



# Department of Health

## Make New York the Healthiest State

New York State Prevention Agenda



November 17, 2016

Howard Zucker, MD, Commissioner of Health

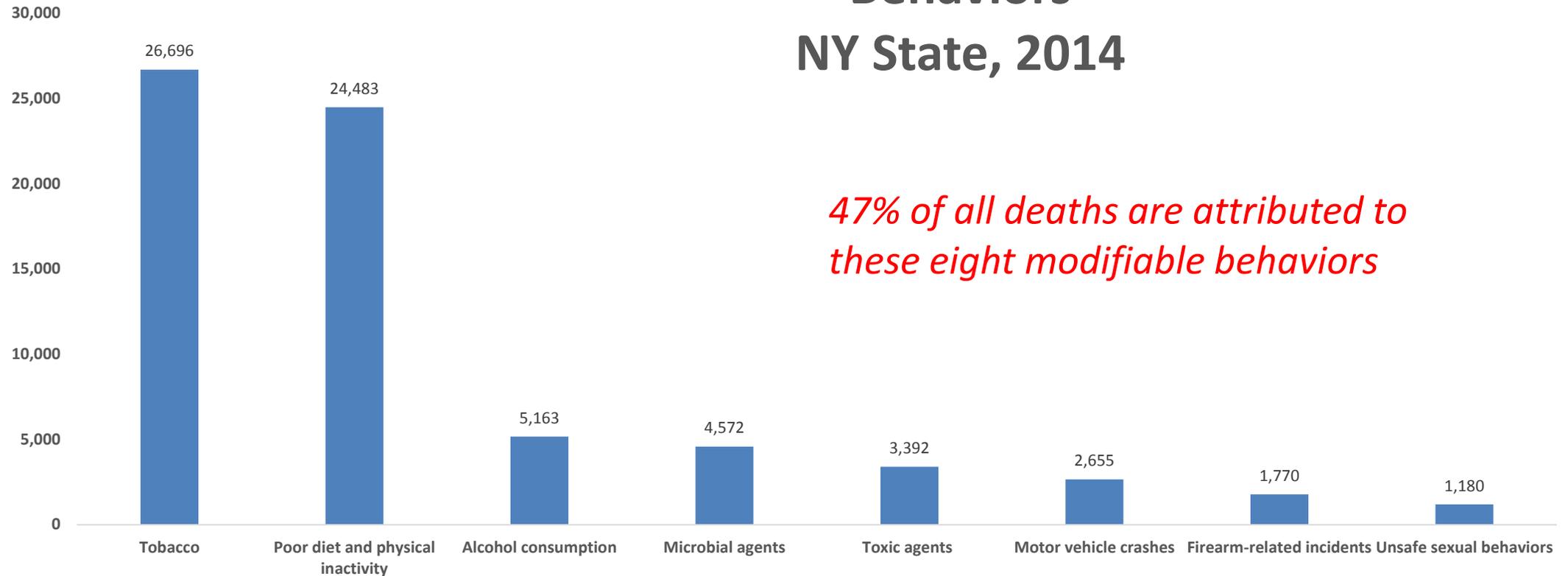
# Prevention Agenda 2013-2018

- Goal is improved health status of New Yorkers and reduction in health disparities through increased emphasis on prevention
- Call to action to broad range of stakeholders to collaborate at the community level to assess local health status and needs; identify local health priorities; and plan, implement and evaluate strategies for community health improvement
- Incorporated into NYS Health Care Reform Initiatives

# Importance of Prevention Agenda

- Focuses on Underlying Causes of Disease and Determinants of Health
- Helps DOH align goals and investments
- Achieved strong collaboration with partners
- Emphasizes Local Collaborative Planning and Highlights Community Benefit
- Outcomes Driven

