Collect blood and urine samples for each person involved in the chemical-exposure event.

Note: For children, collect only urine samples unless otherwise directed by CDC.

**Blood-Sample Collection**
For each person, collect blood in glass or plastic tubes in the following order:
1. Collect a minimum of 12 mL of blood in three (3) 4 mL or larger glass or plastic tubes. If using 3 mL tubes, use four tubes.
2. Mix contents of tubes by inverting them 5 or 6 times.
3. Place bar-coded labels on each tube, so that when the tubes are upright, the barcode looks like a ladder.
4. After collecting samples in the purple-top tubes, collect one (1) sample in a gray- or green-top tube (gray-top tube shown). Allow the tube to fill to its stated capacity.
5. Mix contents of the tube by inverting it 5 or 6 times.
6. Place bar-coded labels on the tube, so that when the tube is upright, the barcode looks like a ladder.

**Urine-Sample Collection**
For each person, collect 25 mL-50 mL of urine in a screw-cap urine cup.

Label the urine cup with the appropriate bar-coded label as shown. Indicate on the cup how the sample was collected if the method was other than "clean catch" (i.e., catheterization).

Freeze samples (optimally at -70°C).