.3 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.3 | 23.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 36.5 | 32.5 | S | S | 37.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.9 | 52.7* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.8 | 39.9 | 0.0* | 19.6* | 14.6 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 151.8 | 224.3 | 43.8 | 155.4 | 164.0 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.0 | 15.0* | 0.0* | S | 7.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 67.6 | 112.2* | s | 0.0* | 67.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 17.5 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.5 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.9 | S | S | S | 42.0 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 15.4 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 15.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 44.1 | S | 0.0* | S | 44.5 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $3.3^{\star}$ | s | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $3.5^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.9 | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | 9.4 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $64 \%$ | NA | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Suffolk County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 1,008,406 | 115,938 | 64,103 | 290,225 | 1,482,275 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 68.0\% | 7.8\% | 4.3\% | 19.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.0\% | 10.7\% | 11.2\% | 6.5\% | 16.9\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 115,753 | 89,269 | 114,732 | 102,432 | 111,660 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 2.9\% | 11.4\% | 4.8\% | 8.5\% | 4.4\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.1\% | 18.0\% | 9.1\% | 13.0\% | 8.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.5\% | 5.9\% | 4.2\% | 5.0\% | 4.8\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.4\% | 5.2\% | 5.6\% | 9.6\% | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 42.7\% | 26.5\% | 58.7\% | 19.5\% | 38.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 7.4\% | 24.4\% | 5.4\% | 18.9\% | 10.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 10.5\% | 10.6\% | 5.5\% | 6.8\% | 9.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.9\% | 5.3\% | 26.7\% | 28.6\% | 3.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 1.3\% | 5.8\% | 1.9\% | 12.8\% | 5.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 7.6 | 44.4 | 2.4 | 18.6 | 12.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 690.7 | 816.6 | 405.9 | 581.3 | 691.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 34.9\% | 56.4\% | 43.0\% | 60.1\% | 38.6\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 5,555.6 | 8,104.0 | 2,671.9 | 5,247.2 | 5,761.7 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 105.5 | 227.4 | 39.3 | 131.1 | 118.2 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 7,749 | 1,171 | 776 | 5,012 | 14,985 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 87.3\% | 73.6\% | 80.8\% | 74.1\% | 81.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 79.2\% | 71.5\% | 72.3\% | 71.5\% | 75.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.1\% | 15.0\% | 9.4\% | 10.1\% | 10.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.8\% | 14.4\% | 9.3\% | 7.9\% | 8.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.9 | 4.5 | 0.6* | 6.2 | 2.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 56.3 | 72.7 | 53.4 | 92.8 | 68.5 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 47.5 | 45.9 | 53.2 | 80.5 | 56.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.2 | 8.8 | 1.7* | 3.9 | 3.6 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 38.7\% | 41.2\% | 36.6\% | 31.8\% | 36.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.3 | 10.5 | 4.1* | 11.5 | 8.0 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.4 | 37.0 | 17.5 | 37.7 | 49.7 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 84.8 | 74.3 | 27.9 | 72.0 | 86.6 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 279.9 | 129.1 | 80.5 | 194.2 | 270.0 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.3 | 11.1 | 2.8 | 4.8 | 9.6 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.0 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 8.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 344.0 | 191.5 | 18.2 | 133.9 | 287.4 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.5 | 12.7 | 2.0 | 6.6 | 5.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.7 | 20.6 | 5.1 | 9.0 | 8.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.5 | 17.8 | 4.6* | 12.7 | 29.0 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 15.2 | 31.0 | 3.9 | 16.1 | 17.1 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 56\% | 39\% | 53\% | 41\% | 54\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 172.8 | 199.3 | 108.0 | 113.1 | 170.4 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 88.2 | 120.8 | 41.3 | 82.8 | 93.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.8 | 31.7 | 18.3 | 27.9 | 24.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, ageadjusted | 18.5 | 32.3 | 10.7 | 22.2 | 21.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 131.2 | 155.2 | 89.4 | 87.2 | 129.6 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 27.6 | 29.7 | 17.1 | 24.5 | 29.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.1 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 13.1 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 44.5 | 62.5 | 11.0 | 24.5 | 42.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.2 | 35.2 | 14.2 | 11.5 | 14.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.8 | 40.4 | 4.9 | 16.8 | 15.6 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 167.6 | 385.9 | 109.7 | 246.0 | 198.6 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.1 | 17.2 | 0.9 | 4.8 | 5.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 70.0 | 47.5 | 33.4 | 34.1 | 64.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.5 | 11.1 | 12.9 | 7.6 | 11.8 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 41.7 | 50.9 | 34.9 | 33.9 | 40.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.4 | 17.6 | 10.1 | 12.4 | 16.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, ageadjusted (2017-2019) | 42.7 | 48.6 | 40.5 | 34.3 | 41.5 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> $2019)$ | 1.4 | s | s | s |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017- <br> $2019)$ | 5.2 | 6.0 | s | 8.7 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years <br> who received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $37 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| * | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Sullivan County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 54,626 | 6,749 | 1,334 | 12,361 | 75,381 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 72.5\% | 9.0\% | 1.8\% | 16.4\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 22.7\% | 11.3\% | 16.6\% | 7.5\% | 19.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 66,008 | 43,690 | 77,115 | 54,819 | 63,393 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021) | 7.2\% | 38.5\% | 9.9\%* | 14.6\% | 10.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 21.3\% | 56.6\% | 0.0\% | 18.0\% | 22.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 8.9\%* | 14.7\% | 16.4\% | 8.0\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.0\% | 2.2\%* | 2.7\%* | 13.5\% | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher $(2017-2021)^{\sim}$ | 30.5\% | 12.0\% | 41.8\% | 11.6\% | 27.0\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.2\% | 41.3\% | 0.0\% | 31.5\% | 18.3\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.6\% | 16.0\% | 7.9\% | 15.7\% | 15.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 2.0\% | 2.4\% | 31.4\% | 19.5\% | 2.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 10.7\% | 9.2\% | S | 14.7\% | 11.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 21.1 | 65.0 | 14.0 | 32.1 | 26.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 845.5 | 845.8 | 335.3 | 740.6 | 823.6 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 48.2\% | 57.5\% | 35.7\%* | 64.0\% | 49.9\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9,706.9 | 7,434.4 | 1,207.2 | 7,054.4 | 8,800.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 113.0 | 207.1 | 57.5 | 101.0 | 121.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 587 | 51 | 20 | 182 | 866 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 67.2\% | 65.6\% | 55.7\% | 66.1\% | 66.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 65.3\% | 65.1\% | 68.9\% | 68.8\% | 65.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.3\% | 19.7\% | 13.1\%* | 13.3\% | 10.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.1\% | 17.1\% | 8.2\%* | 10.1\% | 8.6\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 4.2 | 8.0* | 0.0* | 8.0 | 5.9 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 84.8 | 70.0 | 75.7 | 97.0 | 91.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 69.3 | 41.4 | 81.0 | 74.7 | 69.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | $3.4 *$ | 6.6* | 0.0* | 1.8* | 3.5* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 34.5\% | 25.0\% | S | 30.9\% | 33.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 22.9* | 12.0 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 89.9 | 59.1 | 0.0* | 77.9 | 81.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 79.0 | 79.7 | 25.0 | 52.4 | 77.8 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 172.3 | 135.8 | S | 118.7 | 171.9 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.0 | 16.9 | S | 7.6 | 13.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.2 | 4.0* | 0.0* | 5.2* | 12.6 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 485.7 | 400.1 | S | 318.2 | 452.8 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.6 | 11.9 | S | 7.9 | 6.0 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 10.9 | S | S | 8.2 | 11.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 52.9 | 56.4 | 23.7* | 39.1* | 51.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.4 | 30.8 | S | 18.7 | 21.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 51\% | 38\% | 46\% | 38\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 172.1 | 223.0 | 73.5* | 137.8 | 171.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 79.4 | 111.0 | 44.2 | 80.3 | 91.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.1 | 35.4* | 23.7* | 44.2* | 24.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.9 | 29.8 | S | 17.8 | 21.6 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 121.0 | 159.6 | 73.5* | 123.4 | 122.5 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.2 | 34.3 | 16.5 | 38.2 | 34.3 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.3 | 6.8* | 0.0* | 7.6* | 16.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 33.9 | 44.6 | 27.4* | 17.7 | 33.3 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.8 | 15.4* | 52.2* | 20.8* | 20.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.2 | 34.0 | S | 14.9 | 17.8 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 198.5 | 374.0 | 103.6 | 226.9 | 225.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 6.7 | 14.0 | S | 7.2 | 8.1 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 64.2 | 84.6 | S | 50.1 | 62.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 11.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.2 | 34.4* | s | 33.9* | 38.6 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 32.9 | S | 0.0* | S | 29.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 53.1 | S | S | 54.6* | 51.6 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 10.4 | s | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 9.8 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $39 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $39 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Tioga County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 46,325 | 608 | 453 | 1,028 | 48,515 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.5\% | 1.3\% | 0.9\% | 2.1\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.8\% | 11.7\% | 11.3\% | 7.1\% | 20.3\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 65,403 | NA | NA | 42,500 | 64,987 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 33.5\%* | 5.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.2\% | 50.0\% | 0.0\% | 37.5\% | 10.3\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.8\% | 0.4\%* | 0.0\% | 16.7\%* | 5.9\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\%* | 6.4\%* | 3.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 25.7\% | 10.7\%* | 54.9\% | 28.5\%* | 25.8\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.2\% | 8.7\% | 17.5\% | 53.8\% | 12.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.9\% | 10.8\%* | 8.3\%* | 12.2\%* | 15.1\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.2\% | 0.7\% | 39.8\% | 8.4\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.2\% | 0.0\% | S | 11.1\% | 6.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 12.4 | 54.8 | 5.6 | 17.3 | 13.0 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 718.0 | 409.9* | 614.9* | 419.6* | 710.8 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.3\% | 71.4\%* | 33.3\%* | 42.9\%* | 39.5\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,615.0 | 3,934.8 | 780.9 | 5,150.6 | 6,459.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 55.7 | 84.1 | S | S | 55.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 421 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 448 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 76.7\% | S | S | S | 76.3\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.0\% | S | S | S | 83.8\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.6\% | S | S | S | 8.6\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.0\% | S | S | S | 7.1\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.2 | 7.9* | S | 4.1* | 2.8 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 62.8 | 47.6 | 47.2 | 57.4 | 64.1 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 56.2 | 29.8 | 47.2 | 50.4 | 56.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.0* | S | S | 27.8* | 4.5* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 27.0\% | S | S | S | 28.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 20.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 49.5 | 0.0* | 66.7* | 0.0* | 47.5 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 36.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 37.3 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 93.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 94.5 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.5 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.4 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 80.6 | S | S | 0.0* | 87.9 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 2.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 6.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.4 | 0.0* | 135.9* | 0.0* | 35.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.8 | S | s | S | 7.9 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 50\% | NA | 31\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 154.9 | 0.0* | 140.6* | 50.0* | 152.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 37.4 | S | s | S | 38.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 103.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.8 | s | 0.0* | S | 11.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 91.6 | 0.0* | 140.6* | 0.0* | 90.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.5 | 0.0* | s | S | 11.7 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 50.0* | 12.8 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 19.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 19.8 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.8 | 51.2* | 0.0* | 43.1* | 15.3 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 10.1 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 99.4 | 144.0 | s | 38.2* | 102.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.9 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 4.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 65.6 | s | 0.0* | S | 64.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 8.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 8.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 48.3 | s | s | 0.0* | 48.5 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.1 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 44.2 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $11.4^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $10.8^{\star}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $46 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Tompkins County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 80,851 | 4,943 | 10,777 | 5,405 | 102,382 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 79.0\% | 4.8\% | 10.5\% | 5.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 17.0\% | 7.8\% | 4.1\% | 3.9\% | 14.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 67,297 | 62,500 | 46,682 | 47,571 | 64,260 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.3\% | 17.8\%* | 7.5\%* | 20.2\%* | 5.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.4\% | 37.1\% | 7.7\% | 31.9\% | 11.4\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.3\% | 13.7\%* | 3.6\%* | 3.9\%* | 4.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.0\% | 8.6\% | 4.9\% | 8.8\% | 3.6\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 54.0\% | 46.4\% | 74.3\% | 49.7\% | 55.3\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 14.5\% | 34.8\% | 19.9\% | 31.4\% | 15.9\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 11.0\% | 8.2\% | 6.6\% | 9.4\% | 10.4\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.2\% | 5.2\% | 22.0\% | 9.0\% | 1.1\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 6.0\% | 16.3\% | 3.9\% | S | 6.6\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 8.9 | 62.1 | 1.0 | 14.7 | 10.8 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 677.7 | 851.0 | 228.0 | 231.2 | 661.3 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 37.1\% | 61.4\% | 45.8\% | 50.0\%* | 38.