## Estimated Number of Deaths Due to Modifiable Behaviors NY State, 2014

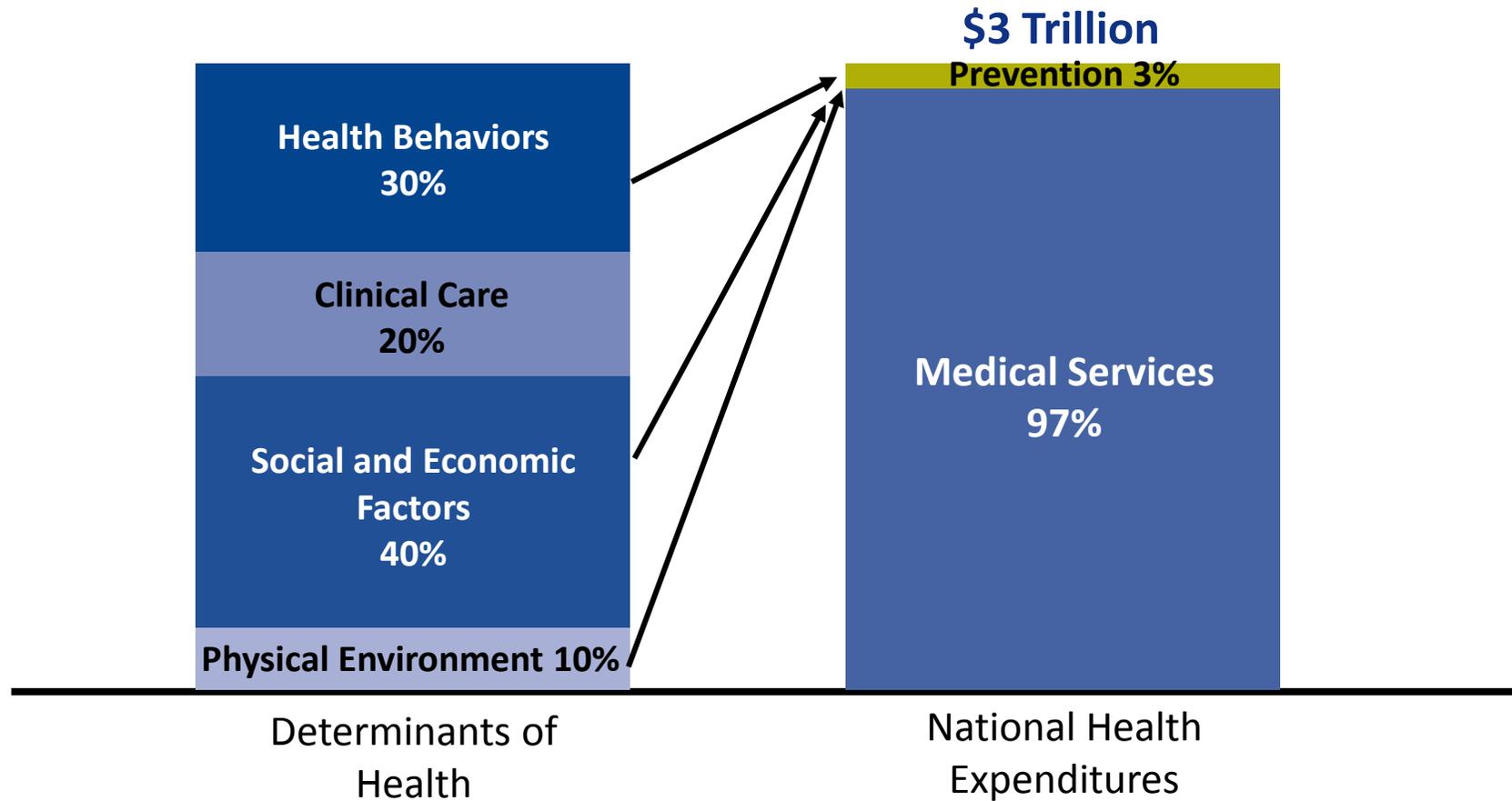


Source: Estimates were extrapolated using the results published in:  
"Actual Causes of Death in the United States, 2000", JAMA, March 2004, 291[10] and NYS 2014 death data

