

New York State Medicaid Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board Meeting Summary for July 14, 2022

The Medicaid DUR Board met on Thursday, July 14th, 2022, from 9:00am to 4:30pm.

The meeting was offered for public viewing by way of:

- Meeting Room 2, Empire State Plaza, Concourse Level, Albany, NY.
- Meeting Room 443, University at Buffalo, School of Pharmacy, Buffalo, NY.
- Live webcast.

Webcast

Meeting Documents

Meeting Transcript

A. Welcome and Introductions

Department of Health (DOH)

Douglas Fish – DUR Board Chairperson Kimberly Laurenzo Kimberly Leonard – Medicaid Pharmacy Director Anthony Merola Monica Toohey

DUR Board Members (DUR Board Membership)

Asa Radix

Joseph Chiarella

Donna Chiefari

Marla Eglowstein

Renante Ignacio

Brock Lape

Jill Lavigne

Peter Lopatka

Jadwiga Najib

John Powell

Casey Quinn

Tara Thomas

Deborah Wittman

Magellan Medicaid Administration (MMA)

Mina Kwon

Eileen Zimmer

<u>University at Buffalo – School of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences</u>

Holly Coe Tzu-Yin Kuo Barbara Rogler

B. Public Comment Period

The following speakers provided public comment to the DUR Board:

<u>Name</u>	Organization	Agenda Item
 Timothy Birner 	Alkermes	Antipsychotics - Injectable
2. Timothy Birner	Alkermes	Antipsychotics - 2nd Generation
3. Kimberly Blair	NAMI-NYC	Antipsychotics - 2nd Generation
4. Ameen Saleem	Intra-Cellular Thera.	Antipsychotics - 2nd Generation
5. Arden Arslanyan	Otsuka	Antipsychotics - 2nd Generation
Steven Burch	Sunovion	Antipsychotics - 2nd Generation
7. Nirali Patel	Abbvie	Antipsychotics - 2nd Generation
8. Nirali Patel	Abbvie	Immunomodulators - Systemic
Nirali Patel	Abbvie	Immunomodulators - Systemic
10. Daniel Shan	UBC	Immunomodulators - Systemic
11. Richard Kraft	AstraZeneca	Immunomodulators - Systemic
12. Ted Riley	GSK	Immunomodulators - Systemic
13. Aaron Waltzer	Pfizer	Immunomodulators - Systemic
14. Yulia Rozovskiy	Pfizer	Immunomodulators - Systemic
15. Daniel Flores	Amgen	Immunomodulators - Systemic
16. Daniel Flores	Amgen	Immunomodulators – Systemic
17. Lane Anson	Sanofi	Immunomodulators – Systemic
18. Elizabeth Lubelczyk	Eli Lilly	Immunomodulators - Systemic
19. Elizabeth Lubelczyk	Eli Lilly	Glucagon Agents

C. Pharmacy Program Update(s)

The DUR Board was presented information regarding the management of physician/practitioner administered drugs (PADs).

D. Preferred Drug Program (PDP) Clinical Review

NYS Medicaid Pharmacy Programs | Preferred Drug Program (fhsc.com)

The DUR Board reviewed new clinical information (new since the previous review of the therapeutic class) and then considered financial information during executive session.

E. Executive Session - PDP Financial Reviews

The DUR Board recessed to executive session at 11:50am to review confidential financial information associated with the Preferred Drug Program.

The DUR Board reconvened to the public session at 1:00pm. No official action was taken during executive session.

F. DUR Board PDP Recommendations

The DOH recommendations to the DUR Board, including any DUR Board modifications:

Recommendations	Commissioner's Final Determination
1. Antipsychotics - Injectable Preferred: Abilify Maintena, Aristada, Aristada Initio, fluphenazine decanoate, Haldol decanoate, haloperidol decanoate, Invega Hafyera, Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza, Perseris, Risperdal Consta, Zyprexa Relprevv Non- Preferred: None Vote: In Favor 14 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0	Approved as Recommended
 2. Antipsychotics – Second Generation ^{cc, st} Preferred: aripiprazole (tablet), asenapine (generic Saphris), clozapine, Latuda, olanzapine (tablet), quetiapine, quetiapine ER, risperidone, ziprasidone (capsule) Non-Preferred: Abilify (tablet), Abilify MyCite, aripiprazole (solution), aripiprazole ODT, Caplyta, clozapine ODT, Clozaril, Fanapt, Geodon, Invega, Lybalvi, Nuplazid, olanzapine ODT, paliperidone ER, Rexulti, Risperdal, Saphris, Secuado, Seroquel, Seroquel XR, Versacloz, Vraylar, Zyprexa, Zyprexa Zydis CC = Clinical Criteria ST = Step Therapy Vote: In Favor 14 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0 	Approved as Recommended

