The Ending the Epidemic Task Force: New York City Health Department

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NYC DOHMH
Disease Control
Bureau of HIV Prevention and Control
DOHMH 2014 Funding by Source

- **Federal (CDC)**: $44,930,658 (21%)
- **Federal (HRSA)**: $105,515,739 (48%)
- **Federal (HUD)**: $48,453,773 (22%)
- **City**: $14,649,968 (7%)
- **State**: $5,339,383 (2%)
- **Other**: $618,177 (<1%)

Total Funding: $217,204,917
DOHMH 2014 Funding by Service Category

- **Health Care**: $15,584,781 (7%)
- **Case Management/Care Coordination**: $26,455,713 (12%)
- **Mental Health**: $4,425,499 (2%)
- **Harm Reduction**: $13,040,334 (6%)
- **Housing**: $57,122,599 (26%)
- **Legal**: $3,742,821 (2%)
- **Education and Training**: $2,618,177 (1%)
- **Food and Nutrition**: $6,714,331 (3%)
- **QM/Surveillance/Field Services**: $13,844,756 (6%)
- **Support Services**: $19,283,262 (9%)
- **Management and Admin**: $12,289,082 (6%)
- **HIV Prevention - Non-Testing**: $28,562,317 (13%)
- **HIV Testing**: $15,824,025 (7%)
The Extended NYC Continuum of Care

Engagement in HIV care:
- Estimated HIV-infected: 100%
- Ever HIV-diagnosed: 86% of infected
- Ever linked to HIV care: 73% of infected
- Retained in HIV care in 2012: 55% of infected
- Presumed ever started on ART: 51% of infected
- Suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) in 2012: 41% of infected
Aligning Programs to Continuum Challenges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Estimated HIV-Infected</th>
<th>Ever HIV-diagnosed</th>
<th>Ever linked to HIV care</th>
<th>Retained in HIV care in 2012</th>
<th>Presumed ever started on ART</th>
<th>Suppressed viral load in 2012</th>
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<td>Social Support</td>
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<td>Link/Homeless Meals</td>
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<td>Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Case Management (medical and nonmedical)</td>
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People at risk

Prevention
Ending the Epidemic

• Identifying persons with HIV who remain undiagnosed and linking them to health care
• Linking and retaining persons with HIV to health care, getting them on anti-HIV therapy to improve their health and prevent transmission
• Providing Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) to high-risk persons to keep them HIV-negative.
Ending the Epidemic:
Identify & Linkage to Care
DOHMH-Supported HIV Testing

• Direct provision of HIV testing at STD, TB, and jail clinics
  • 61,916 tests were provided in STD & TB clinics in 2013
  • 388 established infections and 44 acute infections were identified

• Contracted HIV testing with CBOs, hospitals, and community health centers
  • 51 contracts among 42 agencies
  • 190,527 HIV tests were provided in 2013
HIV Diagnoses in DOHMH STD Clinics, 2010-2013

- Data are for all HIV cases diagnosed in NYC STD clinics; male and female, anonymous and confidential testing from NYC DOHMH STD EMR, 2014
NYC DOHMH Field Services Unit: Linkage and Re-engagement in Care

• Newly diagnosed, 2013
  – 96% (1507/1567) patients interviewed by FSU linked to care within 3 months of diagnosis

• Patients lost to follow-up ≥9 months
  – 271 patients re-engaged in care in 2013

• Began re-engagement in care work for HIV patients with HCV co-infection
# NYC Partner services outcomes: 2013

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Newly diagnosed</th>
<th>Previously diagnosed</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cases reported</td>
<td>2091</td>
<td>371</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cases interviewed</td>
<td>1697 (81%)</td>
<td>316 (85%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cases with partners identified</td>
<td>828 (49%)</td>
<td>173 (55%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cases with &gt;1 partner identified</td>
<td>211 (25%)</td>
<td>45 (25%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partners elicited</td>
<td>1384</td>
<td>259</td>
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<tr>
<td>sex or needle-sharing partners</td>
<td>1322 (96%)</td>
<td>250 (97%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>social network partners</td>
<td>62 (4%)</td>
<td>9 (3%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partners with negative/unknown serostatus</td>
<td>962</td>
<td>181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partners notified</td>
<td>693 (72%)</td>
<td>137 (76%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partners tested</td>
<td>387 (56%)</td>
<td>82 (60%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partners newly diagnosed with HIV</td>
<td>67 (17%)</td>
<td>9 (11%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Newly diagnosed report = ≤ 6 months; Previously diagnosed report = >6 months
Anti-Retroviral Treatment and Access to Services (ARTAS)

• An individual-level, multi-session, time-limited intervention to link to medical care.