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,963.9 | 7,567.4 | 1,017.2 | 1,805.4 | 4,699.2 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 69.7 | 158.8 | 11.3 | 19.5 | 71.5 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 522 | 31 | 70 | 51 | 697 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 83.2\% | 63.7\% | 75.7\% | 70.2\% | 80.2\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 86.4\% | 71.6\% | 80.7\% | 81.1\% | 84.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 6.8\% | 14.1\% | 1.9\%* | 5.3\%* | 6.5\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.6\% | 14.1\% | 4.8\% | 4.6\%* | 5.7\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.9 | 7.6* | 1.3* | 10.6* | 3.7 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 33.1 | 31.3 | 21.1 | 35.3 | 32.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 27.2 | 20.4 | 17.9 | 26.9 | 26.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.8* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 6.6* | 3.8* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 21.8\% | s | 22.6\% | 30.2\% | 22.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.0 | 15.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 5.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 44.5 | 76.0* | 26.8* | 21.9* | 43.2 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 57.0 | 51.0 | 12.6 | 9.9 | 58.1 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 196.3 | 103.9 | s | S | 199.8 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.9 | 13.0 | 2.0* | 3.3* | 8.3 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.7 | 23.4* | 10.3* | 0.0* | 11.4 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 101.0 | 141.6 | S | 49.3* | 101.6 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.7 | 8.0 | 0.0* | S | 2.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 1.7* | S | 0.0* | S | 3.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 42.1 | 31.4* | 11.2* | 36.9* | 41.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.2 | 15.4 | s | S | 10.9 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 51\% | 37\% | 49\% | 40\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 134.8 | 123.7 | 22.5* | 13.1* | 130.1 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 47.8 | 87.1 | 12.2 | 15.7 | 51.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.0 | 85.6* | 22.5* | 34.8* | 28.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.1 | 23.4 | S | S | 16.7 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 72.4 | 75.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 69.6 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.6 | 7.3* | S | S | 10.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.1 | 19.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.2 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 21.0 | 32.1 | S | S | 18.9 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.5 | 43.5* | 14.6* | 0.0* | 19.8 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.4 | 19.3 | S | S | 8.8 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 105.9 | 268.8 | 26.8 | 46.9 | 115.5 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.8 | 13.0 | S | 0.0* | 3.8 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 53.0 | s | S | s | 50.7 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.1 | S | S | 0.0* | 9.7 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 27.5 | S | S | S | 26.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.3 | S | S | 0.0* | 17.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 47.3 | S | S | S | 46.8 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $46 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $45 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Ulster County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 142,854 | 12,270 | 3,871 | 18,911 | 178,510 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 80.0\% | 6.9\% | 2.2\% | 10.6\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 22.5\% | 10.3\% | 10.3\% | 7.4\% | 19.8\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 72,969 | 63,460 | 99,167 | 57,905 | 71,040 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.0\% | 12.5\%* | 8.0\%* | 23.5\% | 7.1\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 12.5\% | 26.7\% | 15.2\% | 28.7\% | 15.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.3\% | 5.3\%* | 3.9\%* | 5.4\% | 5.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 4.4\% | 10.0\% | 7.4\%* | 8.8\% | 5.4\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 36.9\% | 16.0\% | 58.3\% | 22.9\% | $34.5 \%$ |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 13.0\% | 29.6\% | 9.8\% | 31.0\% | 15.5\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.9\% | 9.6\% | 8.4\% | 14.8\% | 14.2\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.9\% | 2.6\% | 21.1\% | 16.3\% | 1.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.6\% | 8.9\% | 1.8\% | 12.6\% | 7.5\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 16.6 | 70.3 | 5.3 | 30.3 | 21.3 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 716.9 | 804.7 | 476.0 | 543.5 | 713.2 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 39.4\% | 65.2\% | 48.8\% | 55.4\% | 41.5\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,402.6 | 8,952.7 | 3,287.6 | 4,547.8 | 6,370.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 108.0 | 148.4 | 25.0 | 96.9 | 114.0 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 1,091 | 88 | 33 | 249 | 1,513 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 76.1\% | 63.7\% | 63.3\% | 65.7\% | 72.9\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 73.8\% | 63.3\% | 70.7\% | 69.9\% | 72.1\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 9.1\% | 11.0\% | 4.0\%* | 7.4\% | 9.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 7.6\% | 11.7\% | 3.0\%* | 7.0\% | 7.7\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.8 | 7.3 | 0.0* | 8.1 | 3.5 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 57.0 | 70.3 | 33.9 | 78.5 | 62.2 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 45.3 | 39.4 | 31.1 | 61.1 | 48.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 3.1 | 11.4* | 0.0* | 1.3* | 3.3 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 31.9\% | 39.7\% | 25.0\%* | 35.2\% | 32.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.6 | 7.1* | 0.0* | 9.3* | 8.1 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 58.7 | 51.6 | 16.1* | 49.1 | 56.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 75.4 | 55.2 | 32.4 | 44.3 | 76.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 224.1 | 81.9 | 58.3* | 114.9 | 222.7 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.0 | 8.3 | S | 5.1 | 10.0 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.1 | 9.5* | 15.7* | 7.7* | 13.8 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 451.7 | 456.4 | 68.9* | 315.5 | 443.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.6 | 9.9 | S | 3.9 | 5.7 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 7.2 | 7.3* | s | 6.0 | 10.4 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 35.9 | 35.8 | 0.0* | 23.7* | 34.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.3 | 31.4 | S | 13.4 | 20.3 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 51\% | 38\% | 44\% | 42\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 169.6 | 203.7 | 102.5* | 82.2 | 167.2 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 70.4 | 62.8 | 20.5 | 49.5 | 77.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.6 | 30.1 | 14.0* | 21.2* | 24.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.4 | 20.9 | 7.7* | 9.9 | 20.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 106.3 | 110.6 | 78.8* | 59.2 | 104.4 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.7 | 14.8 | 9.7* | 14.3 | 23.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.2 | 2.6* | 0.0* | 2.7* | 14.3 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 39.5 | 27.6 | S | 17.2 | 38.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 14.9 | 24.6* | 37.7* | 19.7* | 15.7 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.3 | 18.6 | S | 13.4 | 13.0 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 162.8 | 257.7 | 79.0 | 183.4 | 184.5 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 4.7 | 9.8 | S | 6.2 | 5.5 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 63.1 | 77.5 | S | 23.0* | 61.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.8 | S | S | S | 12.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.2 | 49.9 | S | 22.8* | 40.3 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 22.5 | S | S | S | 21.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 38.5 | 68.8* | S | 30.9* | 40.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 7.6 | s | $0.0^{*}$ | s | 8.3 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $40 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $39 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Warren County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 60,686 | 1,028 | 660 | 1,743 | 64,269 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 94.4\% | 1.6\% | 1.0\% | 2.7\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 23.0\% | 8.7\% | 12.0\% | 8.3\% | 22.3\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 69,074 | NA | 65,143 | 97,375* | 68,765 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 4.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.6\%* | 4.8\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 7.5\% | 8.5\% | 0.0\% | 11.8\% | 7.9\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.1\% | 5.0\%* | 5.4\%* | 5.2\%* | 4.2\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.9\% | 11.2\%* | 6.1\%* | 5.2\%* | 4.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 33.5\% | 16.4\%* | 39.3\%* | 27.8\% | 33.1\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 11.5\% | 32.1\% | 3.1\% | 12.9\% | 11.7\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.2\% | 11.4\%* | 6.7\%* | 20.7\% | 15.3\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.4\% | 2.2\% | 7.8\% | 17.2\% | 0.3\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 5.5\% | 25.0\% | S | 9.1\% | 6.1\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 23.9 | 143.9 | 5.5 | 42.5 | 26.0 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 767.5 | 757.9 | 467.3* | 271.2 | 760.5 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 36.3\% | 73.7\% | 25.0\%* | 54.5\%* | 36.7\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,768.7 | 9,903.5 | 2,181.5 | 3,630.4 | 6,691.1 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 113.3 | 206.7 | 56.5* | 23.8* | 112.8 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 485 | 3 | 9 | 15 | 525 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 82.1\% | S | S | 73.3\% | 81.6\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 86.1\% | S | S | 76.2\% | 85.5\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 10.2\% | S | S | 6.5\%* | 10.2\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.8\% | S | S | 4.3\%* | 6.9\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 3.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 3.1 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 65.0 | 50.0 | 47.1 | 60.1 | 66.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 50.3 | 16.7 | 51.0 | 43.2 | 50.5 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 6.9 | S | S | 0.0* | 6.3 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 28.8\% | s | s | s | 29.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 7.6 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 25.5 | 26.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 65.0 | 72.4 | 41.5* | 32.1 | 66.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 177.8 | S | S | 160.9* | 182.2 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.8 | s | 0.0* | 10.7* | 14.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 159.8 | 194.6* | S | 114.7* | 168.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 4.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 4.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 6.5 | s | 0.0* | S | 6.8 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 48.7 | 91.7* | 0.0* | 27.7* | 48.6 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.4 | 27.0* | S | S | 19.5 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 50\% | 50\% | 58\% | 24\% | 50\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 155.6 | 156.0* | 142.4* | 27.7* | 153.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 72.7 | 80.9 | 40.9* | s | 74.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.2 | 0.0* | 71.2* | 0.0* | 28.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.7 | 33.4* | 32.1* | s | 23.0 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 91.7 | 124.1* | 142.4* | 27.7* | 91.3 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.2 | S | S | S | 22.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.5 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 45.9 | 45.0 | S | 0.0* | 45.1 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.5 | 0.0* | 43.1* | 20.9* | 21.4 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 16.9 | 48.9 | S | s | 17.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 170.8 | 327.1 | 202.3 | 67.2 | 175.1 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.5 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 7.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 71.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 69.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 12.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.6 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 30.3 | 0.0* | S | S | 30.1 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 13.1 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 13.2 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 49.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 50.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $52 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $52 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Washington County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 57,036 | 1,996 | 396 | 1,756 | 61,335 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 93.0\% | 3.3\% | 0.6\% | 2.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 20.6\% | 3.6\% | 12.1\% | 4.7\% | 19.5\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 63,849 | NA | NA | 78,438 | 63,869 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8.4\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 15.8\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 4.7\% | 16.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\%* | 5.7\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 5.1\% | 1.1\%* | 0.0\% | 12.8\%* | 5.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 21.4\% | 4.4\%* | 31.5\%* | 10.4\%* | 20.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 16.9\% | 44.4\% | 0.0\% | 7.1\% | 17.0\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 15.8\% | 16.4\%* | 4.5\%* | 9.5\%* | 15.5\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.2\% | 2.4\% | 39.9\% | 13.2\% | 0.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 10.2\% | 20.0\% | 0.0\% | 29.4\% | 11.2\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 18.3 | 40.8 | 10.9 | 19.2 | 19.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 821.1 | 535.9 | 223.6* | 354.8* | 808.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 41.3\% | 66.7\%* | 100.0\%* | 71.4\%* | 41.6\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,984.6 | 3,557.7 | 6,579.2 | 1,819.1 | 6,685.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 122.7 | 108.3 | 112.5* | 47.2 | 121.9 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 520 | 3 | 3 | 14 | 547 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 81.0\% | S | S | 67.5\% | 80.5\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.2\% | S | S | 78.4\% | 84.0\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 11.2\% | S | S | 14.6\%* | 11.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 8.3\% | s | S | 12.5\%* | 8.3\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 4.4 | 0.0* | S | 4.6* | 4.3 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 68.8 | 39.5 | 29.1* | 78.4 | 69.6 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 56.2 | 28.2 | 29.1* | 58.8 | 56.2 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.5* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.3* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 26.6\% | S | S | S | 27.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.3 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 30.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 28.0 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 66.8 | 52.5 | S | 43.8 | 70.0 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 191.4 | 0.0* | S | S | 194.4 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.9 | 14.3 | 0.0* | S | 11.5 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.1 | 37.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 153.7 | S | S | S | 150.0 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.1 | S | 0.0* | s | 3.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 3.7 | s | 0.0* | s | 4.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 60.0 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 58.7 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.8 | S | s | 10.9* | 22.2 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 46\% | 45\% | NA | 58\% | 46\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 186.4 | 132.4* | 0.0* | 123.9* | 185.0 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 72.6 | 66.7 | s | 57.9 | 75.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 28.