3. Other Agents for Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder cc Preferred: atomoxetine, clonidine ER, guanfacine ER Non-Preferred: Intuniv, Qelbree, Strattera CC = Clinical Criteria Vote: In Favor 14 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0	Approved as Recommended	
4. Immunomodulators – Systemic ^{CC, ST}		
Preferred: Cosentyx, Dupixent, Enbrel, Fasenra, Humira, Nucala, Xolair		
Non-Preferred: Actemra (SQ), Adbry, Cibinqo, Cimzia, Ilumya, Kevzara, Kineret, Olumiant, Orencia (SQ), Otezla, Rinvoq ER, Siliq, Simponi, Skyrizi, Stelara, Taltz, Tremfya, Xeljanz, Xeljanz XR	neret, Olumiant, Orencia (SQ), Otezla, Rinvoq ER, Siliq, syrizi, Stelara, Taltz, Tremfya, Xeljanz, Xeljanz XR Specific requirements for Atopic Dermatitis: Approved as	
Indication Specific requirements for Atopic Dermatitis:		
Trial with a topical prescription product for a duration of at least 3 months.		
For Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors: Trial of topical prescription product and systemic product for a combined duration of at least 6 months.		
CC = Clinical Criteria ST = Step Therapy		
Vote: In Favor 14 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0		
5. Glucagon Agents		
Preferred: glucagon (injection), glucagon hcl emergency kit, Zegalogue	Approved as	
Non-Preferred: Baqsimi, glucagon emergency kit, Gvoke		
Vote: In Favor 14 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0		
For reference: New York State Medicaid Fee-for-Service Preferred Drug	Liet	

For reference: New York State Medicaid Fee-for-Service Preferred Drug List

G. Drug Utilization Review (DUR)

The DUR Board reviewed the drugs/drug classes listed below and recommend clinical criteria to ensure appropriate drug utilization.

The DOH recommendations to the DUR Board, including any DUR Board modifications:

Recommendations	Commissioner's Final Determinations
 Aduncanumab (Aduhelm) Before initiating aducanumab (Aduhelm), prescribers must attest that the patient has been diagnosed with mild cognitive impairment due to Alzheimer's Disease or mild Alzheimer's dementia by meeting one of the following: Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR)-Global score of 0.5 to 1 Mini-Mental Status Exam (MMSE) score between 24 and 30 Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MoCA) score of at least 18 Vote: In Favor 13 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0 Before initiating aducanumab (Aduhelm), prescribers must attest that the patient has undergone the following pre-treatment testing: Genetic testing to assess apolipoprotein Εε4 carrier status AND Positron emission tomography (PET) scan or cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis to confirm the presence of amyloid beta deposits The DUR Board modified the DOH recommendation as follows: Before initiating aducanumab (Aduhelm), prescribers must provide the medical records for the following pre-treatment testing:	Approved as Recommended

Before initiating aducanumab (Aduhelm), prescribers must attest that the patient does not have a history of a clotting disorder and is not taking any form of antiplatelet or anticoagulant medications other than aspirin ≤325 mg/day.

Vote: In Favor 13 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0

The DUR Board motioned to include an additional recommendation related to continuation of therapy as follows:

For continuation of therapy, providers must attest that the patient's score remained stable or improved, utilizing the same baseline assessment tool as outlined in the first recommendation:

- Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR)-Global score of 0.5 to 1
- Mini-Mental Status Exam (MMSE) score between 24 and 30
- Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MoCA) score of at least 18

Vote: In Favor 13 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0

2. Botulinum Toxins onabotulinumtoxinA (Botox), abobotulinumtoxinA (Dysport), rimabotulinumtoxinB (Myobloc), inobotulinumtoxinA (Xeomin)

Given the indications below, a trial of the product(s) listed in the step therapy column prior to use of botulinum toxin:

Indication	Step Therapy
Chronic sialorrhea*	Glycopyrrolate
Headache prevention in patients with chronic migraine	Two oral agents FDA-approved or compendia-supported for prevention of migraine
Overactive bladder	Antimuscarinic agent or beta-3-adrenoceptor agonist
Neurogenic detrusor overactivity**	Antimuscarinic agent
Urinary incontinence due to detrusor overactivity	Antimuscarinic agent or beta-3-adrenoceptor agonist

Approved as Recommended

Vote: In Favor 12 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0

^{*}excludes patients with Parkinson's and other neurodegenerative diseases

^{**}excludes patients with multiple sclerosis or spinal cord injury

3. Infliximab (Remicade), infliximab-abda (Renflexis), infliximab-axxq (Avsola), infliximab-dyyb (Inflectra)

Trial of a disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) or tumor necrosis factor inhibitor (TNFi) FDA approved for self-administration prior to initiation of infliximab.

Approved as Recommended

Vote: In Favor 12 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0

4. Vedolizumab (Entyvio)

Trial of a disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) or tumor necrosis factor inhibitor (TNFi) prior to initiation of vedolizumab.

Approved as Recommended

Vote: In Favor 12 / Against 0 / Abstentions 0

H. Final Comments and Adjournment

Meeting adjourned at 4:00pm

Contact information: DUR@health.ny.gov or 518-486-3209

Drug Utilization Review (DUR) (ny.gov)

I. Commissioner Final Determination

The impact of the final determinations, associated with the PDP, is as follows:

State Public Health Population:

 Minimal effect on Medicaid members, as a large majority of beneficiaries currently utilize preferred products. Non-preferred products remain available with prior authorization. Prior authorization will help ensure the utilization of medication is clinically appropriate and not likely to result in adverse medical outcomes.

Program Providers:

 No impact on prescribers when utilizing preferred products. Prescribers, or their agents, may need to initiate the prior authorization process when ordering nonpreferred products or for other medications that may have clinical criteria in place.

State Health Program:

 Annual gross savings associated with the PDP therapeutic classes reviewed, and associated preferred or non-preferred status modifications, are estimated at \$123,500.
 The savings would be achieved through utilization changes and the receipt of supplemental rebates from pharmaceutical manufacturers.