• ARTAS training is currently provided by DOHMH’s T-TAP Program

• T-TAP is a nationally recognized training program that provides HIV-related trainings for local providers of HIV services, and nationally, for CDC grantees
  • T-TAP has adapted ARTAS training to be delivered in 2-3 days.
Ending the Epidemic: Retention in Care & Viral Load Suppression
Ryan White Care Coordination

FY14 Allocation: $21,157,224 (27 contracts)

- Provides services for persons at high risk for suboptimal health care outcomes including newly diagnosed, previously lost to care/never in care, irregularly in care, or with recent adherence issues).

- The model provides:
  - Outreach and re-engagement
  - Case management:
    - assessment and planning
    - case conferencing
  - Patient navigation, including accompaniment
  - Adherence support
  - Directly Observed Therapy
  - Health promotion in home visits
  - Assistance with medical/social services
Non-Medical Case Management

FY2014 Allocation: $5,807,945

- **Correctional Settings**: Provides HIV-specific Transitional Case Management services, which include discharge planning to incarcerated individuals in New York City to ensure linkage to medical and support services upon release.

- **General**: Provides low-threshold assistance with navigating available resources, including health insurance and support services.

Responses to a Request for Proposals (RFP) to provide these services are currently under review.
Transitional Care Coordination (TCC)

FY14 Allocation: $1,461,285 (5 contracts)

• Short-term case management program for homeless and unstably-housed PLWHA adapted from the Critical Time Intervention model.

• Program Services:
  – Targeted case finding and outreach
  – Development of comprehensive care plan
  – 1:1 health promotion
  – Linkage to HIV primary care, including patient navigation
  – Linkage to housing services
  – Accompaniment to medical and other support services appointments
  – Transfer to supportive housing or long-term case management services
35,300 clients accessed HASA, HOPWA, or Ryan White housing in 2013*

Linked to care

- Yes, 99.7%
- No, 0.3%

Engaged in care, 2013

- Yes, 95.6%
- No, 4.4%

Virally suppressed, end of 2013

- Yes, 70.7%
- No, 29.3%

*Deduplicated count of clients accessing either HASA, HOPWA, and/or Ryan White housing services at all in 2013, matched to HIV Surveillance Registry, and reported to DOHMH as a persons living with HIV/AIDS as of June 30, 2014
2012 HIV Care Continuum, by Housing Experience

As reported to the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene by June 30, 2013.
Food and Nutrition Services (FNS)

FY2014 Allocation: $5,719,331 (11 contracts), 2 Food Bank/Home-Delivered Meals providers in tri-county

• Provides nutritious food and/or nutrition services to food-insecure PLWHA.

• Program Services:
  – Screening, nutritional assessment, and development of comprehensive care plan
  – Linkage to HIV primary care, including patient navigation
  – Food services: home-delivered meals, congregate meals, pantry bags, emergency and supplemental food vouchers, nutritional supplements
  – Nutrition services: individual nutritional counseling, nutritional education groups
Harm Reduction, Recovery Readiness and Relapse Prevention (HRR)

FY2014 Allocation: $8,111,612 (23 contracts)

- Provides Individual and Group Alcohol and other Drug Counseling, Low Threshold, Overdose Prevention services

- Programs began implementing evidence-based interventions in September 2012
  - Motivational Interviewing
  - Healthy Living Project
  - Seeking Safety
  - Therapeutic Education System

- All programs utilize standardized alcohol and drug assessments at Intake
  - DAST-10
  - AUDIT-C
The Positive Life Workshop

Introduction (4 hours / half day)
Emphasis is on the three most important actions PLWHA can undertake to self-manage their health

Intensive (16 hours / 2 days)
PLWHA learn how to self-manage their health by addressing
The Positive Life Workshop

**Biological**
- Body care
- Drug & alcohol use
- Sexual Health
- Adherence to HIV treatment
- Engaging in healthcare

**Psychological**
- Beliefs about HIV
- Stress
- Grief & depression

**Social**
- Trusted support
- HIV disclosure
- Self-assertiveness
- Patient-provider relationship
Sample texting

Day 1

I'm here 2 help u navigate thru the many services NYC has 2 help u stay healthy. Do u have a regular doctor? Reply YES or NO.