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 28.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.7 | S | 0.0* | S | 20.5 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 129.9 | 87.9* | 0.0* | 50.0* | 128.8 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.4 | 28.2 | 0.0* | 24.5* | 23.9 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 73.8* | 9.0 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 45.4 | S | 0.0* | s | 43.0 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 33.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 50.0* | 33.0 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.0 | 21.7 | S | S | 17.8 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 186.5 | 219.8 | 91.4* | 132.7 | 189.5 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.0 | 13.0* | S | s | 8.2 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 83.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 81.3 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 13.5 | 0.0* | 0.0 * | 0.0* | 13.1 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.3 | S | S | 0.0* | 42.8 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.7 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 39.5 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 38.4 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 10.0 | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | 9.7 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $43 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $43 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Wayne County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 81,900 | 3,105 | 771 | 4,071 | 90,110 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 90.9\% | 3.4\% | 0.9\% | 4.5\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.8\% | 12.3\% | 10.2\% | 6.1\% | 18.8\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 65,392 | 44,659 | 100,500 | 52,883 | 64,152 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 6.0\% | 25.6\%* | 18.1\%* | 24.7\%* | 7.3\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 12.9\% | 27.7\% | 12.4\% | 16.6\% | 14.5\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.4\% | 20.1\% | 2.4\%* | 4.6\%* | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 5.0\% | 6.9\%* | 6.0\%* | 7.8\%* | 5.2\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 25.6\% | 10.6\% | 40.3\% | 7.8\% | 24.4\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.7\% | 41.8\% | 20.5\% | 18.0\% | 13.9\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 14.4\% | 23.1\% | 7.5\%* | 15.5\% | 14.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 1.2\% | 2.2\% | 32.4\% | 16.7\% | 0.8\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 7.6\% | 20.5\% | 0.0\% | 8.0\% | 8.3\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 13.9 | 106.5 | 5.8 | 27.7 | 17.2 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 766.4 | 863.0 | 245.3* | 559.1 | 765.4 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 43.2\% | 58.8\% | 100.0\%* | 50.0\% | 44.0\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,901.9 | 9,807.6 | 3,761.8 | 5,776.9 | 7,038.4 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 136.2 | 324.4 | 60.9* | 121.3 | 142.7 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 813 | 20 | 6 | 64 | 925 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 67.3\% | 47.5\% | S | 46.8\% | 65.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 70.3\% | 69.1\% | S | 67.3\% | 69.9\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 8.5\% | 9.8\%* | S | 14.0\% | 8.8\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 6.8\% | 3.3\%* | s | 9.3\% | 6.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 1.5 | 3.0* | 0.0* | 6.6* | 2.6 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 67.8 | 67.1 | 27.6 | 88.8 | 72.0 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 60.3 | 40.9 | 33.1 | 77.5 | 61.6 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 6.2 | 32.8* | S | 0.0* | 6.5 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 25.0\% | S | S | 27.1\% | 25.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.9 | 10.4* | 39.2* | 0.0* | 13.4 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 55.4 | 55.2* | 85.0* | 16.2* | 54.0 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 83.8 | 71.9 | S | 65.4 | 85.6 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 216.7 | 78.5* | S | 121.5* | 217.4 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.8 | 20.9 | 0.0* | 7.6 | 13.5 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 13.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 12.3 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 176.6 | 161.0 | 0.0* | 171.9 | 180.9 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.6 | 18.0 | 0.0* | 7.1* | 4.6 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.6 | S | 0.0* | S | 6.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.2 | 10.4* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 41.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.7 | 39.5 | 0.0* | 16.4 | 24.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 45\% | 44\% | 27\% | 26\% | 45\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 151.8 | 234.5 | 0.0* | 112.5* | 153.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 99.3 | 134.9 | 68.9 | 91.4 | 102.5 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.3 | 29.9* | 0.0* | 28.4* | 31.2 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.5 | 32.4 | S | 31.4 | 21.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 99.8 | 159.5 | 0.0* | 102.1* | 101.8 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 26.2 | 21.7 | s | 34.0 | 27.0 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.2 | 19.5* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 16.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 55.9 | 94.8 | S | 21.9 | 56.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 21.3 | 32.4* | 68.6* | 22.6* | 21.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 20.0 | 92.1 | S | 27.1 | 22.4 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 237.8 | 534.0 | 136.0 | 307.0 | 253.4 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 7.6 | 14.0* | 0.0* | 12.9 | 8.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 76.0 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 73.9 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 11.2 | s | 0.0* | S | 11.9 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 45.2 | s | s | s | 44.4 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.7 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.3 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 53.1 | S | S | 0.0* | 51.6 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $4.5^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $4.2^{*}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $45 \%$ | $36 \%$ | NA | $33 \%$ | $45 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Westchester County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 523,155 | 138,568 | 63,962 | 241,477 | 968,928 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 54.0\% | 14.3\% | 6.6\% | 24.9\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 22.7\% | 14.2\% | 13.3\% | 7.7\% | 17.1\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 130,547 | 69,421 | 148,089 | 75,894 | 105,387 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 2.5\% | 10.3\% | 4.7\% | 10.3\% | 5.5\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 3.6\% | 17.7\% | 6.9\% | 15.1\% | 9.5\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 5.4\% | 7.4\% | 5.0\% | 6.7\% | 6.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 2.2\% | 5.6\% | 3.8\% | 11.1\% | 5.1\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 61.9\% | 35.4\% | 72.9\% | 25.5\% | 50.6\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 5.7\% | 29.7\% | 5.5\% | 21.3\% | 12.2\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 10.1\% | 12.4\% | 5.3\% | 8.5\% | 9.7\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 3.8\% | 4.8\% | 25.6\% | 34.4\% | 5.7\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 0.7\% | 6.6\% | 0.1\% | 7.5\% | 3.7\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 5.3 | 41.5 | 1.8 | 20.6 | 14.1 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 572.1 | 708.4 | 319.7 | 509.0 | 588.2 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 27.0\% | 53.0\% | 39.6\% | 55.2\% | 34.4\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 4,080.7 | 7,038.5 | 2,293.3 | 4,418.1 | 4,625.9 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 55.7 | 191.3 | 23.5 | 53.8 | 95.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 4,090 | 1,356 | 712 | 3,490 | 9,884 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 87.3\% | 71.6\% | 82.7\% | 77.1\% | 81.0\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 84.4\% | 62.7\% | 78.0\% | 67.0\% | 74.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 7.8\% | 12.9\% | 8.5\% | 9.1\% | 9.1\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 5.7\% | 13.4\% | 8.2\% | 8.0\% | 7.8\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.5 | 5.8 | 0.2* | 4.4 | 2.8 |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 55.8 | 77.3 | 47.4 | 81.4 | 71.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 49.5 | 46.8 | 49.7 | 65.2 | 55.0 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 2.3 | 5.9 | 3.3* | 3.6 | 3.8 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 31.1\% | 37.6\% | 33.5\% | 31.2\% | 32.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.7 | 5.7 | 2.6* | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 31.8 | 31.1 | 10.7 | 21.3 | 27.9 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 45.7 | 54.3 | 18.9 | 27.3 | 60.4 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 171.6 | 95.3 | 60.7 | 67.4 | 204.0 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 5.2 | 9.5 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 7.4 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.2 | 3.9 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 6.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 181.1 | 286.7 | 14.6 | 138.0 | 198.1 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 2.6 | 16.1 | 1.6 | 3.9 | 7.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 4.5 | 25.1 | 3.4 | 5.0 | 11.9 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 22.1 | 25.7 | 6.9 | 11.2 | 21.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.9 | 30.1 | 2.8 | 8.8 | 16.8 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 59\% | 37\% | 53\% | 40\% | 55\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 140.4 | 178.1 | 65.3 | 105.8 | 141.8 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.8 | 79.7 | 20.9 | 32.5 | 66.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.8 | 30.1 | 16.1 | 22.7 | 21.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.8 | 31.2 | 9.1 | 10.8 | 20.1 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 104.7 | 136.4 | 54.4 | 81.3 | 106.4 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 12.9 | 18.1 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 19.8 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.4 | 7.1 | 4.1* | 6.0 | 8.9 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 26.9 | 47.7 | 6.6 | 9.9 | 33.1 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.3 | 28.6 | 10.1 | 18.7 | 13.2 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 6.4 | 32.0 | 3.0 | 9.1 | 14.2 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 88.2 | 296.0 | 63.6 | 115.9 | 169.6 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 1.8 | 10.6 | 0.5* | 1.9 | 4.4 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 51.5 | 40.8 | 30.6 | 31.7 | 46.6 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.6 | 13.5 | 5.2 | 7.7 | 9.8 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 32.5 | 39.5 | 29.6 | 32.3 | 33.2 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 17.2 | 25.1 | 10.0 | 13.8 | 17.9 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 42.6 | 47.4 | 32.4 | 36.9 | 41.5 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 1.1 | s | s | s |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 4.5 | 7.6 | $6.5^{*}$ | 6.2 |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $49 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $39 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Wyoming County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 36,201 | 2,171 | 234 | 1,339 | 40,068 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 90.3\% | 5.4\% | 0.6\% | 3.3\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 19.5\% | 2.3\% | 12.4\% | 2.8\% | 18.0\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 60,348 | 56,579 | 37,100 | NA | 60,013 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 5.5\% | 0.0\% | 6.4\%* | 39.9\%* | 6.0\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 9.3\% | 62.7\% | 0.0\% | 50.4\% | 10.8\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 4.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.0\%* | 4.1\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 3.6\% | 0.0\% | 6.4\%* | 17.8\%* | 3.8\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 18.9\% | 5.3\%* | 50.3\%* | 12.6\%* | 18.1\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 12.3\% | 11.3\% | 78.7\% | 11.3\% | 12.8\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 13.8\% | 0.7\%* | 2.6\%* | 8.5\%* | 13.3\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 10.9\% | 21.3\% | 0.5\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 2.6\% | S | 20.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.0\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 19.3 | 33.2 | 12.5 | 26.6 | 20.6 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 826.2 | 267.2* | 221.1* | 710.0* | 807.1 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 40.4\% | 75.0\%* | 100.0\%* | 66.7\%* | 40.9\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 6,409.0 | 1,066.8 | 2,532.5 | 3,241.5 | 5,876.5 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 124.9 | 75.4 | 0.0* | 135.1 | 123.8 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 341 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 362 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 85.9\% | S | S | 60.6\% | 84.8\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 82.1\% | S | S | S | 81.6\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 10.3\% | S | S | 17.1\%* | 10.3\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 8.3\% | S | s | 11.4\%* | 8.2\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 0.4* | s | S | 0.0* | 0.8* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 63.0 | 66.7* | 58.8* | 90.5 | 65.3 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 57.4 | 41.7* | 78.4 | 79.5 | 58.4 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 4.9* | S | S | 0.0* | 4.6* |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 29.8\% | S | S | S | 29.5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 88.0* | 7.8 |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 42.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 123.3* | 40.3 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 59.7 | 22.4 | S | 27.2 | 60.8 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 154.7 | 0.0* | S | 0.0* | 158.4 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 8.6 | 7.4* | 0.0* | 14.9* | 9.7 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 17.1 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 130.8 | S | 0.0* | S | 129.8 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 3.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 3.3 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | 5.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 5.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 38.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 37.3 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 23.0 | S | 0.0* | S | 22.9 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 41\% | NA | NA | NA | 41\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 173.7 | 62.9* | 0.0* | 193.0* | 171.6 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 82.5 | 60.1 | S | 89.6 | 85.3 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 28.6 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 17.4 | S | 0.0* | S | 18.4 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 111.0 | 62.9* | 0.0* | 193.0* | 110.2 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.2 | 25.8* | s | s | 25.2 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 24.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 24.5 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 39.3 | S | 0.0* | S | 36.7 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 29.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 28.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.1 | 21.4 | 0.0* | S | 15.4 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 167.6 | 117.0 | s | 186.5 | 171.3 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 8.3 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 8.0 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 69.6 | S | 0.0* | S | 69.1 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 10.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 10.0 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 51.3 | s | 0.0* | 0.0* | 48.4 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 21.4 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 21.0 |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 52.2 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 53.1 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | $13.9^{\star}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $13.5^{\star}$ |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $47 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $47 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## Yates County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2018-2020