# Five Prevention Agenda Priorities

1. Prevent chronic diseases
2. Promote a healthy and safe environment
3. Promote healthy women, infants and children
4. Promote mental health and prevent substance abuse
5. Prevent HIV, sexually transmitted diseases, vaccine-preventable diseases and healthcare associated infections

# Health Determinants and Health Spending



**Source:** Booske BC, Athens JK, Kindig DA, Park H, Remington PL. County Health Rankings working paper: different perspectives for assigning weights to determinants of health. University of Wisconsin Population Health Institutes. 2010. Available at: <http://uwphi.pophealth.wisc.edu/publications/other/different-perspectives-for-assigning-weights-to-determinants-of-health.pdf> (Accessed September 20, 2016).

**Source:** National health expenditure accounts: methodology paper, 2014 definitions, sources, and methods. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. 2014. Available at: <https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/NationalHealthExpendData/downloads/dsm-14.pdf> (Accessed September 20, 2016).



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of Health**

# NYS Spending on Public Health

- As per Trust for America's Health, NYS invested \$2.14 billion in public health in 2013-2014 (all sources, including operations).
- Spending is second highest per capita expenditure (\$109.11) among all states, and 3.5 times higher than median state expenditure level per capita.
- NYS spent \$1.5 billion in public health programs and activities in the community associated with Prevention Agenda priorities, including public health infrastructure and social determinants of health.

# Prevention Agenda 2013-2018: Ad Hoc Leadership Group

Collaborative effort led by committee appointed by Public Health and Health Planning Council, including leaders from Healthcare, Business, Academia, CBOs, Local Health Departments, and other State Agencies including OMH and OASAS

Final Priorities based on active participation from members of committee and stakeholder feedback



# Significant Partner Actions

- **NYS Office of Mental Health:** partnered to focus attention on mental health promotion
- **NYS Health Foundation**
  - invested over \$500,000 in grants to 27 Local Health Departments to help them implement community health improvement plans
  - invested over \$500,000 in technical assistance to support implementation at local levels.
- **HANYS, NYSACHO, GNYHA:** hosted training and TA opportunities for their members

# Local Community Health Planning Requirements

- Informed by:
  - NYS Public Health Law requirements for Local Health Departments and Hospitals
  - Experience with Prevention Agenda 2008-12
  - Public Health Accreditation Standards
  - Affordable Care Act Community Benefit Rules
- Goal is to promote collaboration to identify shared goals and actions to address them.

# Community Health Improvement Plan Requirements for Hospitals

Asks Hospitals to:

- Submit Schedule H from IRS form 990 so NYS can track investments
- Invest in Prevention Agenda implementation activities and document them in community benefit reporting to IRS
- Align NYS Medicaid Reform (“DSRIP”) work with local community health improvement efforts to support Prevention Agenda goals

Goal is increased investments in the community health improvement and community building categories of community benefit, and in evidence based interventions described in the Prevention Agenda.

# Hospital Community Benefit Investment

In 2013, community benefit accounted for 12% of NYS hospital's total expenses, including 0.4% of expenses for community health improvement.