Reply STOP2Quit Msg&dataRatesApply

It's important 2 stay in care 2 remain healthy. Reply with the 5 digit NYC ZIP CODE of ur work or home 2 find a clinic near you.

(2/3)
Network--Community League Health Center
1996 Amsterdam Ave 10032 (212) 781-7979.
A center near you is Asian & Pacific Islander Coalition 3867 Broadway

(1/3)
A center near you is Argus Community - Barbee Family Health Center 266 W.145th St 10039 (212) 690-4002.
A center near you is
HIV Care Status Reports (CSR): Surveillance for Care

• Sharing of limited patient-specific data from HIV Surveillance allowed by 2010 NYS HIV Testing law

• CSR is a web-based application that will allow approved providers to submit their out-of-care patients (>12 months) for query against the Registry to determine whether additional outreach is needed to engage patient in care
  • Outcomes provided: “follow-up needed” or “no follow-up needed”

• Planned launch: Fall 2014
HIV Care Continuum Dashboards (CCD)

- Facility-specific data provided to key members of the organization (CEO, CMO, Clinic Medical Director) regarding timely linkage to care of newly diagnosed patient and viral load suppression among patients in care for that particular facility.
- December 2012: first release of CCD to 21 sites; biannually since.
- 2014 releases: increase in number of sites receiving CCDs.
  - June: 35 sites
  - December: 46 sites (67% PLWHA in NYC)

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**A**
Timely Linkage to Care of Newly Diagnosed Patients, 2012

- New York City: 3,141 diagnoses
  - 70% linkage
- Site A: 48 diagnoses
  - 75% linkage
  - 83% Year Facility
  - 8% Other Facility

**B**
Viral Load Suppression among Patients in Care*, 2012

- New York City: 6,078 patients
  - 70% viral load suppression
- Site A: 1,250 patients
  - 76% viral load suppression

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* Linked to care within 3 months of diagnosis
† National HIV/AIDS Strategy goal
‡ "In care" based on the Health Resources and Services Administration definition of retention: 2 labs (CD4 or viral load) at least 90 days apart within 12 months

++ Local New York City goal
Ending the Epidemic: Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis & Other Primary Prevention
Improving All Aspects of Care for MSM: The MSM City Health Information Bulletin

• Providing Comprehensive Health Care to Men who have Sex with Men (MSM)

• Target audience:
  • Providers with basic knowledge of MSM health issues
  • May not be aware of MSM patients in practice
  • CME/CNE available

• Reminds providers to:
  • Ask about sexual behavior
  • MSM may not identify as gay
  • Create a welcoming environment for patients

• Provides—Clinical recommendations and guidance on range of health issues including mental health

• Anticipated release by end of October 2014
NYC Condom Availability Program

Highlights:

- In 2013, distributed over:
  - 38.5 million male condoms (YTD: over 25 million)
  - 1.3 million female condoms (YTD: over 860,000)
- Currently distribute condoms at:
  - Over 3,500 locations throughout NYC
  - 220 (96%) of gay venues stocked
- In 2014, participated in a total of 13 Gay Pride events
- Condom education specialists conduct about 500 condom education trainings/presentations per year
Increasing PrEP & PEP Awareness

“PrEP and PEP: New Ways to Prevent HIV”

– Targeting at-risk: gay & bisexual men, TG women, serodiscordant couples, IDU

– Traditional media (Since June 2014)
  • Posters, pamphlets, postcards to clinical and non-clinical sites
  • Postcards distributed at Pride events and MSM venues

– New media—targeted social media plan (Sep-Oct 2014)
  • Pop-up messages on mobile dating/hook-up apps: Grindr, SCRUFF
  • Promoted media: Targeted tweets, Facebook ads, mobile banner ads
Increasing PrEP & PEP Awareness

Public Health Detailing: PrEP & PEP
• Targeting ~500 practices diagnosing HIV (focus: MSM of color)
• Detailing kit contents:
  – For providers: clinical guidelines pocket cards, FAQs, billing codes, invitation to subsequent workshops/trainings
  – For patients: educational materials, waiting room self-assessment
• Anticipated launch in late October 2014