| Health Indicator | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Socio-Demographic Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population (2018) | 23,817 | 336 | 186 | 559 | 24,959 |
| Percentage of population (2018) | 95.4\% | 1.3\% | 0.7\% | 2.2\% | 100.0\% |
| Percentage of population aged 65 years or older (2018) | 21.2\% | 12.5\% | 6.5\% | 7.2\% | 20.7\% |
| Median annual household income in US dollars (2017-2021)~ | 59,876 | 16,464 | 34,423 | NA | 57,635 |
| Percentage of families below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 8.5\% | 100.0\%* | 0.0\% | 70.5\% | 9.6\% |
| Percentage of children under age 18 below poverty (2017-2021)~ | 19.3\% | 100.0\% | 0.0\% | 67.8\% | 22.2\% |
| Percentage unemployed among the civilian labor force (2017-2021)~ | 3.2\% | 0.0\% | 33.3\%* | 0.0\% | 3.2\% |
| Percentage of population with no health insurance (2017-2021)~ | 17.9\% | 2.3\%* | 8.1\%* | 8.4\%* | 17.3\% |
| Percentage of population aged 25 years or older with a bachelor's degree or higher (2017-2021)~ | 25.0\% | 12.0\%* | 20.9\% | 9.5\%* | 24.5\% |
| Percentage of population in single parent families (2017-2021)~ | 10.1\% | 100.0\% | 50.0\% | 70.5\% | 11.4\% |
| Percentage of population with a disability (2017-2021)~ | 11.5\% | 12.5\%* | 10.6\%* | 25.6\%* | 11.8\% |
| Percentage of population who speak English less than very well (2017-2021)~ | 4.6\% | 0.0\% | 3.4\% | 8.5\% | 0.6\% |
| Percentage of high school students who dropped out (2021-2022) | 11.5\% | NA | S | s | 11.4\% |
| Arrests per 1,000 population aged 18 years or older (2019-2021) | 11.8 | 45.3 | 2.2 | 38.8 | 12.7 |
| General Health Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 827.6 | 727.6* | 397.6* | 956.6* | 827.7 |
| Percentage of premature deaths (<75 years) | 38.2\% | 50.0\%* | 100.0\%* | 28.6\%* | 38.3\% |
| Years of potential life lost per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 7,421.2 | 4,800.4 | 3,956.5 | 4,134.6 | 7,311.0 |
| Potentially preventable hospitalizations among adults, age-adjusted rate per 10,000 | 84.5 | 126.3* | 0.0* | S | 85.3 |
| Birth-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births per year (3 year average) | 306 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 322 |
| Percentage of births with early (1st trimester) prenatal care | 51.2\% | s | S | S | 50.5\% |
| Percentage of births with adequate prenatal care (APNCU)^ | 60.7\% | S | S | S | 60.7\% |
| Percentage of premature births (<37 weeks gestation - clinical estimate) | 5.8\% | S | S | S | 6.0\% |
| Percentage of low birthweight births (<2.5 kg) | 4.1\% | S | S | S | 4.0\% |
| Teen pregnancies per 1,000 females aged under 18 years | 2.1* | S | S | 0.0* | 1.9* |
| Pregnancies per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 78.2 | 17.1* | 25.9* | 95.6 | 77.7 |
| Fertility per 1,000 females aged 15-44 years | 72.5 | 4.3* | 25.9* | 82.0 | 71.3 |
| Infant mortality per 1,000 live births | 12.0 | s | S | 0.0* | 11.4 |