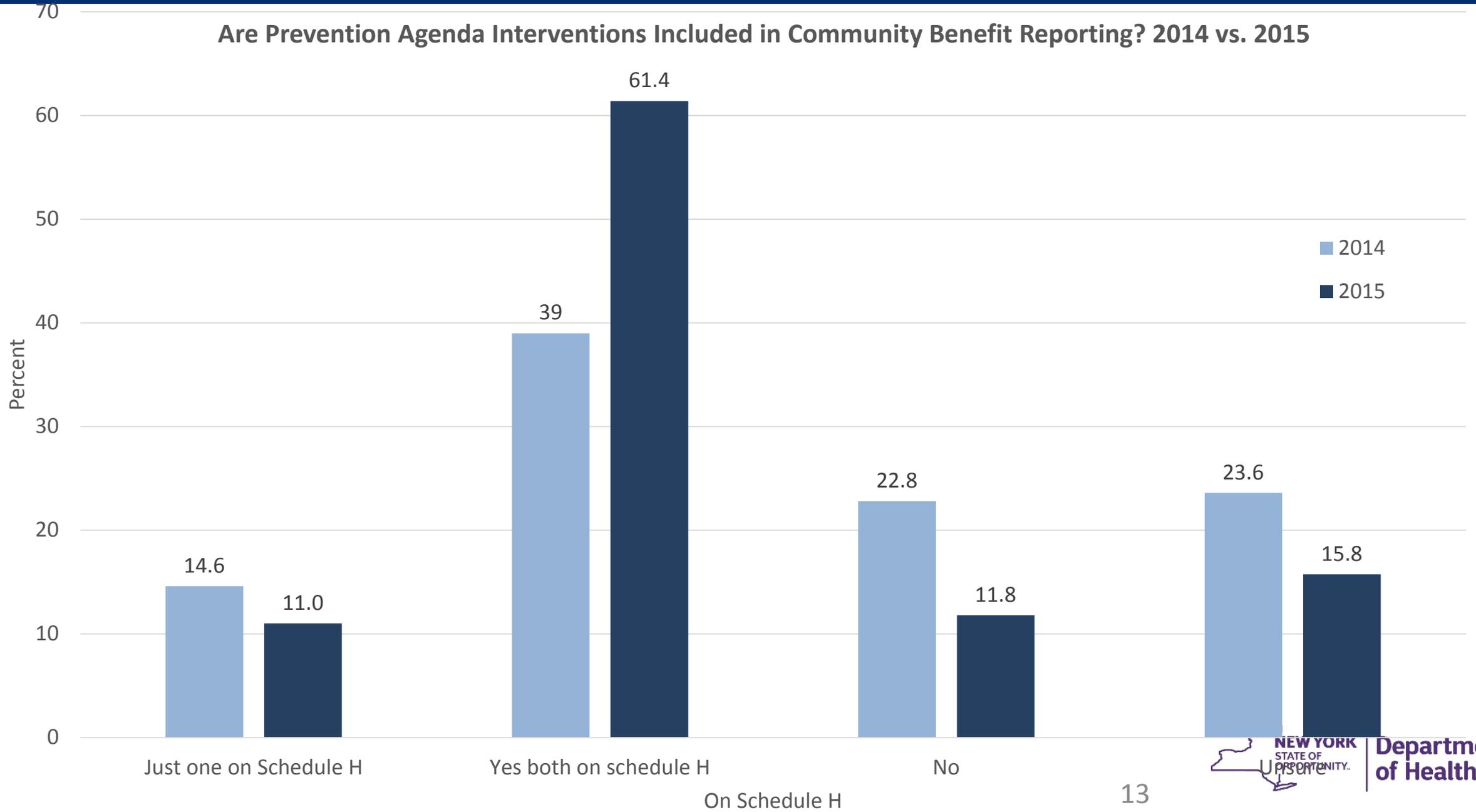
Community Benefit	Percentage of Total Operating Expenses Nationally, 2009	Percentage of Total Operating Expenses NYS, 2010	Percentage of Total Operating Expenses NYS, 2012	Percentage of Total Operating Expenses NYS, 2013
<b>All Categories</b>	7.50%	10.26%	11.04%	<b>11.80%</b>
Charity Care	1.9	1.04	1.03	1.07
Unreimbursed Cost for Means Tested Government Programs	3.4	3.62	3.79	4.70
Subsidized Health Services	1.1	1.13	1.02	1.12
Community Health Improvement	0.4	0.42	0.53	<b>0.37</b>
Cash or In Kind Contributions	0.2	0.04	0.04	0.08
Research	0.1	0.91	1.11	0.78
Health Professions Education	0.4	3.09	3.44	3.69

Gary J. Young, et al. Provision of Community Benefits by Tax Exempt US Hospitals. N Engl J Med 2013; 368:1519-1527.

