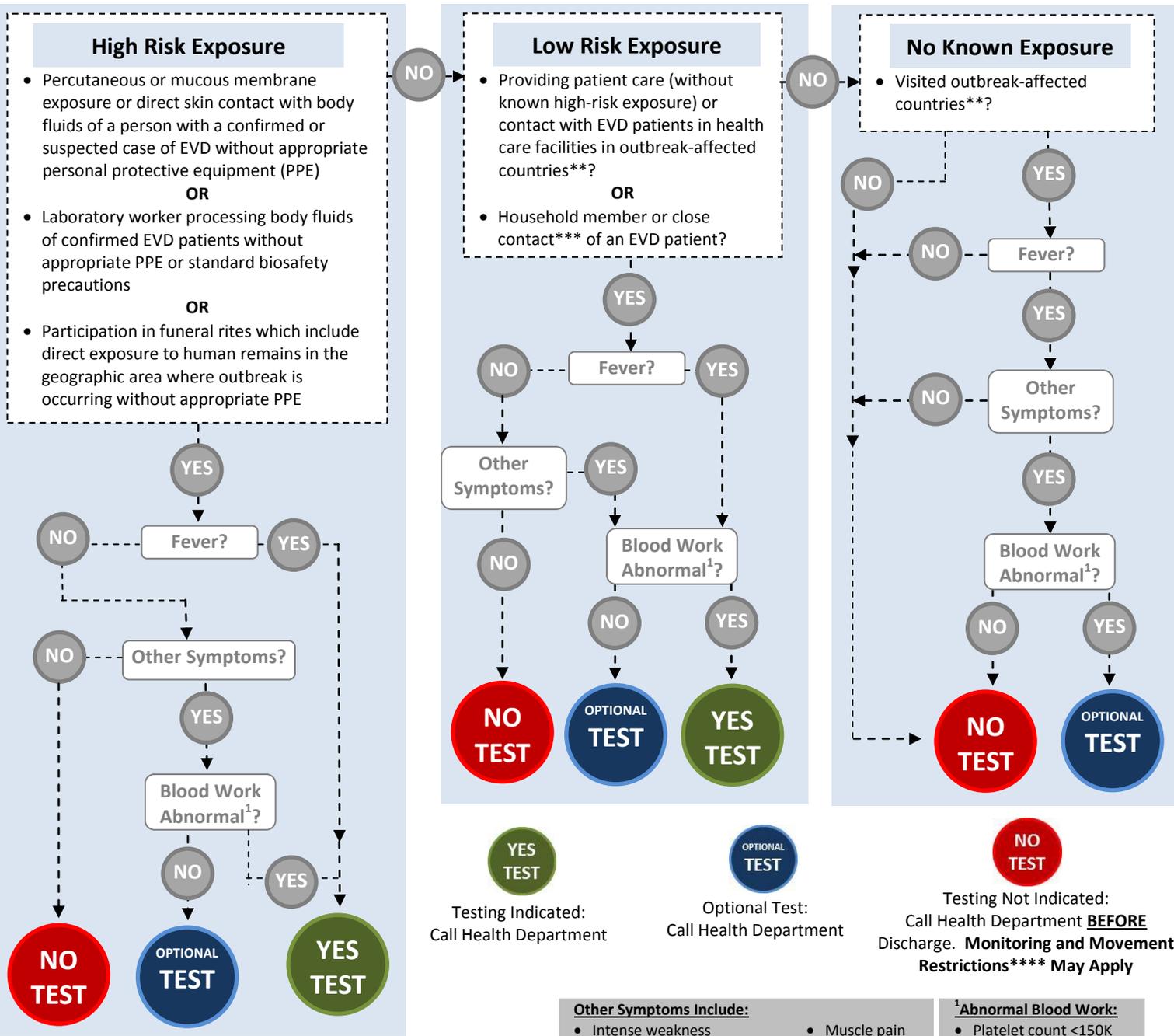


NYSDOH Decision Guide for Consultation and Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) Testing

Has the patient traveled to or from an Ebola-affected area within 21 days of symptom onset, and has fever (subjective or $\geq 101.5^{\circ}\text{F}$ or 38.6°C) or other compatible symptoms? If so, please (1) isolate the patient in single room with a private bathroom and with the door to hallway closed, (2) Implement standard, contact, and droplet precautions (gown, facemask, eye protection, and gloves), (3) Notify the hospital Infection Control Program and other appropriate staff, and then use the algorithm below to evaluate the patient for possible EVD testing.*

What is the patient's risk of exposure to Ebola virus within 21 days of symptom onset?



DEFINITIONS

Fever:
 • Defined as $\geq 101.5^{\circ}\text{F}$ (38.6°C)

Other Symptoms Include:

- Intense weakness
- Headache and sore throat
- Internal or external bleeding
- Impaired kidney and liver function
- Muscle pain
- Vomiting
- Diarrhea

¹Abnormal Blood Work:

- Platelet count $<150\text{K}$
- Prolonged PT/PTT
- AST/ALT evaluation

NYSDOH (518) 473-4439 NYSDOH Duty Officer (866) 881-2809 NYCDOHMH (866) 692-3641
 LHD contact information is available at <http://goo.gl/wfRgib>

Note: Malaria diagnostics should be a part of initial testing because it is the most common cause of febrile illness in persons with a travel history to the affected countries.

* Infection Control Guidance can be found at <http://goo.gl/a3T3A3> and <http://goo.gl/u5JK6R>
 ** A list of currently affected countries can be found at: <http://goo.gl/vUtSBB>
 *** Case definitions can be found at <http://goo.gl/UDcCH2>
 **** Monitoring and Movement Guidance can be found at <http://goo.gl/TVMKti>