| Percentage of low-risk births delivered by cesarean section | 16.8\% | s | s | s | 17.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Injury-Related Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle-related mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 11.6* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 11.2* |
| Unintentional injury mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 53.1 | 116.3* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 51.8 |
| Unintentional injury hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 77.1 | s | s | s | 78.5 |
| Fall hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 65 years or older | 171.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | s | 176.5 |
| Poisoning hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 10.1 |
| Suicide mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.7* | 0.0* | 244.6* | 0.0* | 15.7 |
| Opioid burden per 100,000 population | 172.1 | S | S | S | 172.3 |
| Respiratory Disease Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 1.6 | s | 0.0* | s | 2.2 |
| Asthma hospitalizations per 10,000 population, aged 0-17 years | S | s | 0.0* | S | 4.9* |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 46.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 46.2 |
| Chronic lower respiratory disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.5 | s | 0.0* | S | 16.0 |
| Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees who had an annual flu vaccination (2021)~~ | 43\% | NA | NA | NA | 43\% |
| Heart Disease and Stroke Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diseases of the heart mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 137.8 | 0.0* | 153.1* | 344.6* | 138.5 |
| Diseases of the heart hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 60.9 | 76.2* | s | s | 63.9 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 43.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 42.8 |
| Cerebrovascular disease (stroke) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 15.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 16.8 |
| Coronary heart disease mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 85.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 172.3* | 85.4 |
| Coronary heart disease hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 19.3 | S | 0.0* | 0.0* | 20.4 |
| Congestive heart failure mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 9.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 172.3* | 10.4 |
| Potentially preventable heart failure hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 27.5 | S | 0.0* | S | 27.6 |
| Diabetes Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted | 18.7 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 76.2* | 19.9 |
| Diabetes (primary diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 10.1 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 11.0 |
| Diabetes (any diagnosis) hospitalizations per 10,000 population, age-adjusted | 153.9 | 174.1 | S | 148.0 | 160.8 |
| Potentially preventable diabetes short-term complications hospitalization rate per 10,000 population aged 18 years or older | 3.9 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 4.3 |
| Cancer Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lung cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 72.3 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 72.2 |
| Colorectal cancer mortality per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 9.6 | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 9.4 |
| Colorectal cancer incidence per 100,000 population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 27.8 | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 27.9 |
| Female breast cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (20172019) | 18.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 0.0* | 18.5* |
| Female late stage breast cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | 19.9* | 0.0* | 0.0* | S | 21.3 |


