

Ending the Epidemic Key Resources

Prevention Committee



- ❖ 2012-2016 New York State Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan: The Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan is a written statement of need developed through a local collaborative process with other HIV/AIDS prevention, care, and treatment providers and programs. The Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan reflects a discussion of existing resources, needs, and gaps for HIV prevention services, to include key features on how prevention services, interventions, and/or strategies are currently being used or delivered in the jurisdiction. Important elements in assessing need include a determination of the populations at greatest risk for HIV, individuals who are unaware of their HIV positive status, a comprehensive understanding of prevention services in the jurisdiction, and a consideration of all available resources.
- ❖ 2013 New York State Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan Update: This document is an Update to the 2012-2016 NYS Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan as submitted to CDC in September 2012. It includes an updated “Description of Existing Resources” for NYS (Chapter 4) and information on NYS’ “Prevention Activities and Strategies/Scalability of Activities/Responsible Agency” (Chapter 6) as of September 2013. It also includes a narrative describing the current project of the NYS HIV Prevention Planning Group (PPG) is focusing on: an examination of the intersection of Transgender youth’s attained education and health literacy and its relationship to HIV/STD/hepatitis C prevention.
- ❖ 2014 New York State Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan Update: This document is an Update to the 2012-2016 NYS Jurisdictional HIV Prevention Plan as submitted to CDC in September 2012. It includes an updated “Description of Existing Resources” for NYS (Chapter 4) and information on NYS’ “Prevention Activities and Strategies/Scalability of Activities/Responsible Agency” (Chapter 6) as of September 2014. It also includes a narrative describing the current project of the NYS HIV Prevention Planning Group (PPG) is focusing on: an examination of the intersection of Transgender youth’s attained education and health literacy and its relationship to HIV/STD/hepatitis C prevention.
- ❖ Summary of the New York State Prevention Agenda 2013-2017: The Prevention Agenda 2013-17 is New York State's health improvement plan for 2013 through 2017, developed by the New York State Public Health and Health Planning Council (PHHPC) at the request of the Department of Health, in partnership with more than 140 organizations across the state. This summary provides an overview of the NYSDOH Prevention Agenda, along with the five key priority areas identified.

- ❖ New York State Youth Sexual Health Plan: This sexual health plan is a collaborative effort between the New York State Department of Health AIDS Institute, Division of Family Health, Bureau of Maternal and Child Health and Interagency Task Force on HIV/AIDS partners. The purpose of this document is to provide a New York State sexual health plan that addresses the HIV, STD, and pregnancy prevention needs of adolescents and young adults and promote positive, healthy, and informed choices regarding sexual health.
- ❖ Syringe Exchange Program Report: This summary report records the birth and first 20 years of authorized syringe exchange programs (SEPs) in New York State. The documented dramatic decline in HIV infection among injection drug users (IDUs) is primarily attributable to this initiative. The data signify that syringe exchange is one of the most successful HIV prevention initiatives of the New York State Department of Health AIDS Institute, based on the numbers of lives and health care dollars saved. In 1992, 52 percent of newly diagnosed AIDS cases were among injection drug users. In 2012, IDU risk accounted for only 3 percent of new HIV diagnoses. Yet, SEPs remain controversial.
- ❖ Infrequent HIV Testing and Late HIV Diagnosis Are Common Among A Cohort of Black Men Who Have Sex with Men (BMSM) in Six US Cities: A Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (JAIDS) article that provides results from an analysis that assessed frequency and correlates of infrequent HIV testing and late diagnosis among black men who have sex with men (BMSM).
- ❖ 2014 Clinical Practice Guideline for PrEP: This document provides comprehensive information for the use of daily oral antiretroviral preexposure prophylaxis (PrEP).
- ❖ PrEP Clinical Providers' Supplement: This supplement to the PHS PrEP Clinical Practice Guidelines is intended to provide additional information that may be useful to clinicians providing PrEP.
- ❖ HIV Clinical Guidelines for PrEP- What Support Services Providers Should Know: This document provides an overview of PrEP, an overview of the HIV clinical guidelines for PrEP, and the role of non-clinical providers in promoting PrEP.
- ❖ Treatment Action Group (TAG) PrEP Report and Appendices: This report includes a needs assessment and recommendations submitted to the NYSDOH on August 29, 2014.
- ❖ Evaluating the impact of prioritization of antiretroviral pre-exposure prophylaxis in New York City: A comparison of the value and effectiveness of different prioritization strategies of pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) in New York City (NYC).

- ❖ PrEP Brochures in both English and Spanish: These are recently developed PrEP brochures that are available in both English and Spanish.
- ❖ Implementation Science of Pre-exposure Prophylaxis: Preparing for Public Use: This document provides a review the published and unpublished literature on PrEP implementation, organizing themes into five categories: scientific groundwork, regulatory and policy groundwork, stakeholder and infrastructure groundwork, delivery, and long-term monitoring. The lessons from PrEP planning can benefit the scale-up of future combination interventions.
- ❖ Preexposure Chemoprophylaxis for HIV Prevention in Men Who Have Sex with Men: This document is a New England Journal of Medicine article that concludes that Oral FTC–TDF provided protection against the acquisition of HIV infection among the subjects.
- ❖ PrEP Letter July 2014: This letter provides the link to the NYSDOH PrEP Guidance Document, as well as other important information on PrEP, including a link to PrEP Voluntary Directory.
- ❖ PrEP Presentation 9.18.14: This PowerPoint presentation was provided by the AIDS Institute and gives an overview and update on PrEP, progress to date, and identified next steps and priorities.
- ❖ The AIDS Institute funded Hepatitis C Care and Treatment Programs: This write-up and documentation explain how these programs strive to expand the capacity for hepatitis C care and treatment. Funded programs provide on-site hepatitis C medical care, care coordination, treatment and supportive services in a primary setting (i.e., community health centers, drug treatment programs and hospital based clinics) for HCV monoinfected persons and HIV/HCV coinfecting persons.
- ❖ The New York State Hepatitis C Screening Program: This write-up explains how this program provides HCV rapid antibody test kits and controls to programs serving at-risk populations, including persons with HIV. Individuals screened for HCV are provided appropriate counseling messages and receive referrals for diagnostic testing, medical care and treatment. The HCV Screening Program also covers the costs of HCV diagnostic testing (HCV RNA) for persons with a reactive HCV antibody test at prequalified agencies with the capacity to offer this service on-site.