PrEP Implementation Workshops
• Targeting clinic administrators, medical directors
• One-day workshop providing education and technical assistance
• Create a community of providers to share best practices and solutions
• Scheduled in October and December
Increasing PrEP/PEP Access in NYC

• Citywide Referral Network
  – Sites provide contact information and formally agree to be listed
  – PEP at 34 sites (and PrEP at 25);
  – network still growing

• Pilot in STD clinics
  – PEP starter pack (3 days) with referral for follow-up
  – PEP to 93 patients at 8 clinics from 4/14-8/14

• SBH Programs*
  – PEP plus HIV/STI testing, substance use/mental health counseling, assistance with insurance/social services
  – PEP to 303 patients at 8 sites from 3/13-7/14

*Funded by CDC HIV prevention cooperative agreement, SAMHSA MAI-TCE funds, and city tax levy funds, beginning 3/2013.
EoE = HIVt + PrEP + LtC + EiC + VLS

- **HIV Testing**: Strengthen healthcare based testing and focus resources on targeted testing strategies in high priority populations

- **PrEP Drug and Care Assistance**: Public health impact depends on uptake and adherence, requiring resources to support BOTH drug access AND supportive medical, social, and behavioral services
  - Provider and client knowledge of PrEP needs to increase
  - Increase screening for risk given role of PrEP as a gateway drug to prevention
  - Sexual history and Injection history need to be mandatory

- **The Hierarchy of Needs**: Identify resources to support housing for an expanding circle of PLWH, food access, harm reduction, mental health, and substance use.
  - Allows PLWHA to make HIV a priority in their lives and to focus on health
  - Supported people do better!
Maintenance is Key: LtC+EiC+VLS

- LtC+EiC+VLS: The end of the epidemic means maintaining the health of our population living with HIV.
  - Promoting and supporting linkage to care (LtC)
  - Maintaining and strengthening engagement in care (EiC)
  - Maintaining Viral Load suppression (VLS) with innovative approaches

We need to expand and innovate existing structures that support care, even when we reach the End of Epidemic goals

EVERY END IS JUST A NEW BEGINNING
Thank You
Additional Slides
Preliminary Results: Engagement pre- & post-CCP

Among previously diagnosed

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<th></th>
<th>12 months prior to CCP enrollment</th>
<th>12 months post CCP enrollment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Newly diagnosed</td>
<td>91%</td>
<td>91%</td>
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<tr>
<td>ALL previously diagnosed</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>91%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Out of care</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>83%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Current to care</td>
<td>87%</td>
<td>93%</td>
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RR=1.24 (95% CI 1.21 - 1.27)

RR=1.06 (95% CI 1.05 - 1.08)
Preliminary Results: VL Suppression pre- & post-CCP

Among previously diagnosed

- Newly diagnosed
  - 12 months prior to CCP enrollment: 66%
  - 12 months post CCP enrollment: N/A

- ALL previously diagnosed
  - 12 months prior to CCP enrollment: 32%
  - 12 months post CCP enrollment: 51%

- Out of care
  - 12 months prior to CCP enrollment: 0%
  - 12 months post CCP enrollment: 50%

- Current to care
  - 12 months prior to CCP enrollment: 38%
  - 12 months post CCP enrollment: 51%

Relative Risk (RR) calculations:
- RR=1.58 (95% CI 1.5 - 1.66)
- RR=1.34 (95% CI 1.27 - 1.4)
Among diagnosed PLWH, NYC HOPWA clients have higher engagement in each stage of HIV care vs. NYC and US.

NOTE: Different cascade methods and definitions used for US compared to overall NYC and NYC HOPWA.

SBH Clients Receiving PEP Services
March 2013 - July 2014 (N=303)

% of clients

- Gender: Men 94%, Women 5%, Transgender 1%
- Race/Ethnicity: Black 21%, Hispanic 25%, White 38%, Other 16%
- Age: <=24 18%, 25-34 57%, 35-44 19%, 45+ 6%
- Sexual Partnering: MSM 90%, MSW 3%, TWSM 2%, WSM/WSW 4%, Other 1%
- Country of birth: US-Born 67%, Foreign 33%