| Cervix uteri cancer mortality per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{\star}$ | s |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 female population, age-adjusted (2017-2019) | s | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | $0.0^{*}$ | s |
| Percentage of female fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees aged $65-74$ years who <br> received an annual mammography screening (2021)~~ | $53 \%$ | NA | NA | NA | $53 \%$ |

Key

| Symbol | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | The rate or percentage is unstable. See the "About" page |
| s | Data are suppressed. The data do not meet the criteria for confidentiality. |
| $\sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian (including Hispanic, excluding Pacific Islanders), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| $\sim \sim$ | White non-Hispanic, Black (including Hispanic), Asian / Pacific Islander (including Hispanic), and Hispanic (of any race). |
| NA | Data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability or data quality, or data not available. |
| $\wedge$ | APNCU: Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. |
|  | In 2015, SPARCS transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes. These two are not comparable, so ED and <br> hospitalization data for 2016-and-forward should not be compared with earlier data. |
|  | The 2018 population estimates are also used to calculate rates for 2019, 2020, and 2021. |

## New York State Minority* Population Distribution by County, 2018


*Minority defined as all race/ethnicities other than White non-Hispanic

## New York State Population by County and Race/Ethnicity, 2018

| County | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Total Minority* | Total <br> Population** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Albany | 223,571 | 41,690 | 21,907 | 18,943 | 82,540 | 306,691 |
| Allegany | 44,007 | 744 | 623 | 793 | 2,160 | 46,286 |
| Bronx | 135,930 | 428,514 | 60,073 | 802,667 | 1,291,254 | 1,432,316 |
| Broome | 162,157 | 12,237 | 8,925 | 8,468 | 29,630 | 192,222 |
| Cattaraugus | 70,140 | 1,562 | 675 | 1,661 | 3,898 | 76,748 |
| Cayuga | 70,190 | 3,663 | 612 | 2,359 | 6,634 | 77,121 |
| Chautauqua | 112,474 | 3,578 | 923 | 9,886 | 14,387 | 127,516 |
| Chemung | 73,584 | 6,125 | 1,345 | 2,731 | 10,201 | 84,033 |
| Chenango | 45,319 | 592 | 317 | 1,107 | 2,016 | 47,502 |
| Clinton | 73,190 | 3,503 | 1,243 | 2,401 | 7,147 | 80,675 |
| Columbia | 52,351 | 3,213 | 1,238 | 2,930 | 7,381 | 59,852 |
| Cortland | 44,604 | 1,069 | 583 | 1,325 | 2,977 | 47,721 |
| Delaware | 41,348 | 900 | 448 | 1,800 | 3,148 | 44,624 |
| Dutchess | 212,104 | 32,761 | 11,475 | 36,890 | 81,126 | 293,814 |
| Erie | 699,654 | 125,737 | 35,673 | 53,013 | 214,423 | 919,941 |
| Essex | 34,740 | 982 | 317 | 1,134 | 2,433 | 37,309 |
| Franklin | 41,468 | 2,958 | 261 | 1,825 | 5,044 | 50,325 |
| Fulton | 50,007 | 1,293 | 421 | 1,801 | 3,515 | 53,654 |
| Genesee | 52,473 | 1,938 | 470 | 1,988 | 4,396 | 57,509 |
| Greene | 40,791 | 2,954 | 571 | 2,917 | 6,442 | 47,401 |
| Hamilton | 4,250 | 71 | 41 | 79 | 191 | 4,453 |
| Herkimer | 58,746 | 1,036 | 413 | 1,402 | 2,851 | 61,760 |
| Jefferson | 92,568 | 7,887 | 2,266 | 8,910 | 19,063 | 112,266 |
| Kings | 966,675 | 785,624 | 334,237 | 486,466 | 1,606,327 | 2,580,088 |
| Lewis | 25,575 | 246 | 143 | 468 | 857 | 26,503 |
| Livingston | 57,924 | 1,786 | 972 | 2,417 | 5,175 | 63,281 |
| Madison | 66,830 | 1,493 | 771 | 1,652 | 3,916 | 71,180 |
| Monroe | 530,385 | 114,548 | 28,910 | 68,379 | 211,837 | 744,239 |
| Montgomery | 40,273 | 1,272 | 449 | 7,370 | 9,091 | 49,502 |
| Nassau | 815,851 | 162,349 | 145,971 | 231,042 | 539,362 | 1,357,423 |
| New York | 786,118 | 212,634 | 211,037 | 419,123 | 842,794 | 1,632,393 |
| Niagara | 181,802 | 16,572 | 2,726 | 6,780 | 26,078 | 210,300 |
| Oneida | 189,344 | 15,714 | 9,616 | 14,175 | 39,505 | 229,431 |
| Onondaga | 360,024 | 55,646 | 18,581 | 23,760 | 97,987 | 461,890 |
| Ontario | 99,552 | 2,976 | 1,694 | 5,466 | 10,136 | 109,962 |
| Orange | 247,214 | 42,424 | 11,515 | 80,115 | 134,054 | 382,411 |
| Orleans | 35,401 | 2,635 | 278 | 2,159 | 5,072 | 40,708 |
| Oswego | 111,358 | 1,548 | 963 | 3,122 | 5,633 | 117,520 |
| Otsego | 55,001 | 1,447 | 941 | 2,313 | 4,701 | 59,828 |


| Putnam | 77,879 | 3,062 | 2,369 | 15,413 | 20,844 | 98,871 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Queens | 587,235 | 418,638 | 625,870 | 632,353 | $1,676,861$ | $2,275,286$ |
| Rensselaer | 133,827 | 12,210 | 4,699 | 8,344 | 25,253 | 159,452 |
| Richmond | 291,505 | 46,997 | 49,206 | 87,899 | 184,102 | 476,531 |
| Rockland | 208,535 | 37,813 | 20,769 | 57,958 | 116,540 | 325,656 |
| Saratoga | 209,629 | 4,885 | 7,428 | 7,757 | 20,070 | 230,127 |
| Schenectady | 115,893 | 18,744 | 8,373 | 11,488 | 38,605 | 155,334 |
| Schoharie | 29,248 | 540 | 273 | 1,057 | 1,870 | 31,182 |
| Schuyler | 17,076 | 253 | 119 | 335 | 707 | 17,842 |
| Seneca | 30,727 | 1,867 | 298 | 1,232 | 3,397 | 34,277 |
| St. Lawrence | 100,690 | 2,828 | 1,303 | 2,583 | 6,714 | 108,534 |
| Steuben | 90,556 | 1,887 | 1,543 | 1,612 | 5,042 | 95,876 |
| Suffolk | $1,008,406$ | 115,938 | 64,103 | 290,225 | 470,266 | $1,482,275$ |
| Sullivan | 54,626 | 6,749 | 1,334 | 12,361 | 20,444 | 75,381 |
| Tioga | 46,325 | 608 | 453 | 1,028 | 2,089 | 48,515 |
| Tompkins | 80,851 | 4,943 | 10,777 | 5,405 | 21,125 | 102,382 |
| Ulster | 142,854 | 12,270 | 3,871 | 18,911 | 35,052 | 178,510 |
| Warren | 60,686 | 1,028 | 660 | 1,743 | 3,431 | 64,269 |
| Washington | 57,036 | 1,996 | 396 | 1,756 | 4,148 | 61,335 |
| Wayne | 81,900 | 3,105 | 771 | 4,071 | 7,947 | 90,110 |
| Westchester | 523,155 | 138,568 | 63,962 | 241,477 | 444,007 | 968,928 |
| Wyoming | 36,201 | 2,171 | 234 | 1,339 | 3,744 | 40,068 |
| Yates | 23,817 | 336 | 186 | 559 | 1,081 | 24,959 |
| New York City | $2,767,463$ | $1,892,407$ | $1,280,423$ | $2,428,508$ | $5,601,338$ | $8,396,614$ |
| NYS (excluding NYC) | $8,246,187$ | $1,048,950$ | 508,198 | $1,300,235$ | $2,857,383$ | $11,147,484$ |
| New York State | $11,013,650$ | $2,941,357$ | $1,788,621$ | $3,728,743$ | $8,458,721$ | $19,544,098$ |

*Total of Black non-Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic, and Hispanic groups
**Total Population Includes All Races Including Multiple Races and Unknown Races and Ethnicity
Data Source: National Center for Health Statistics bridged-race population estimates, 2018
https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race.htm