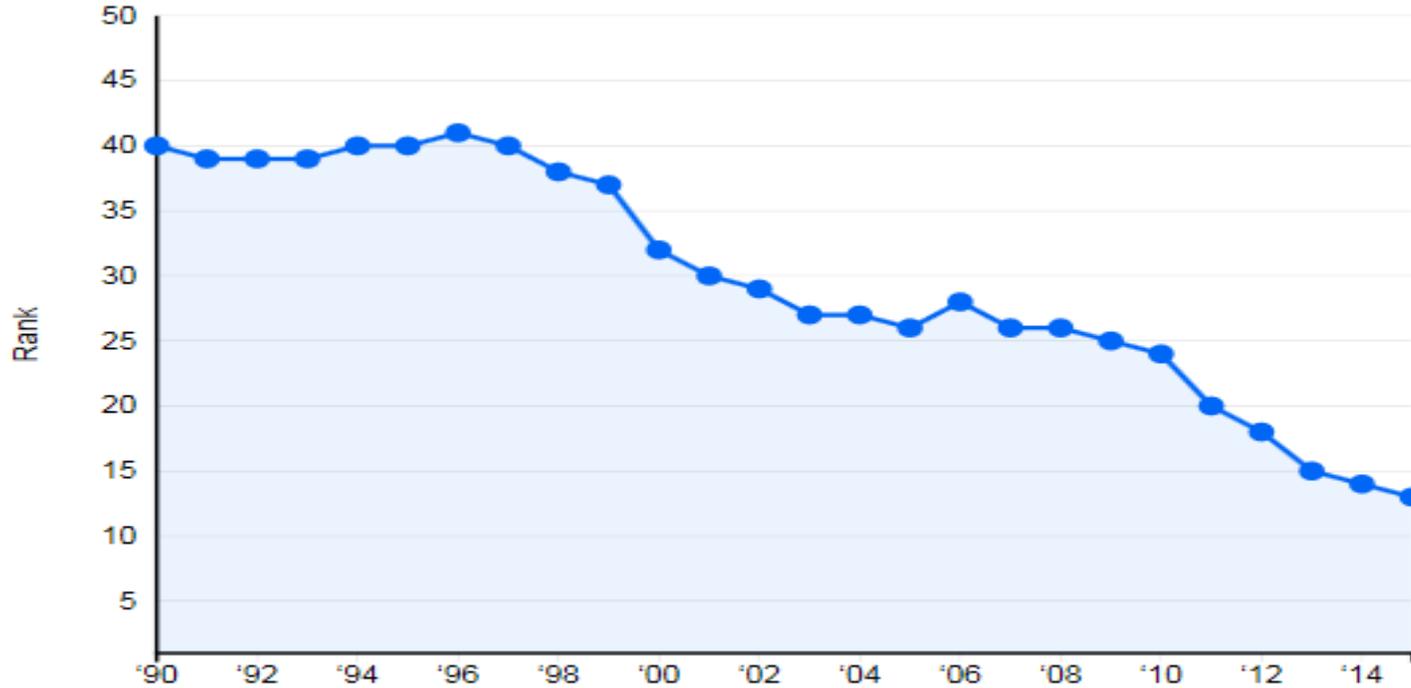
Erik Bakken and Kerry Griffin. Community Benefit Investments by NYS Hospitals, 2012. The New York Academy of Medicine Data Brief, September 2015.

New York State Department of Health Office of Public Health Practice.

### Are Prevention Agenda Interventions Included in Community Benefit Reporting? 2014 vs. 2015



### Trend: Overall, New York



Rank Based On: Weighted sum of the number of standard deviations each core measure is from the national average.