New York State Percentage of Population by County and Race/Ethnicity, 2018

| County | Non-Hispanic |  |  | Hispanic | Minority* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White | Black | Asian/Pacific Islander |  |  |
| Albany | 72.9\% | 13.6\% | 7.1\% | 6.2\% | 26.9\% |
| Allegany | 95.1\% | 1.6\% | 1.3\% | 1.7\% | 4.7\% |
| Bronx | 9.5\% | 29.9\% | 4.2\% | 56.0\% | 90.2\% |
| Broome | 84.4\% | 6.4\% | 4.6\% | 4.4\% | 15.4\% |
| Cattaraugus | 91.4\% | 2.0\% | 0.9\% | 2.2\% | 5.1\% |
| Cayuga | 91.0\% | 4.7\% | 0.8\% | 3.1\% | 8.6\% |
| Chautauqua | 88.2\% | 2.8\% | 0.7\% | 7.8\% | 11.3\% |
| Chemung | 87.6\% | 7.3\% | 1.6\% | 3.2\% | 12.1\% |
| Chenango | 95.4\% | 1.2\% | 0.7\% | 2.3\% | 4.2\% |
| Clinton | 90.7\% | 4.3\% | 1.5\% | 3.0\% | 8.9\% |
| Columbia | 87.5\% | 5.4\% | 2.1\% | 4.9\% | 12.3\% |
| Cortland | 93.5\% | 2.2\% | 1.2\% | 2.8\% | 6.2\% |
| Delaware | 92.7\% | 2.0\% | 1.0\% | 4.0\% | 7.1\% |
| Dutchess | 72.2\% | 11.2\% | 3.9\% | 12.6\% | 27.6\% |
| Erie | 76.1\% | 13.7\% | 3.9\% | 5.8\% | 23.3\% |
| Essex | 93.1\% | 2.6\% | 0.8\% | 3.0\% | 6.5\% |
| Franklin | 82.4\% | 5.9\% | 0.5\% | 3.6\% | 10.0\% |
| Fulton | 93.2\% | 2.4\% | 0.8\% | 3.4\% | 6.6\% |
| Genesee | 91.2\% | 3.4\% | 0.8\% | 3.5\% | 7.6\% |
| Greene | 86.1\% | 6.2\% | 1.2\% | 6.2\% | 13.6\% |
| Hamilton | 95.4\% | 1.6\% | 0.9\% | 1.8\% | 4.3\% |
| Herkimer | 95.1\% | 1.7\% | 0.7\% | 2.3\% | 4.6\% |
| Jefferson | 82.5\% | 7.0\% | 2.0\% | 7.9\% | 17.0\% |
| Kings | 37.5\% | 30.4\% | 13.0\% | 18.9\% | 62.3\% |
| Lewis | 96.5\% | 0.9\% | 0.5\% | 1.8\% | 3.2\% |
| Livingston | 91.5\% | 2.8\% | 1.5\% | 3.8\% | 8.2\% |
| Madison | 93.9\% | 2.1\% | 1.1\% | 2.3\% | 5.5\% |
| Monroe | 71.3\% | 15.4\% | 3.9\% | 9.2\% | 28.5\% |
| Montgomery | 81.4\% | 2.6\% | 0.9\% | 14.9\% | 18.4\% |
| Nassau | 60.1\% | 12.0\% | 10.8\% | 17.0\% | 39.7\% |
| New York | 48.2\% | 13.0\% | 12.9\% | 25.7\% | 51.6\% |
| Niagara | 86.4\% | 7.9\% | 1.3\% | 3.2\% | 12.4\% |
| Oneida | 82.5\% | 6.8\% | 4.2\% | 6.2\% | 17.2\% |
| Onondaga | 77.9\% | 12.0\% | 4.0\% | 5.1\% | 21.2\% |
| Ontario | 90.5\% | 2.7\% | 1.5\% | 5.0\% | 9.2\% |
| Orange | 64.6\% | 11.1\% | 3.0\% | 20.9\% | 35.1\% |
| Orleans | 87.0\% | 6.5\% | 0.7\% | 5.3\% | 12.5\% |
| Oswego | 94.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.8\% | 2.7\% | 4.8\% |
| Otsego | 91.9\% | 2.4\% | 1.6\% | 3.9\% | 7.9\% |


| Putnam | 78.8\% | 3.1\% | 2.4\% | 15.6\% | 21.1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Queens | 25.8\% | 18.4\% | 27.5\% | 27.8\% | 73.7\% |
| Rensselaer | 83.9\% | 7.7\% | 2.9\% | 5.2\% | 15.8\% |
| Richmond | 61.2\% | 9.9\% | 10.3\% | 18.4\% | 38.6\% |
| Rockland | 64.0\% | 11.6\% | 6.4\% | 17.8\% | 35.8\% |
| Saratoga | 91.1\% | 2.1\% | 3.2\% | 3.4\% | 8.7\% |
| Schenectady | 74.6\% | 12.1\% | 5.4\% | 7.4\% | 24.9\% |
| Schoharie | 93.8\% | 1.7\% | 0.9\% | 3.4\% | 6.0\% |
| Schuyler | 95.7\% | 1.4\% | 0.7\% | 1.9\% | 4.0\% |
| Seneca | 89.6\% | 5.4\% | 0.9\% | 3.6\% | 9.9\% |
| St. Lawrence | 92.8\% | 2.6\% | 1.2\% | 2.4\% | 6.2\% |
| Steuben | 94.5\% | 2.0\% | 1.6\% | 1.7\% | 5.3\% |
| Suffolk | 68.0\% | 7.8\% | 4.3\% | 19.6\% | 31.7\% |
| Sullivan | 72.5\% | 9.0\% | 1.8\% | 16.4\% | 27.1\% |
| Tioga | 95.5\% | 1.3\% | 0.9\% | 2.1\% | 4.3\% |
| Tompkins | 79.0\% | 4.8\% | 10.5\% | 5.3\% | 20.6\% |
| Ulster | 80.0\% | 6.9\% | 2.2\% | 10.6\% | 19.6\% |
| Warren | 94.4\% | 1.6\% | 1.0\% | 2.7\% | 5.3\% |
| Washington | 93.0\% | 3.3\% | 0.6\% | 2.9\% | 6.8\% |
| Wayne | 90.9\% | 3.4\% | 0.9\% | 4.5\% | 8.8\% |
| Westchester | 54.0\% | 14.3\% | 6.6\% | 24.9\% | 45.8\% |
| Wyoming | 90.3\% | 5.4\% | 0.6\% | 3.3\% | 9.3\% |
| Yates | 95.4\% | 1.3\% | 0.7\% | 2.2\% | 4.3\% |
| New York City | 33.0\% | 22.5\% | 15.2\% | 28.9\% | 66.7\% |
| NYS (excluding NYC) | 74.0\% | 9.4\% | 4.6\% | 11.7\% | 25.6\% |
| New York State | 56.4\% | 15.0\% | 9.2\% | 19.1\% | 43.3\% |

*Includes Black non-Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic, and Hispanic groups Data Source: National Center for Health Statistics bridged-race population estimates, 2018
https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race.htm

## Appendix 1 - Sources of Data

## National Center for Health Statistics Population Estimates

New York State and county population estimates by race and Hispanic origin were obtained from the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). These estimates were prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau.

All rates for health indicators presented in this report for the three-year period, 2018-2020, use the population estimate from 2018 NCHS bridged race population estimates files. The first indicator of population presented in this report is from the 2018 NCHS bridged race population estimates file.

Population data contained in this report use the following race/ethnicity groupings: White non-Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic, and Hispanic.

## American Community Survey

The American Community Survey (ACS) is part of the Census Bureau's re-engineered census process, designed to provide a fresh look at how communities are changing. The survey collects housing, demographic, social, and economic information annually from representative samples of the U.S. population.

The ACS-based indicators contained in this report are from the data collected during 2017-2021 with five-year estimates for the following race/ethnicity groupings: White non-Hispanic, Black, Asian, and Hispanic. Note that unlike other race/ethnicity groupings utilized in this report, the ACS groupings are not mutually exclusive. That is, the Black and Asian categories include Hispanics; the Hispanic category includes all races.

## Vital Records

Information on mortality and natality are generated from birth, death, and fetal death files that are collected by the New York State Department of Health (the Department)) Bureau of Vital Records, Division of Administration. These files also include records from New York City (NYC), a separate vital registration district.

## Vital Event Registration:

New York State (NYS) consists of two registration areas, NYC, and NYS Exclusive of NYC (also referred to as Rest of State). New York City includes the five counties of Bronx, Kings (Brooklyn), New York (Manhattan), Queens and Richmond (Staten Island); the remaining 57 counties comprise NYS Exclusive of NYC. The Bureau of Vital Records, the Department, processes data from live birth, death, fetal death and marriage certificates recorded in NYS Exclusive of NYC. Through a cooperative agreement, the Department receives data on live
births, deaths, and fetal deaths recorded in NYC from the NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (NYCDOHMH) and on live births and deaths recorded outside of NYS to residents of NYS from other states and Canada.

Vital Event indicators for NYC geographical areas reported by the Department and NYCDOHMH are different since the former includes possibly all NYC residents' events and the latter reports NYC events to NYC residents. The indicators may also differ due to timing and/or completeness of data.

Mortality rates (excluding cancer mortality) contained in this report are from the Bureau of Vital Records death files from 2018 to 2020. The cause of death is the underlying cause classified according to the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10). The age-adjusted mortality rates for the total population are adjusted using the standard 2000 U.S. population.

Infant mortality rates are presented for the time period 2018-2020 and are based on all live births regardless of birth weight or gestation. Rates for the three-year period are based on deaths and live births that occurred during that three-year period

Natality rates are generated from the Vital Statistics Unit birth files from 2018 to 2020. Pregnancy rates also include the 2018 to 2020 fetal death (spontaneous and induced) files.

Mortality and natality indicators contained in this report use the following race/ethnicity groupings: White non-Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic and Hispanic. All the vital statistics presented in this report are based on the county/borough of residence.

Data are suppressed to protect individual confidentiality when population or denominator of the estimate is less than 30 .

## Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS)

Information about hospitalizations is collected through the hospital inpatient discharge data system. Each hospitalization receives an ICD-10 code at discharge that indicates the primary reason for the hospitalization. Statistics presented in these tables are based on the primary diagnosis unless otherwise noted. This data system does not include information about events that did not result in a hospitalization, such as cases that were only treated in a hospital emergency room. Numbers and rates are based on the number of hospitalizations that occurred and not the number of individuals who were hospitalized.

Hospitalization rates in this report are from the 2018-2020 SPARCS files. The age-adjusted hospitalization rates for the total population are adjusted using the standard 2000 U.S. population.

Hospitalization-based indicators contained in this report use the following race/ethnicity groupings: White non-Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander non-Hispanic and Hispanic.

Data are suppressed to protect individual confidentiality when the number of hospitalizations is from one to five.

## New York State Cancer Registry

The Cancer Registry collects, processes, and reports cancer statistics on incidence, mortality and stages of diagnoses by site. In addition to collecting information on the anatomic site of the tumor and stage of diagnosis, the registry also collects socio-demographic information, such as age, gender, ethnicity, race and residence for each individual diagnosed with cancer.

Cancer incidence, mortality and stage of diagnosis rates this report are from 2017-2019 NYS Cancer Registry files. Incidence and mortality rates are age-adjusted using the standard 2000 U.S. population.

Cancer Registry-based indicators in this report use the same race/ethnicity groupings used for the natality and mortality data: White non-Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic, Asian Pacific Islander non-Hispanic and Hispanic.

Data are suppressed to protect individual confidentiality when the number of cases is from one to five.

## Graduation Rate Database, New York State Department of Education, Downloads

This database contains annual graduation, and dropout data for the state as well as by county. The data are reported by school year.

## Adult Arrests by Age, Race/Ethnicity and Sex by County and Region, New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS)

Police departments report arrests to DCJS that require fingerprints, the criteria for which are defined in state law. Arrests are reported to the state by the police department that made the arrest.

These are not rates of the number of different people who were arrested within the time period. Rather, these are rates of the number of arrests within the time-period.

## Centers for Medicare \& Medicaid (CMS)

The CMS's Services Mapping Medicare Disparities by Population is an interactive tool that contains health outcome measures for disease prevalence, costs, hospitalization for 60 specific chronic conditions, emergency department utilization, readmissions rates, mortality, preventable hospitalizations, and preventive services.

The race/ethnic categories used in the CMS tables follow the Census race/ethnic categories, except that in the CMS tables, Asian include Pacific Islanders.

## Appendix 2 - Glossary / Technical Notes

Age-adjustment - Age-adjustment is a statistical process applied to rates of death, hospitalization, disease, or other health outcomes, which allows areas with different age structures to be compared. Age confounding occurs when the two populations being compared have different age distributions and the probability of the outcome varies across age groups. The process of age adjustment (Direct Method) used for this report changes the amount that each age contributes to the average rate in each area, so that the overall rates are based on the same age structure. Rates based on the same age distribution can be compared to each other without the presence of confounding by age.

Adjustment was accomplished by first multiplying the age-specific rates of death or hospitalization by age-specific weights. The weights used in the age adjustment of data are the proportion of the Standard Population (the U.S. population as enumerated by the Bureau of the Census, 2000) within each age group. The weighted rates are then added across the age groups to give the age-adjusted rate.

ICD-10 - The International Classification of Diseases, $10^{\text {th }}$ revision. ${ }^{11}$
Incidence - The number of new cases of the disease or condition within a specified period of time.

Incidence rate - Cases of diseases or condition in the given year(s) divided by the population at risk in given years(s).

Mortality - Death due to the disease or condition in question.
Mortality rate - Total number of deaths from the disease or condition in given year(s) divided by the population at risk in given year(s).

[^11]
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## New York State Department of Health

James MacDonald, MD, MPH Commissioner of Health

Megan Baldwin Acting Executive Deputy Commissioner

# New York State Department of Health Office of Minority Health and Health Disparities Prevention 

Wilma Alvarado-Little, MA, MSW Associate Commissioner

## New York State Department of Health Office of Public Health

Ursula Bauer, PhD, MPH, Deputy Commissioner
Michael Kharfen, Assistant Deputy Commissioner

## New York State Department of Health Office of Science

Eli Rosenburg, PhD, Director
Trang Nguyen, MD, DrPH, Director, Public Health Information Group
Christopher F. Davis, PhD, MPH, CPH, Associate Program Research Specialist
Gene Shackman, PhD, Program Research Specialist
Jancarlos Guzman, Graduate Intern


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ New York State Department of Health, Prevention Agenda 2019-24. New York State's Health Improvement Plan: https://www.health.ny.gov/prevention/prevention agenda/2019-2024/
    ${ }^{2}$ U.S. Census Bureau, 2020 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171), Table P2, Hispanic or Latino, and not Hispanic or Latino, by race.
    ${ }^{3} 2000$ data from PL002, Hispanic or Latino, and Not Hispanic or Latino by Race, 2000: DEC Redistricting Data (PL 94-171). 2020 data from P2, Hispanic or Latino, and Not Hispanic or Latino by Race, 2020: DEC Redistricting Data (PL 94-171).
    ${ }^{4}$ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Minority Health. https://www.cdc.gov/minorityhealth/index.html
    ${ }^{5} 2015$ Kelly Report, Health Disparities in America, Washington, D.C. https://robinkelly.house.gov/sites/evo-
    subsites/robinkelly.house.gov/files/2015\%20Kelly\%20Report.pdf

[^1]:    ${ }^{6}$ Ibid 5
    ${ }^{7} 2018$ National Healthcare Quality and Disparities Report. Content last reviewed May 2019. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Rockville, MD. https://www.ahrq.gov/research/findings/nhqrdr/nhqdr18/index.html
    ${ }^{8}$ New York State Department of Health, Prevention Agenda 2019-2024 Dashboard.
    https://health.ny.gov/preventionagendadashboard

[^2]:    ${ }^{9}$ Arias, E., Heron, M., \& Hakes, J. (2016). The validity of race and Hispanic-origin reporting on death certificates in the United States: An update. Vital and Health Statistics. Series 2, Data Evaluation and Methods Research, (172), 1-21. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_172.pdf
    ${ }^{10}$ New York State County Health Indicators by Race/Ethnicity, 2017-2019.
    https://www.health.ny.gov/statistics/community/minority/county/

[^3]:    * Poverty, unemployment, insurance, education, single parent homes, disability, English language, and median household income indicators are presented for Blacks, which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Blacks ${ }^{* *}$ Poverty, unemployment, insurance, education, single parent homes, disability, English language, and median household income indicators are presented for Asians, which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asians but do not include Pacific Islanders

[^4]:    * Poverty, unemployment, insurance, education, single parent homes, disability, English language, and median household income indicators are presented for Blacks, which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Blacks

[^5]:    ${ }^{9}$ New York State Department of Health, Prevention Agenda 2019-2024 Dashboard. https://health.ny.gov/preventionagendadashboard

[^6]:    *Fee-for-service Medicare data is presented for Blacks which includes both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Blacks
    ${ }^{* *}$ Fee-for-service Medicare data is presented for Asians which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asians, and includes Pacific Islanders

[^7]:    * Fee-for-service Medicare data is presented for Blacks which includes both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Blacks

[^8]:    * Poverty, unemployment, insurance, education, single parent homes, disability, English language, and median household income indicators are presented for Asians, which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asians but do not include Pacific Islanders

[^9]:    ** Poverty, unemployment, insurance, education, single parent homes, disability, English language, and median household income indicators are presented for Blacks, which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Blacks

[^10]:    * Fee for service Medicare data is presented for Asians which include both Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asians, and includes Pacific Islanders

[^11]:    ${ }^{11}$ International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM).
    https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd-10-cm.htm

